Digital Power Meter

GPM-8340

USER MANUAL

Rev. A



ISO-9001 CERTIFIED MANUFACTURER

GW INSTEK

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SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

This chapter contains important safety instructions that you must follow during operation and storage. Read the following before any operation to ensure your safety and to keep the instrument in the best possible condition.

Safety Symbols

These safety symbols may appear in this manual or on the instrument.

 WARNING	Warning: Identifies conditions or practices that could result in injury or loss of life.
 CAUTION	Caution: Identifies conditions or practices that could result in damage to the GPM-8340 or to other properties.
	DANGER High Voltage
	Attention Refer to the Manual
	Protective Conductor Terminal
	Earth (ground) Terminal
	Do not dispose electronic equipment as unsorted municipal waste. Please use a separate collection facility or contact the supplier from which this instrument was purchased.

Safety Guidelines

General Guideline

CAUTION

- Make sure that the voltage input level does not exceed AC 1000 V.
- Make sure the current input level does not exceed 30 A.
- Do not place any heavy object on the instrument.
- Avoid severe impact or rough handling that can lead to damaging the instrument.
- Do not discharge static electricity to the instrument.
- Use only mating connectors, not bare wires, for the terminals.
- Do not perform measurement at the source of a low-voltage installation or at building installations (Note below).
- Do not disassemble the instrument unless you are qualified as service personnel.
- Make sure that the COM terminal to earth is limited to 600 Vpk.
- Remove all test leads before disconnecting the mains power cord from the socket.
- If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.
- The device should be placed in a place where the plug connected to it can be removed easily.
- Interface: USB / RS232 / LAN2/ Mini GPIB /Digital IO/CAN ports are only to be connected to the circuits which are separated from mains supply by double / reinforce insulation.

(Note) EN 61010-1 specifies the measurement categories and their requirements as follows. The GPM-8340 falls under category II 600 V.

- Measurement category IV is for measurement performed at the source of low-voltage installation.
- Measurement category III is for measurement performed in the building installation.
- Measurement category II is for measurement performed on the circuits directly connected to the low voltage installation.

Power Supply ⚠ WARNING	• AC Input voltage: (100 to 240) VAC (50, 60) Hz • The power supply voltage should not fluctuate more than 10 %. • Connect the protective grounding conductor of the AC power cord to an earth ground, to avoid electrical shock.
Cleaning the Instrument	• Disconnect the power cord before cleaning. • Use a soft cloth dampened in a solution of mild detergent and water. Do not spray any liquid. • Do not use chemicals containing harsh material such as benzene, toluene, xylene, and acetone.
Operation Environment	• Location: Indoor, no direct sunlight, dust free, almost non-conductive pollution (Note below) • Temperature: 0 °C to 40 °C • Humidity: < 30 °C: < 80 % RH (non-condensing); 30 °C to 40 °C: < 70 % RH(non-condensing); > 40 °C: < 50 % RH (non-condensing) • Altitude: < 2000 m • Overvoltage category: OVC II

(Note) EN 61010-1 specifies the pollution degrees and their requirements as follows. The GPM-8340 falls under degree 2.

- Pollution refers to "addition of foreign matter, solid, liquid, or gaseous (ionized gases), that may produce a reduction of dielectric strength or surface resistivity".
- Pollution degree 1: No pollution or only dry, non-conductive pollution occurs. The pollution has no influence.
- Pollution degree 2: Normally only non-conductive pollution occurs. Occasionally, however, a temporary conductivity caused by condensation must be expected.
- Pollution degree 3: Conductive pollution occurs, or dry, non-conductive pollution occurs which becomes conductive due to condensation which is expected. In such conditions, equipment is normally protected against exposure to direct sunlight, precipitation, and full wind pressure, but neither temperature nor humidity is controlled.

Storage environment

- Location: Indoor
- Temperature: −10 °C to 70 °C
- Humidity: < 90 % RH (non-condensing)

Disposal



Do not dispose this instrument as unsorted municipal waste. Please use a separate collection facility or contact the supplier from which this instrument was purchased. Please make sure discarded electrical waste is properly recycled to reduce environmental impact.

GETTING STARTED

This chapter describes the GPM-8340 in a nutshell, including accessories, package contents, its main features and front / rear panel introduction.

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Characteristics

The GPM-8340 is a high-precision, programmable power meter for using incremental 3-phase simultaneous measurement, for high power, such as motors, etc. It equips with a color TFT-LCD screen and also multiple graphic displays which are very convenient for reading the measurement results. The GPM-8340 has become a reliable power measurement instrument because of its simple operation, excellent performance, user-friendly graph displays and automatic measurement interface.

Operation	• Press the buttons on the front panel to easily turn on the GPM-8340 measurement function. All settings and measurements results are displayed on the 5 inches TFT-LCD screen panel for easy use of each function. • Standard display mode: 2 main measurement results and 8 secondary measurement results are displayed in this screen. • Simple display mode: 4 major measurement results are displayed in this screen.
Performance	• 7 selectable voltage ranges available from 15 V to 1000 V with 0.1 % of reading + 0.05 % of range. • 8 selectable current ranges available from 5 mA to 20 A with 0.1 % of reading + 0.05 % of range. • It can even measure the voltage of abnormal wave of CF 3. • It can even measure the current of abnormal wave of CF 4. • Total harmonic distortion measurement. • 50-orders harmonic test and analysis function. • Graph display for measurement results including harmonic orders distribution. • Plug-in USB disk data store function including

	log and screenshot. • Auto range function for integration measurement.
Features	• Full five-digit measurement. • Voltage measurement range: 15 V to 1000 V or automatic switching • Current measurement range: 5 mA to 20 A or automatic switching • 4-channel simultaneous display screen and total calculation value screen • Maximum accuracy of 0.1 % of reading + 0.05 % of range • 2 main measurement readings and 8 minor measurement readings are displayed in the screen of standard display mode. • 4 main measurement readings are displayed in the screen of simple display mode. • Added stand-alone display of total harmonic distortion measurement function (50 steps) • Test bandwidth of voltage and current: DC to 10 kHz. • Selectable boot settings (Previous / Default) • Waveform display up to 10 kHz along with Harmonic bar and list table
Interface	• Interface: USB/ RS232/ LAN/ Mini GPIB/Digital IO/CAN
Application	• It can be applied to production test such as power supplies, transformers, motors, electrical equipment.

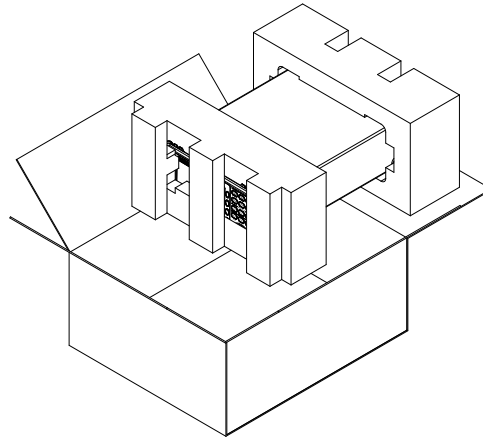
Accessories

Standard Accessories	Part number	Description	Qty
	82GW1SAFE0M01	Safety Instruction Sheet	1
	Region dependent	Power Cord	1
	GTL-209	Test leads	4
	GTL-214	Signal I/O Cable	1
	GTL-212A	Test leads	4
Optional Accessories	Part number	Description	
	GTL-234	RS232C cable	
	GTL-246	USB cable	
	GTL-258	Mini GPIB cable	
	GTL-266	Signal I/O Covert Cable	
	GCP-300	Current Probe	
	GRA-452	Rack Adapter Panel (19", 3U)	

Package Contents

Check the contents before using the instrument.

Opening the box



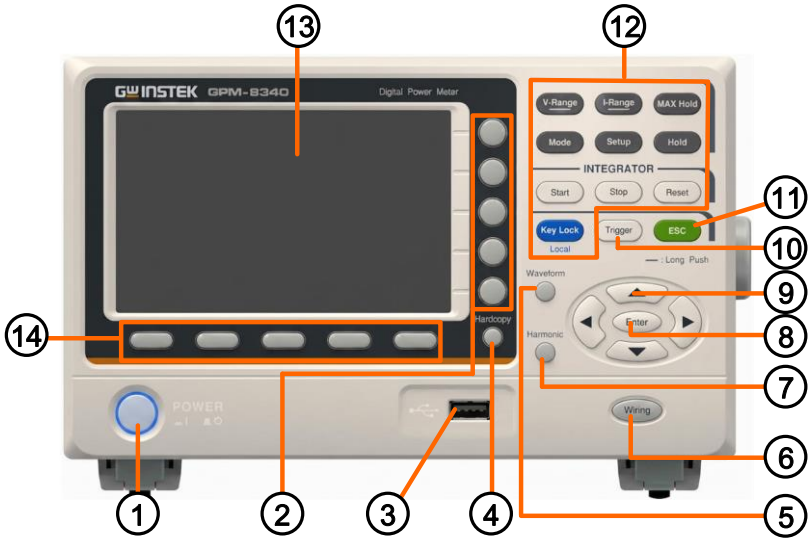
Contents (Single unit)

- Main unit
- Test lead sets (depends on model)
- Terminal Cover
- Power cord x1 (region dependent)
- Safety instruction sheet

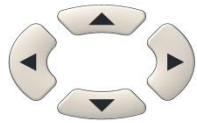
Appearance

Front Panel

GPM-8340



1	Power Key		Turns On ▂ or Off ▆ the main power. For the power up sequence, see page 24.
2	Soft keys		The 5 soft keys have varied functions from the OSD (On-Screen Display) options, individually, per different settings.
3	USB Host Port		Connects with USB flash drive for data storage or screenshot.

4	Hardcopy key		Captures the current screenshot or saves the data log for reading. For details, refer to page 63.
5	Waveform key		It can simultaneously display voltage, current and power waveforms. Display one channel at a time.
6	Wiring key		There are 1P2W, 1P3W, 3P3W, 3P4W, 3V3A wiring modes available. Refer to page 112 for more details.
7	Harmonic key		Setting parameters of 3 phases can display 50-order harmonic values or graphics.
8	Enter Key		This button is used to enter the menu, confirm the settings and switch between the standard display mode and simple display mode (no function table and display icon). See page 110.
9	Arrow Keys		The four arrow keys are used to edit the parameters, browse the menu system and select the parameter range.
10	Trigger key		Activates the Trigger function. See page 110.
11	ESC Key		Press this button to cancel the current setting. The cursor returns to the default position or return to the previous menu according to the situation. See page 110.
12	Function Keys		V-Range key, up/down arrow keys and Enter key can be used together to select a voltage range or auto range measurement mode. Also, press and hold the V-Range key to toggle between manual and auto range setting. See page 28.



I-Range key, up/down arrow keys and Enter key can be used together to select a current range or auto range measurement mode. Also, press and hold the I-Range key to toggle between manual and auto range setting. See page 28.



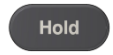
Press this button to display the maximum measurement reading. See page 109.



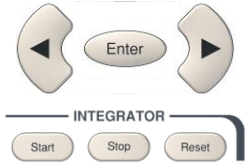
Press this key to select measure mode (DC/AC/AC + DC/V-MEAN). See page 111.



Press this key to enter the measurement settings menu. See page 32.



Press this key to switch window and stop refreshing. See page 198.



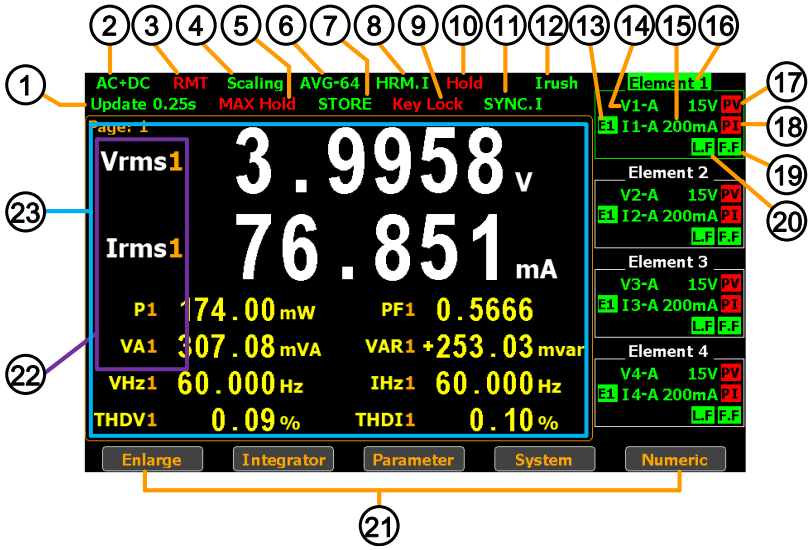
Use the left and right arrow keys to select Integrator mode, and press Enter button to enter the time integrator function. See page 112.



Press this key to toggle to key lock. In Remote control mode, press this button to switch to local mode. See page 110.

13	LCD	The main display of GPM-8340.
14	Function keys	The 5 function keys have varied functions from the OSD (On-Screen Display) options, individually.

Main Display Overview



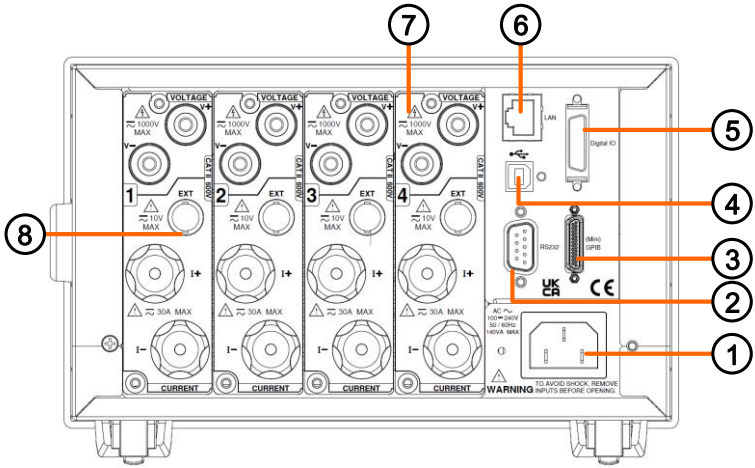
No.	Item	Status icon	Description
1	Date Update Rate	Update 0.25 s	Data update rate (0.25/0.5/1/2/5/10/20/Auto)
2	Mode	AC + DC	Measurement mode (AC, DC, AC + DC, V-MEAN)
3	Remote	RMT	Remote control mode (On/Off)
4	Ratio State	Scaling	The icon will be lit when any external magnification (voltage, current, power) is activated,
5	Maximum Hold	MAX Hold	Retain and display the maximum measurement reading.
6	Average	AVG-64	Average number of sampling (8/16/32/64)

7	Measure Storage	STORE	Measured date storage (On/Off)
8	Harmonic Calculation	HRM.I	Harmonic calculation method (IEC/CSA/Off)
9	Keyboard Lock	Key Lock	Lock Key button
10	Display Hold	Hold	Retain and display the current measurement reading.
11	Sync Source	SYNC.I	Synchronization source (V/I/Off)
12	Inrush Current	Inrush	Inrush current detection
13	External Input	E1	External signal input function (Ext1/Ext2/Off)
14	Voltage Range	V1-A 15 V	Voltage measurement range. Example here range is 15 V. V-Auto means that Voltage Auto Range is turned on. There are up to 4 V-range settings for each element in vertical way.
15	Current Range	I1-A 200 mA	Current measurement range. Example here range is 200 mA. I-Auto means that Current Auto Range is turned on. There are up to 4 I-range settings for each element in vertical way.
⚠ Note			If status icon of Voltage Range or Current Range lit in red means that the range selected is inappropriate or are restricted. Please select another range again.
16	Element number, Σ and Wiring mode	Element 1	This icon displays Element number from 1 to 4 in the vertical manner. Also, when different wiring mode is activated, it presents the Σ icon with affiliated wiring modes (1P3W, 3P3W, 3P4W, 3V3A). Refer to page 112 for more details of Wring mode.

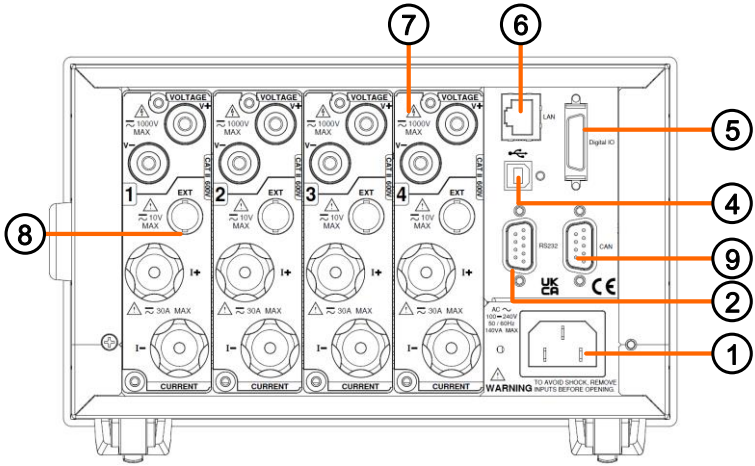
17	Peak Voltage	PV	The voltage exceeds the measurement range
18	Peak Current	PI	The current exceeds the measurement range
19	Frequency Filter	F.F	Frequency filters (On/Off)
20	Line Filter	L.F	Voltage and current filters (On/Off)
21	Secondary menus	Display secondary function menu. To navigate the secondary function menu, use the 5 function keys to enter each section. • Enlarge This function key is used to switch display of measurement result from 2 major with 8 minors to 4 major ones. • Integrator This function key is used to set up integrator measurement parameters and execute integrator measurement function. • Parameter This function key is used set up measurement parameters. • System This function key is used to enter the system setting and system configuration screens. • Numeric This function key is used to set up numeric measurement settings and execute measurement in the intuitively visual displays.	
22	Simple Display Mode	Display the measurement result of 4 major measurement parameters.	
23	Standard Display Mode	Display the measurement result of 2 major and 8 minor measurement parameters.	

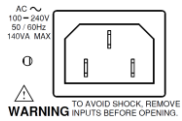
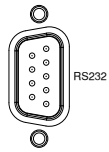
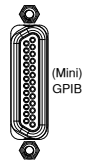
Rear Panel

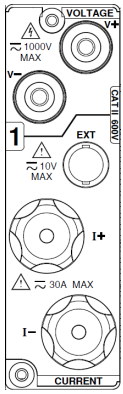
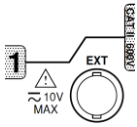
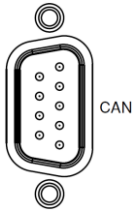
GPM-8340 – with Mini GPIB interface



GPM-8340 – with CAN BUS interface



1	Power Cord Socket		Connects the power cord. AC (100 to 240) V ± 10 %, (50, 60) Hz
2	RS232 Connector		Accepts an RS-232C cable for remote control; DB-9 male connector. For remote control details, see page 159.
3	Mini GPIB Connector		Accepts an optional GPIB card for remote control. For GPIB details, see page 161.
4	USB Device Port		Accepts a USB device cable for remote control; Type B, female connector. For remote control details, see page 157.
5	Digital IO		Accepts a digital I/O cable for signal output; SCSI 26 pin, female connector. For digital I/O details, see page 152
6	LAN Port		Accepts a LAN for remote control. For remote control details, see page 168.

7	Voltage/Current input terminal		Voltage/Current input terminals is used to connect the main measurement signals. The number on the left side means the number of each channel. There are up to 4 channels for GPM-8340.
8	External Input		Connects output signal to the EXT terminal which receives up to 10 V. See page 58 for setting.
9	CAN BUS Connector		Accepts CAN BUS cable for remote control. For CAN BUS details, see page 161.


Warning

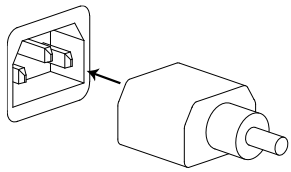
- Do not use damaged device. Before using the equipment, check its housing first to sure there is no any cracks. Do not operate this device in an environment containing explosive gases, steam or dust.
- The maximum measurable current and voltage are 1000 V and 30 A for voltage and current terminals of the rear panel of the GPM-8340. Do not input exceeded voltage and current, otherwise it will burn the device.
- The maximum input voltage are 10 V for EXT terminal of the rear panel of the GPM-8340. Do not input exceeded voltage, otherwise it will burn the device.
- Always use the supplied cable for connection.
- Before connecting the device, observe all the safety symbols marked on the device.
- Turn off the power to the device and the application system before connecting I/O terminals.
- Do not install replacement parts on the device or perform any unauthorized modifications.
- Do not use this device if the removable cover is removed or loosened.
- Do not connect any cables and terminals before performing self-test.
- Use only the power adapter supplied by the manufacturer to avoid accidental injury.
- Do not use this device for life support systems or any other equipment that has safety requirements.

Set Up

Power Up

Steps

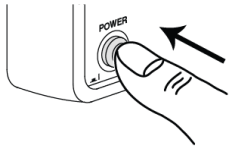
1. Ensure the AC voltage is (100 to 240) V.
2. Connect the power cord to the AC voltage input.



Note

Make sure the ground connector on the power cord is connected to a safety ground. This will influence the measurement accuracy.

3. Push to turn on the main power switch on the front panel.

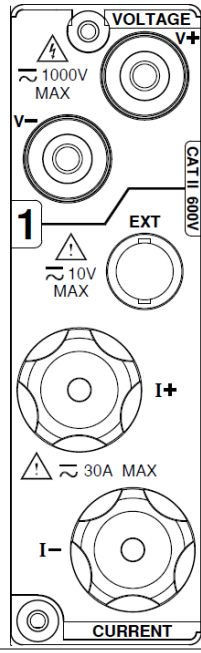


4. The display turns on and shows the last function that was used before the power was reset.

Connect the wires to the GPM-8340

Background	Two separate wires are used to connect the GPM-8340, so voltage and current measurement are isolated and don't interfere with each other.

Connection diagram



Description

V +	The positive voltage input (+), 1000 V for input on the rear panel.
V -	The negative voltage input (-), 1000 V for input on the rear panel.
I +	The positive current input (+), 30 A for input on the rear panel.
I -	The negative current input (-), 30 A for input on the rear panel.
EXT	The external voltage input, 10 V for input on the rear panel.

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Setting up measurement range

To get the accurate measurement results, you should set an appropriate measurement range before you perform measurement task.

Set voltage range

1. Press soft keys to select from Element 1 to Element 4 first. The select element is highlighted in green background.

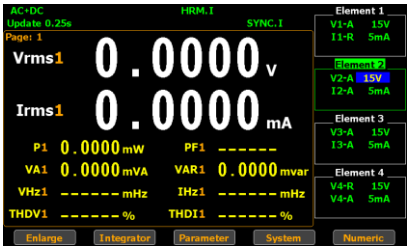


2. Press **V-Range** button. The V-Range field turns to bluish.



3. Use up and down arrow keys to select the desired range.





4. Press **Enter** button to confirm your selection.



Available range

Crest Factor is 3: **AUTO, 15 V, 30 V, 60 V, 150 V, 300 V, 600 V and 1000 V**

Set current range

5. Press soft keys to select from Element 1 to Element 4 first. The select element is highlighted in green background.

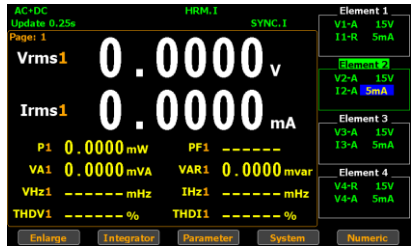


6. Press **I-Range** button. The I-Range field turns to bluish.



7. Use up and down arrow keys to select the desired range.





8. Press **Enter** button to confirm your selection.



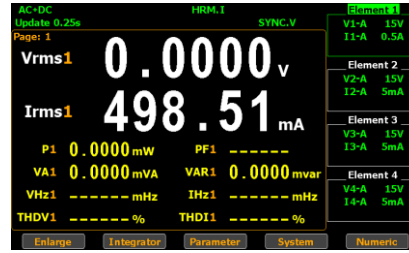
Available range	Crest Factor is 4:	**AUTO, 5 mA, 20 mA, 50 mA, 200 mA, 0.5 A, 2 A, 5 A, 20 A**
Note	When the measurement range is set manually, if the range status icon lights in green means that the measured value meets the setting range. On the contrary, If the range status icon lights in red means that the measured value doesn't meet the best setting range. In this case. It is better to switch to other range to get more accurate measurement results.	
Note	The P.I status icon lights in red when the current measurement circuit detects that the measured value exceeds setting range by 4 folds.	
Note	The P.V status icon lights in red when the voltage measurement circuit detects that the measured value exceeds setting range by 3 folds.	

Auto Range

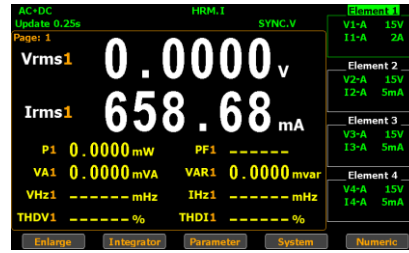
The range is automatically switched according to the voltage and current of input signal.

Range is shift up	The range is shifted up when either of the following conditions is met. • Vrms or Irms exceeds the measurement range by 130 %. • The Vpk value of the input signal exceeds the current setting range by 300 %. • The Ipk value of the input signal exceeds the current setting range by 400 %.
Range is shift down	The range is shifted down when all of the following conditions are met. • Vrms or Irms is equal to or less than the measurement range by 30 %. • The Vpk value of the input signal is equal to or less than the next lower measurement range by 300 %. • The Ipk value of the input signal is equal to or less than the next lower measurement range by 400 %.

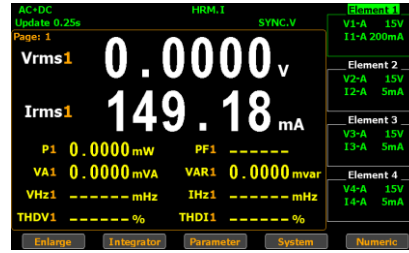
Example



To begin with, the measured Irms1 value (498.51 mA) is within the current range of I1-A (0.5 A).



The measured Irms1 value (658.68 mA) exceeds the I1-A (0.5 A) by 130 %, so the range is shifted up to 2 A automatically.



The measured Irms1 (149.18 mA) is less than 30 % of the I1-A (0.5 A), so the range is shifted down to 200 mA automatically.

Setting up measurement status

Setting up synchronization source

Steps

1. Press **Setup** button.



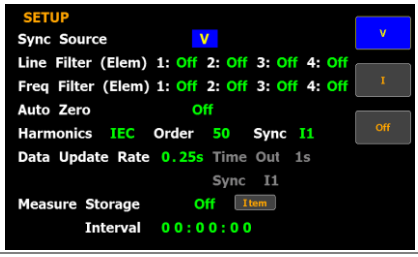
2. Press **Enter** button.



3. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the **Sync Source** field.



4. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option	**V**	Select the voltage of signals as synchronization source. The **SYNC.V** status icon, for example, on the display lights up in green when V is selected for sync source.
	I	Select the current of signals as synchronization source.
	Off	Select the entire interval of data updating period as synchronization source.
Default value	**V**	

Setting up line filter

Steps

1. Press **Setup** button.



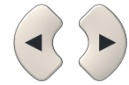
2. Press **Enter** button.



3. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the **Line Filter** field.

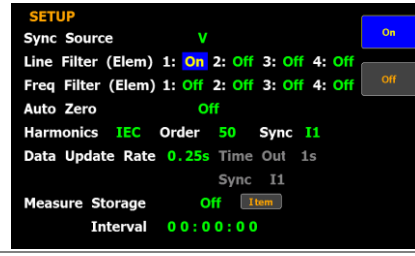


4. Press left & right arrow keys to move among 4 Elements.



5. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option	**On**	Turn on the line filter function, which is inserted into voltage and current measurement input circuits and affects voltage, current as well as power measurements without high frequency components included within measured values. The **L.F** status icon on the display lights up in green.
	Off	Turn off the line filter function. The cutoff frequency is 5.5 kHz.
Default value	**Off**	

Setting up frequency filter

Steps

1. Press **Setup** button.



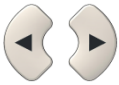
2. Press **Enter** button.



3. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the **Frequency Filter** field.

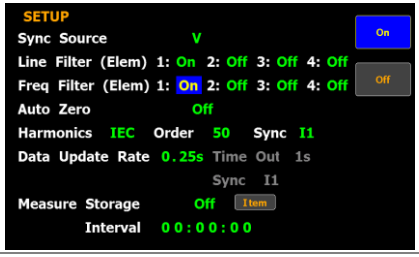


4. Press left & right arrow keys to move among 4 Elements.



5. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option	**On**	Turn on the frequency filter function, which is inserted into frequency measurement input circuit and affects frequency measurements with high frequency components included within measured values. The **F.F** status icon on the display lights up in green.
	Off	Turn off the frequency filter function. The cutoff frequency is 5.5 kHz.
Default value	**Off**	

Setting up auto-zero function

Steps

1. Press **Setup** button.



2. Press **Enter** button.

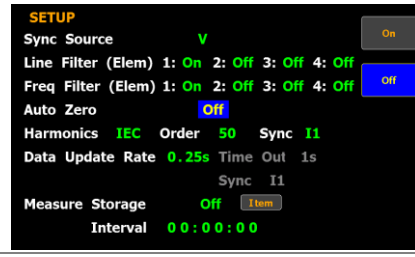


3. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the **Auto Zero** field.



4. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option	**On**	Auto-zero function is activated once per hour or when range is switched.
	Off	Auto-zero function is only activated once when the range is switched. The auto-zero function is turned off when the integrator function is executed.
Default value	**Off**	

Setting up method of calculating harmonics

Steps

1. Press **Setup** button.



2. Press **Enter** button.

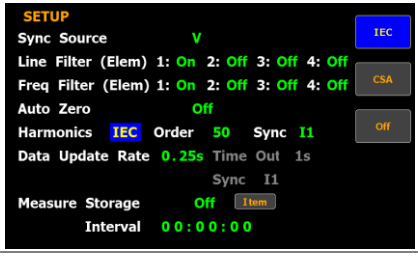


3. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the **Harmonics** field.



4. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option	**IEC**	Calculate the ratio of harmonic quantity of the 2nd through the upper limit 50th harmonic to the 1st harmonic. The **HRM.I** status icon, for example, on the display lights up in green when IEC is selected for harmonics.
	CSA	Calculate the ratio of harmonic quantity of the 2nd through the upper limit 50th harmonic to the 1st through the 50th harmonic.
	Off	Turn off the harmonic calculation function.
Default value	**IEC**	

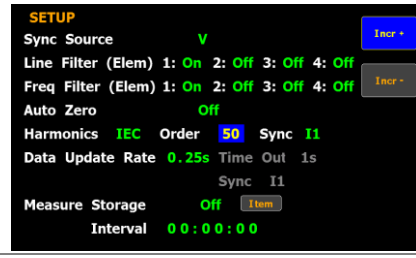
Steps

5. Press right arrow key to move cursor to **Order** field.



6. Use soft keys to increase or decrease the order number.





Option	**1 to 50**	Set the upper limit of measured harmonic order within the range from 1 to 50.
Default value	**50**	

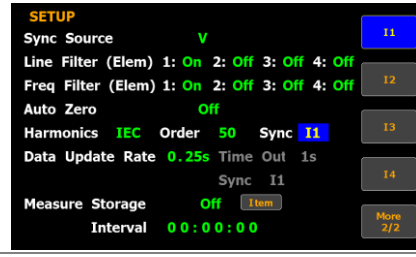
Steps

7. Press right arrow key to move cursor to **Sync** field.



8. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option	V1, V2, V3, V4, I1, I2, I3, I4
Default value	**V1**

Setting up data update rate

Steps

1. Press **Setup** button.



2. Press **Enter** button.

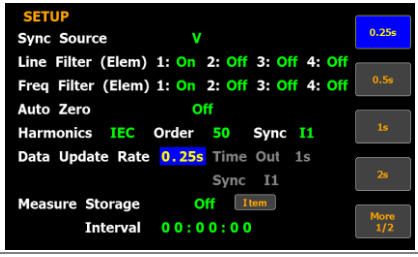


3. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the **Data Update Rate** field.



4. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option. Press the **More** soft keys to toggle among pages for further options.





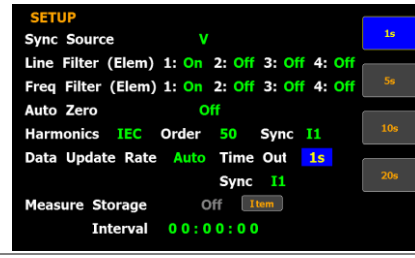
Option	**0.25 s/ 0.5 s/ 1 s/ 2 s/ 5 s/ 10 s/ 20 s**	Measured value is updated in accordance with the designated time interval. The **Update 5 s** status icon, for example, on the display lights up in green when 5 s option is selected.
	Auto	Data is only updated when a set period (Time Out) of the input waveform is detected.
Default value	**0.25 s**	

Steps

5. When Auto for Data Update Rate is selected, press right arrow key to move cursor to **Time Out** field.



6. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





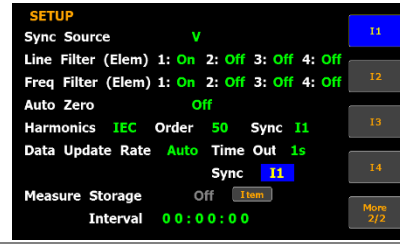
Option	**1 s/ 5 s/ 10 s/ 20 s** Time out period acts like the time limit for detecting a period of the input waveform
Default value	**1 s**
Note	Time Out function is only available when Auto is selected for Data Update Rate.

Steps

7. When Auto for Data Update Rate is selected, press right and down arrow keys to move cursor to **Sync** field.



8. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option	**Sync Source** V1, V2, V3, V4, I1, I2, I3, I4
Default value	**I1**
Note	Sync function is only available when Auto is selected for Data Update Rate.

Setting up measure storage

Steps

1. Press **Setup** button.



2. Press **Enter** button.



3. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the **Measure Storage** field.

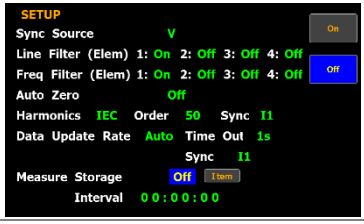


Note

Measure Storage function is Not available when Auto is selected for Data Update Rate.

4. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option

On All measured date will be stored to the internal memory by designated time interval for repeating the storage operation. The **STORE** status icon on the display lights up in green when Measure Storage function is turn on.

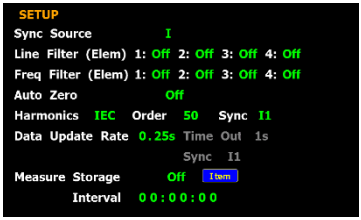
Off Turn off the measure storage function.

Default value **Off**

Steps

5. Press right arrow key to move cursor to the **Item** field.

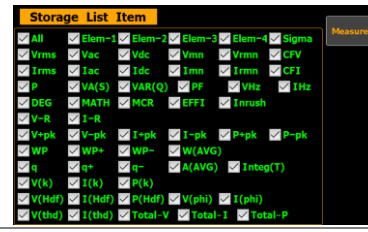




6. Press **Enter** button.



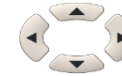
7. The page of "Storage List Item" is shown where a scores of parameter items are available for user to toggle on/off. Only the box of item is ticked can the measured data be stored to memory.



8. Press **Enter** button again.



9. Press arrow key to move cursor to target item.



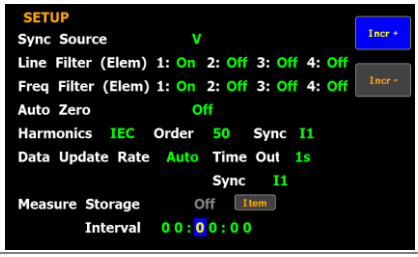
10. Use soft keys to turn On or Off the selected item.





Option	**On**	Measured data of item will be stored.
	Off	Measured data of item will Not be stored.
Default value	**On**	

Note: Only when the **Measure Storage** field is Off can user move to the Item field for selection.

Steps	11. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Interval** field.  12. Use soft keys to increase or decrease the interval.  
Option	The setting range for Interval is from 00:00:00 to 99:59:59.
Default value	**00:00:00**
Note	When it is set 00:00:00, the interval for measure storage will be synchronized with the designated Data Update Rate. Storage stops in the following circumstances: • When data has been stored to all blocks, Normal measure data can be stored 10000 blocks and Normal with Harmonic data can be stored 1000 blocks. • When the storage setting is set to Off (while storage is in progress) • If you press the HOLD key to hold the display while storage is in progress, the measurement operation and the storage interval time counter are held (paused), which causes the storage operation itself to be held. If integration is in progress, this instrument continues measurement and integration in the background.

Setting up average function

Steps

1. Press **Setup** button.



2. Press **Average** soft key.



3. Press **Enter** button.



4. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the **State** field.



5. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option	**On**	Turn Average function On for either Linear or Exponential averages of numeric data. It is particularly practical for large changes in load or power of low input signal frequency.
	Off	Turn off Average function.
Default value	**Off**	

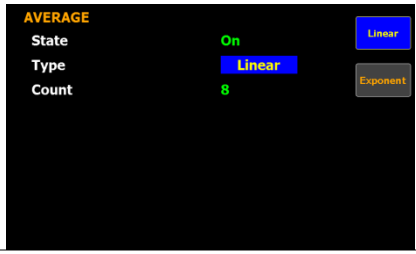
Steps

6. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Type** field.



7. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option	**Linear**	With the designated linear count, it is used to compute linear averages.
	Exponent	With the specified attenuation count, numeric data will be averaged exponentially.
Default value	**Linear**	

Steps

8. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Count** field.



9. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option	**8/ 16/ 32/ 64**	It includes 8, 16, 32 and 64 for exponentially attenuation count and linearly average count. The **AVG-8** status icon, for example, on the display lights up in green when 8 is selected for average.
Default value	**8**	

Setting up the voltage and current skipping configuration

Steps

1. Press **Setup** button.



2. Press **V / I Range** soft key.



3. Press **Enter** button.

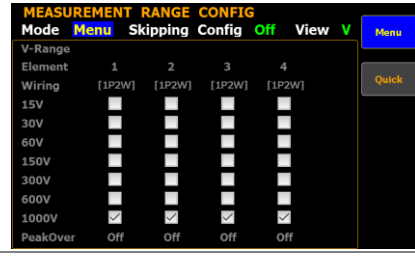


4. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the **Mode** field.



5. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





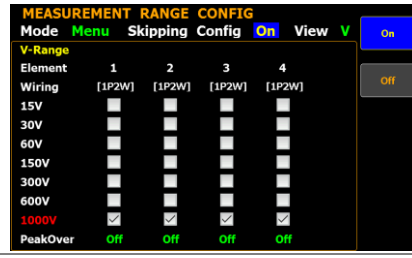
Option	**Menu**	When user is configuring range setting, the measured data will Not be displayed.
	Quick	The measured data will be displayed simultaneously while measurement range is being switched by user. This is practical for frequent switch of measurement range.
Default option	**Menu**	

Steps

6. Press right arrow key to move cursor to **Skipping Config** field.



7. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





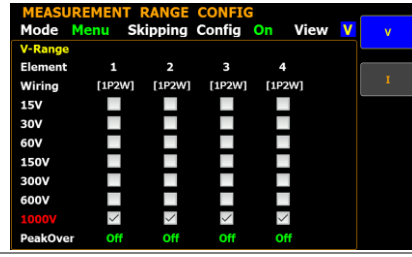
Option	**On**	It is able is skip certain measurement range(s) that are not used by turning on this feature. It can reduce measured data loss which happens while ranges are switched.
	Off	Turn off the function.
Default option	**Off**	

Steps

8. Press right arrow key to move cursor to **View** field.



9. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option	**V**	The available V-Range options of each Element are exposed in the box underneath.
	I	The available I-Range options of each Element are exposed in the box underneath.
Default option	**V**	

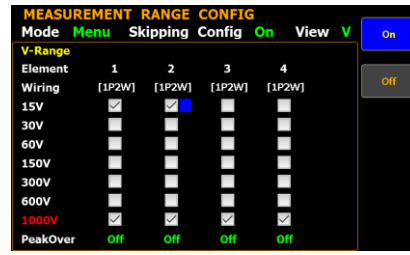
Steps

10. Press down arrow key to move cursor to options of each Element of either **V-Range** or **I-Range**.



11. Use soft keys to enable or disable the skipping function for each range of Element 1 to 4.





Option	**On**	The box of range will be checked when the range is enabled for skipping function.
	Off	The range is disabled for skipping function.
Default option	**Off**	

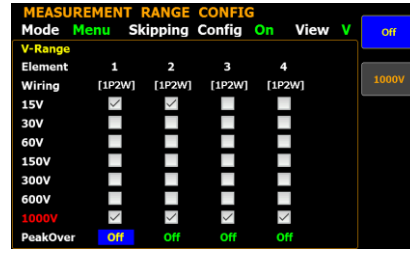
Steps

12. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Peak Over** field of each Element for V-Range and I-Range, respectively.



13. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option	When the occurrence of peak over-range happens in Auto range mode, user is able to define a measurement range to switch to. The available options for each mode are listed below. V-Range **Off/ 15 V/ 30 V / 60 V/ 150 V/ 300 V/ 600 V** I-Range **Off, 5 mA, 20 mA, 50 mA, 200 mA, 0.5 A, 2 A, 5 A, 20 A**	
Option	**1000 V**	The box in checked indicates Peak Over function is enabled when 1000 V is reached.
	Off	The Peak Over function is disabled.
Default option	**Off**	
Note	The available options for Peak Over field are limited within the selected options from the V-Range and I-Range sections above.	

Setting up the skipping configuration for external

Steps

1. Press **Setup** button.



2. Press **V / I Range** soft key.



3. Press **Enter** button.

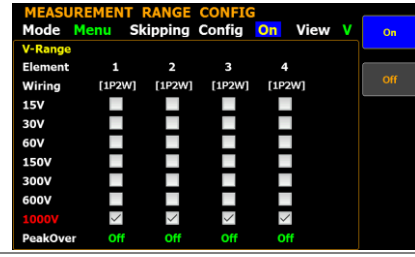


4. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Skipping Config** field.



5. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option	**On**	It is able is skip certain measurement range(s) that are not used by turning on this feature for external input. It can reduce measured data loss which occurs while ranges are switched.
	Off	Turn off the function.
Default option	**Off**	

Steps

6. Press **ESC** button.



7. Press **External** soft key.



8. Press **Enter** button.

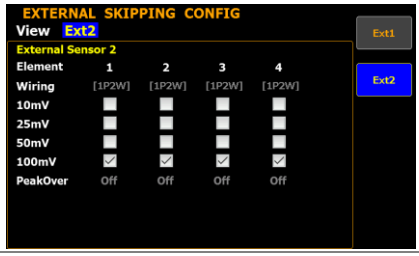


9. Press down arrow key to move to the **View** field.



Steps

10. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





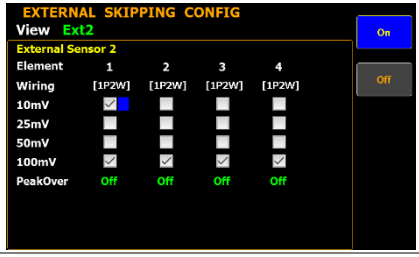
Option	**Ext1**	External Sensor 1
	Ext2	External Sensor 2
Default option	**Ext1**	

Steps

11. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Skipping Config** options of each Element of either Ext1 or Ext2.



12. Use soft keys to enable or disable the skipping function for each range of Element 1 to 4.





Option	**On**	The box of range will be checked when the range is enabled for skipping function.
	Off	The range is disabled for skipping function.
Default option	**Off**	

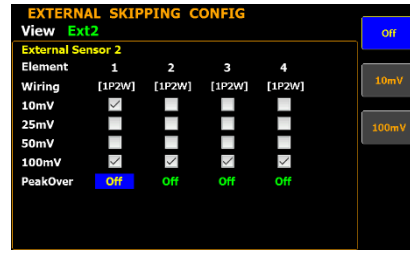
Steps

13. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Peak Over** field of each Element.



14. Use soft keys to select and confirm desired option.





Option	**On**	The box in checked indicates Peak Over function is enabled.
	Off	The Peak Over function is disabled.
Default option	**Off**	
Option	When the occurrence of peak over-range happens in Auto range mode for external input, user is able to define a measurement range to switch to. The available options for each mode are listed below. External Sensor 1 **Off/2.5 V/5 V/10 V** External Sensor 2 **Off/10 mV/25 mV/50 mV/100 mV**	
Note	• The available external is based on which external sensor input is enabled beforehand. Be aware that it requests to enable either Ext1 or Ext2 prior to enabling the skipping config for external. • The available options for Peak Over field are limited within the selected options from the External Sensor 1 and External Sensor 2 sections above.	

Setting up the Element for Ratio

Steps

1. Press **Setup** button.



2. Press **Ratio** soft key.



3. Press **Enter** button.

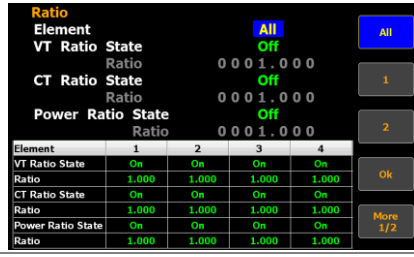


4. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the **Element** field.



5. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option. After selection, press **OK** to confirm setting.





Element	1	2	3	4
VT Ratio State	On	On	On	On
Ratio	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
CT Ratio State	On	On	On	On
Ratio	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
Power Ratio State	On	On	On	On
Ratio	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Option		
	All	Element 1 to 4
	1	Element 1
	2	Element 2
	3	Element 3
	4	Element 4

Default option **All**

Setting up the VT ratio state

Steps

1. Press **Setup** button.



2. Press **Ratio** soft key.



3. Press **Enter** button.

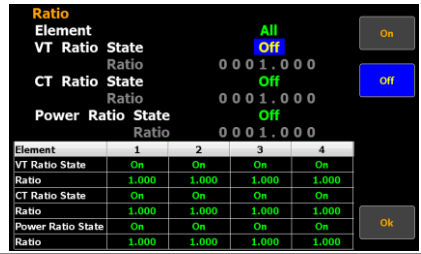


4. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the **VT Ratio State** field.



5. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option. After selection, press **OK** to confirm setting.





Option	**On**	Turn on the VT (Voltage Transformer) ratio calculation function and the **VT** status icon on the display lights up in green.
	Off	Turn off the VT ratio calculation function.
Default option	**Off**	

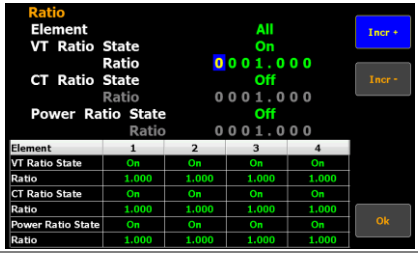
Steps

6. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Ratio** field.



7. Use soft keys to increase or decrease coefficient of VT ratio. After selection, press **OK** to confirm setting.





Option	The setting range for VT Ratio is from 0001.000 to 9999.999.
Default value	**0001.000**

Setting up the CT ratio state

Steps

1. Press **Setup** button.



2. Press **Ratio** soft key.



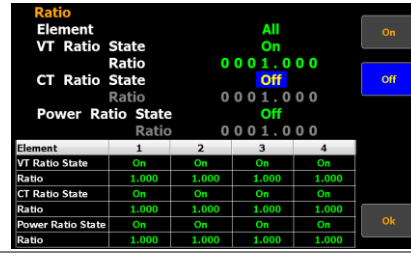
3. Press **Enter** button.



4. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the **CT Ratio State** field.



5. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option. After selection, press **OK** to confirm setting.





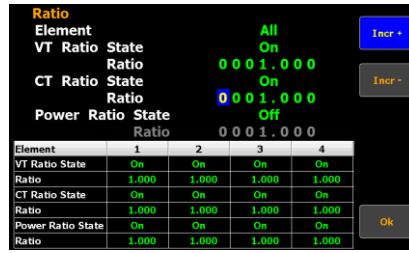
Option	**On**	Turn on the CT (Current Transformer) ratio calculation function and the **CT** status icon on the display lights up in green.
	Off	Turn off the CT ratio calculation function.
Default option	**Off**	

Steps

6. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Ratio** field.



7. Use soft keys to increase or decrease coefficient of CT ratio. After selection, press **OK** to confirm setting.





Option	The setting range for CT Ratio is from 0001.000 to 9999.999.
Default value	**0001.000**

Setting up the power ratio state

Steps

1. Press **Setup** button.



2. Press **Ratio** soft key.



3. Press **Enter** button.

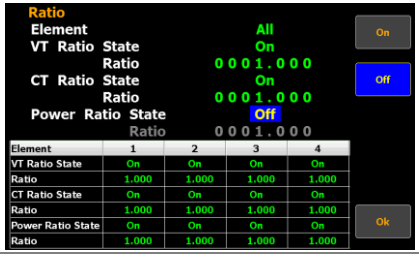


4. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the **Power Ratio State** field.



5. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option. After selection, press **OK** to confirm setting.





Option	**On**	Turn on the power ratio calculation function and the **SF** status icon on the display lights up in green.
	Off	Turn off the power ratio calculation function.
Default option	**Off**	

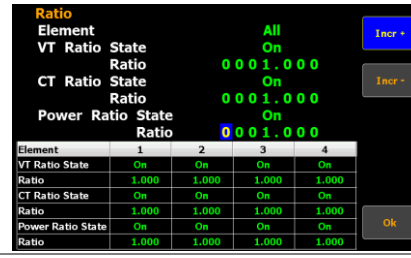
Steps

6. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Ratio** field.



7. Use soft keys to increase or decrease coefficient of power ratio. After selection, press **OK** to confirm setting.





Element	1	2	3	4
VT Ratio State	On	On	On	On
Ratio	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
CT Ratio State	On	On	On	On
Ratio	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
Power Ratio State	On	On	On	On
Ratio	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Option	The setting range for power ratio is from 0001.000 to 9999.999.
Default value	**0001.000**

Setting up the external sensor input terminal

Steps

1. Press **Setup** button.



2. Press **External** soft key.



3. Press **Enter** button.

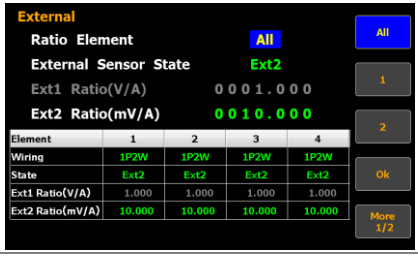


4. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the **Ratio Element** field.



5. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option. After selection, press **OK** to confirm setting.





Option	**All**	Ratio Element 1 to 4
	1	Ratio Element 1
	2	Ratio Element 2
	3	Ratio Element 3
	4	Ratio Element 4
Default option	**All**	

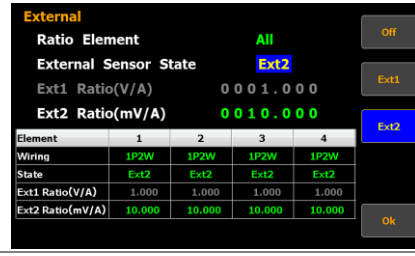
Steps

6. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the **External Sensor State** field.



7. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option. After selection, press **OK** to confirm setting.





Option	**Ext1**	Turn on the Ext1 terminal function that receives voltage up to 10 V including shunts and clamps from external output current sensor for measurement and the **E1** status icon on the display lights up in green.
	Ext2	Almost identical with the Ext1, the Ext2 terminal receives up to 100 mV voltage and the **E2** status icon on the display lights up in green when it is enabled.
	Off	Turn off the external sensor input and return to current input terminal.
Default option	**Off**	

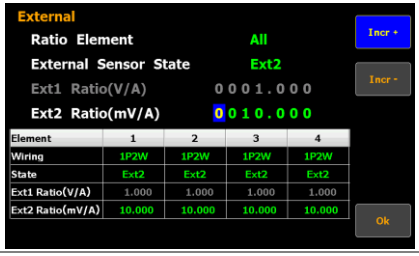
Steps

8. Press down arrow key to move cursor to either **Ext1 Ratio (V/A)** or **Ext2 Ratio (mV/A)** field.



9. Use soft keys to increase or decrease the conversion ratio of either Ext1 or Ext2. After selection, press **OK** to confirm setting.





Option	The setting range for both Ext1 and Ext2 is from 0000.001 to 9999.999.	
Default value	Ext1	**0001.000**
	Ext2	**0010.000**
Note	In order to enable range skipping configuration for external (page 49), it is required to enable external input function first.	

Saving and loading the setup parameters

Steps

1. Press **Setup** button.



2. Press **Page** soft key.



3. Press **Save Load** soft key.



4. Press **Enter** button.



5. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the **Type** field.



6. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired action. After selection, press **OK** to confirm setting.





Option	**Save**	Select Save to store setup parameters into the internal memory.
	Load	Select Load to recall setup parameters back from the internal memory.
Default option	**Save**	

Steps

7. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **File** field.



8. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired memory set followed by clicking **Ok** soft key to confirm the Save or Load action.





Option	**1 to 4**	There are 4 sets of internal memories for saving and loading setup parameters. The **State** field below indicates the status of selected memory set. Free represents the set is empty without saved parameters, whereas Saved indicates the set has been stored with setup parameters.
Default option	**1**	

Setting up the hardcopy and log configuration

Steps

1. Press **Setup** button.



2. Press **Page** soft key.



3. Press **Hardcopy** soft key.



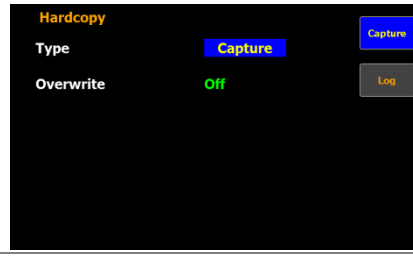
4. Press **Enter** button.



5. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the **Type** field.



6. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





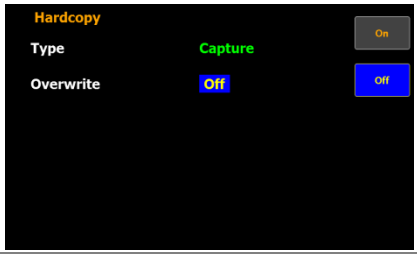
Option	**Capture**	Select Capture to save screenshot file into the inserted USB disk. The file name ranges from SCREEN00.BMP to SCREEN99.BMP.
	Log	Select Log to save data log file into the inserted USB disk. The file name ranges from DATA000.CSV to DATA999.CSV
Default option	**Capture**	

Steps

7. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Overwrite** field.



8. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired action.





Option	**On**	Turn on overwrite function so that the existed file within the USB disk will be overwritten when saving action is executed.
	Off	By turning off overwrite function, a new saved file will be created and saved into the USB disk when executing saving action.
Default option	**Off**	

Note

When Overwrite function is On, the latest file name in the inserted USB disk will be overwritten. For instance, when both DATA000.CSV and DATA001.CSV exist in USB disk, the DATA001.CSV will be overwritten accordingly when saving file.

When, on the other hand, Overwrite function is Off, a new one with the latest file name will be created. However, for example, when both SCREEN00.BMP and SCREEN02.BMP exist, a new file named SCREEN01.BMP will be saved since system fills filename vacancy automatically. Also, when saved files are full in USB disk, e.g., from SCREEN00.BMP to SCREEN99.BMP, a warning message will be shown and save action will be Not available.

Setting up the MATH configuration

Steps

1. Press **Setup** button.



2. Press **Page** soft key.



3. Press **MATH** soft key.



4. Press **Enter** button.

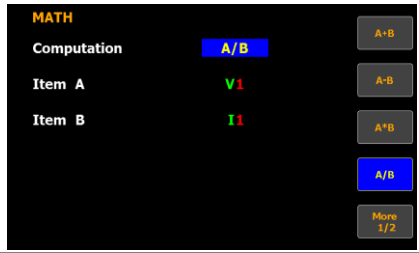


5. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the **Computation** field.



6. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





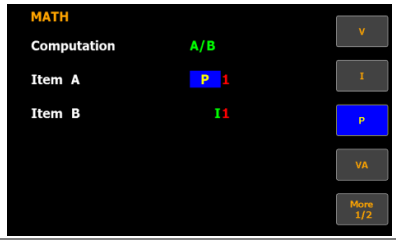
Option	**A + B, A – B, A × B, A / B, A / B², A² / B**	Up to 6 computations (A + B, A – B, A × B, A ÷ B, A ÷ B², A² ÷ B), which are based on the four elementary arithmetic (addition, subtraction, multiplication and division), can be executed by GPM-8340 with 2 select items out of 5 variables (V, I, P, V · A, VAR). The result of computation will be a value without unit.
Default option	**A / B**	

Steps

7. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Item A** field.



8. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





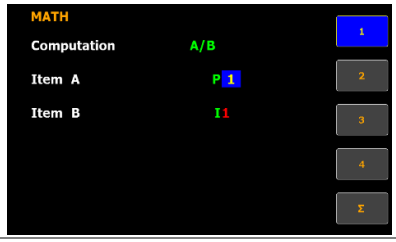
Option	**V**	Voltage
	I	Current
	P	Active power
	V · A	Apparent power
	VAR	Reactive power
Default option	**V**	

Steps

9. Press right arrow key to move cursor to **element number** of **Item A** field.



10. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





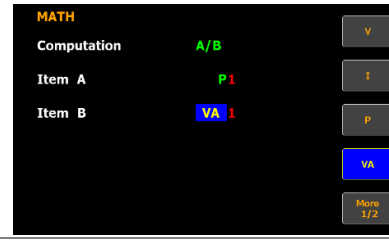
Option	**1**	Element 1
	2	Element 2
	3	Element 3
	4	Element 4
	Σ	Sigma Summation
Default option	**1**	

Steps

11. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Item B** field.



12. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option		
	V	Voltage
	I	Current
	P	Active power
	V · A	Apparent power
	VAR	Reactive power

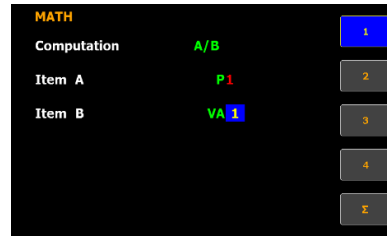
Default option **I**

Steps

13. Press right arrow key to move cursor to **element number** of **Item B** field.



14. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option		
	1	Element 1
	2	Element 2
	3	Element 3
	4	Element 4
	Σ	Sigma Summation

Default option **1**

Setting up the Comp configuration

Description

GPM-8340 provides user with comparison function for several measurements. By setting up test time, upper & lower limits for different measurement of each element or all elements, user can precisely compare designated measurement or compare multiple measurements at the same time.

Steps

1. Press **Setup** button.



2. Press **Page** soft key.



3. Press **Comp** soft key.



4. Press **Enter** button.

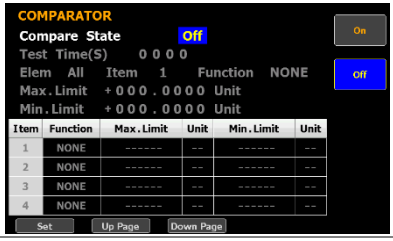


5. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the **Compare State** field.



6. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option	**On**	Turn on the compare function which allows up to 20 items with designated functions in set range of high & low limits to compare with real-time readings.
	Off	Turn off the compare function.
Default option	**Off**	

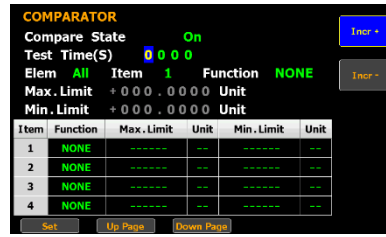
Steps

7. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Test Time(s)** field.



8. Use arrow and soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option	**0 to 9999**	The duration time of compare function.
Default value	**10 s**	

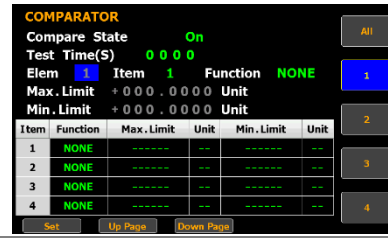
Steps

9. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Elem** field.



10. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option	**All**	Define all elements for compare function.
	1	Define elements #1 for compare function.
	2	Define elements #2 for compare function.
	3	Define elements #3 for compare function.
	4	Define elements #4 for compare function.
Default value	**1**	

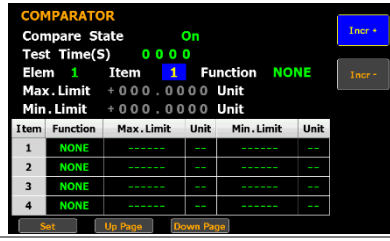
Steps

11. Press right arrow key to move cursor to **Item** field.



12. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option	**All**	All items.
	1 to 20	Select one of items from 1 to 20.
Default value	**1**	

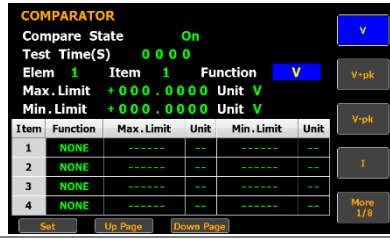
Steps

13. Press right arrow key to move cursor to **Function** field.



14. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option	**V, V+pk, V-pk,**	Voltage parameters
	I, I+pk, I-pk	Current parameters
	P, P+pk, P-pk	Active Power parameters
	V · A	Apparent Power
	VAR	Reactive power

	PF	Power Factor
	CFV, CFI	Crest factor
	DEG	DEG
	VHz, IHz	Frequency
	THDV, THDI	Total Harmonic Distortion
	Inrush	Inrush parameter
	WP	Total net energy
	WP+	Positive energy
	WP-	Negative energy
	P(avg)	Average Power
	q	Total net charge
	q+	Positive charge
	q-	Negative charge
	q(avg)	Average Current
	NONE	N/A
Default value	**NONE**	

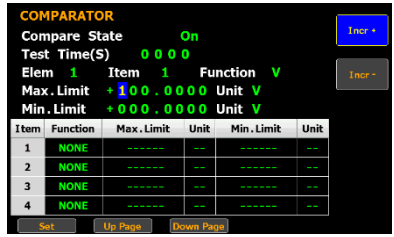
Steps

15. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Max. Limit** field.



16. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option	The setting range for Max. Limit is from (+, -) 000.0000 to (+, -) 999.9999.
Default value	**+000.0000**

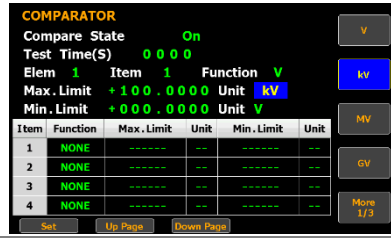
Steps

17. Press right arrow key to move cursor to **Unit** field.



18. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option	The available units for Max. Limit vary in accordance with the selected option from "Function" previously.
Default value	**N/A**

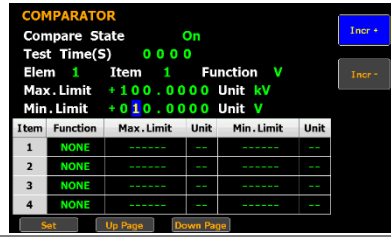
Steps

19. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Min. Limit** field.



20. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option	The setting range for Min. Limit is from (+, -) 000.0000 to (+, -) 999.9999.
Default value	**+000.0000**

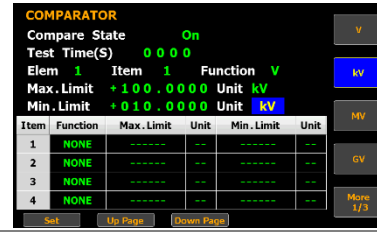
Steps

21. Press right arrow key to move cursor to **Unit** field.



22. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





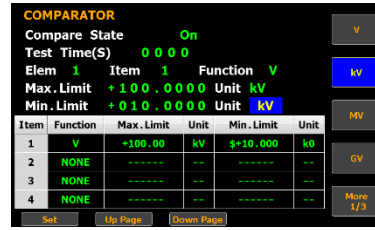
Option

The available units for Min. Limit vary in accordance with the selected option from "Function" previously.

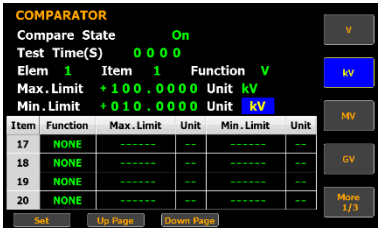
Default value

N/A

23. Press the **Set** function key to have the set configuration take effect and the result is within the table below where the configurations of item 1 is clearly defined.



24. Press the **Up Page** and **Down Page** function keys to flip through pages among item 1 to 20. See the example of figure below where the item 17 to 20 is shown in the table list.



Note

When Compare function is activated, the real-time measurement for comparison is shown within the Numeric display mode, for which refer to page 104 for more details.

Setting up the Inrush configuration

Description

GPM-8340 provides maximum inrush current measurement. User configures the advanced settings including level scale, delay duration as well as test time for better accurate inrush current sampling.

Steps

1. Press **Setup** button.



2. Press **Page** soft key for 2 times.



3. Press **Inrush** soft key.



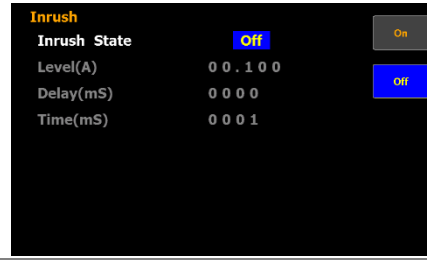
4. Press **Enter** button.



5. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the **Inrush State** field.



6. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





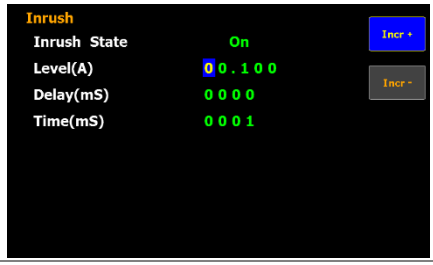
Option	**On**	Turn on the inrush function which detects inrush current of designated level (ampere by unit) of defined time period.
	Off	Turn off the function of inrush detection.
Default option	**Off**	

Steps

7. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Level(A)** field.



8. Use arrow and soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





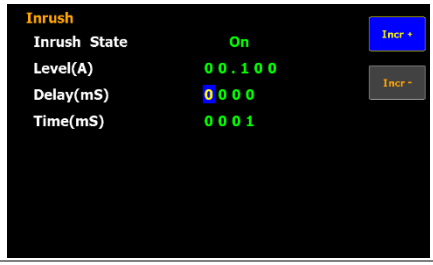
Option	**0 to 99.999**	The configuration of threshold of scale for inrush current sampling.
Default value	**00.100**	

Steps

9. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Delay(mS)** field.



10. Use arrow and soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





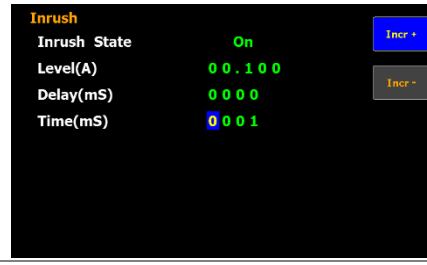
Option	**0 to 9999**	The configuration of delay duration prior to inrush current sampling.
Default value	**0000**	

Steps

11. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Time(mS)** field.



12. Use arrow and soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





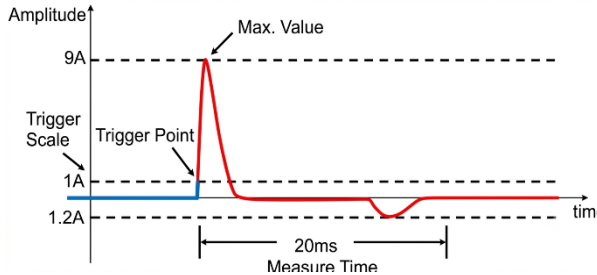
Option	**0 to 9999**	The configuration of actual test time for inrush current sampling.
Default value	**0001**	

Example of Inrush Current Sampling

The parameters from the diagram below:

- Level: 1 A
- Delay: 0 ms
- Time: 20 ms

When the triggered level 1 A is reached, GPM-8340 samples the inrush current for 20 ms with no prior delay duration (0 ms). It finally measures the maximum of 9 A inrush current value.



Setting up the Hold configuration

Description

GPM-8340 provides user with measurement hold function, which covers 3 modes: Stop, Max and Min.

Steps

1. Press **Setup** button.



2. Press **Page** soft key for 2 times.



3. Press **Hold** soft key.



4. Press **Enter** button.



5. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the **Hold State** field.



6. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option	**Stop**	GPM-8340 retains its original function of physical Hold and Max Hold keys.
	Max	GPM-8340 activates Hold function for Max. reading value via pressing the physical Hold key.
	Min	GPM-8340 activates Hold function for Min. reading value via pressing the physical Hold key.
Default option	**Stop**	

Steps

7. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Test Time (s)** field.



8. Use arrow and soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option	**0 to 9999**	The duration of test time for reading value of Max or Min Hold function. It ranges from (0 to 9999) s.
Default value	**0000**	

Note

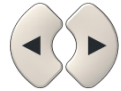
- The function of physical Hold key varies by different options. For instance, it acts as "Hold Min" when the Min. is selected.
- When "Max." or "Min." is selected, it is required to further set up Test Time (s) for designated duration.
- If Test Time (s) is set 5 for Max. and the physical Hold key is pressed, GPM-8340 keeps updating Max. reading value for 5 s followed by the ending with Max. value shown on the display.
- If Test Time (s) is set 0 for Max. and the physical Hold key is pressed, GPM-8340 acts the hold function identical to that of "Stop" option.

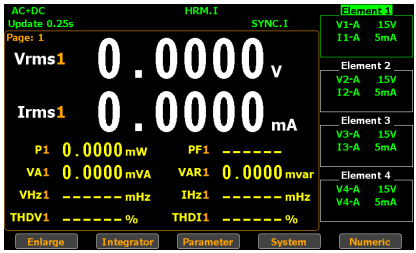
Setting up System status

System information screen

Steps

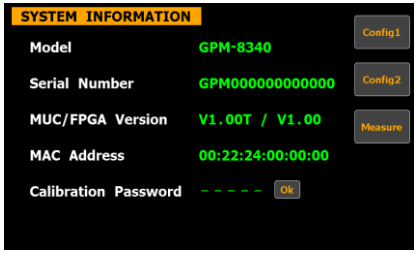
1. Press soft key to select **System** function.





2. Press **Enter** button to Enter **SYSTEM INFORMATION** screen where detailed information including Model, Serial Number, MCU/FPGA Version and MAC Address of the unit is displayed.





3. Press **Enter** button.



4. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Calibration Password** field.



5. Use soft keys along with left and right arrow keys to input the password followed by pressing **Enter** button twice to enter the Calibration page.





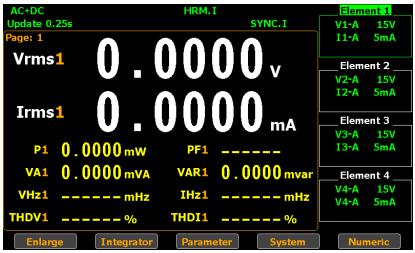
Default option **99999**

Note Refer to qualified technician and service manual for the calibration procedure.

SYSTEM CONFIG1 screen

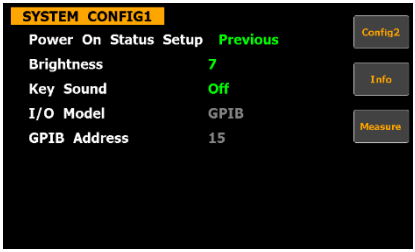
Steps

1. Press function key to select **System** function.



2. Press **Config1** soft key to Enter **SYSTEM CONFIG1** setting screen.





Setting up power on status

Background

Continue the following setting from **SYSTEM CONFIG1** setting screen

Steps

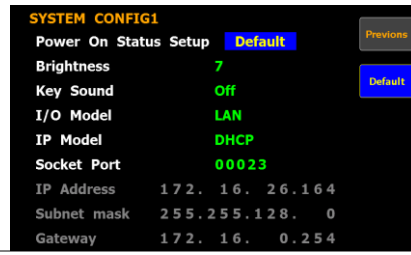
1. Press **Enter** button.



2. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Power On Status Setup** field.



3. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option	**Previous**	The status of unit on powering on is set to the status before the last shutdown.
	Default	The status of unit on powering on is set to the factory default status.
Default value	**Default**	

Setting up brightness

Background	Continue the following setting from **SYSTEM CONFIG1** setting screen

Steps

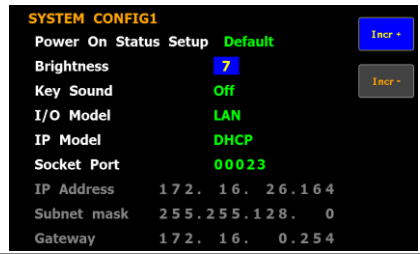
1. Press **Enter** button.



2. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Brightness** field.



3. Use soft keys to increase or decrease the brightness level





Option	**1 to 10**	The display is the darkest when set to 1. On the contrary, it turns out the brightest when set to 10.
Default option	**7**	

Setting up key sound

Background	Continue the following setting from **SYSTEM CONFIG1** setting screen

Steps

1. Press **Enter** button.

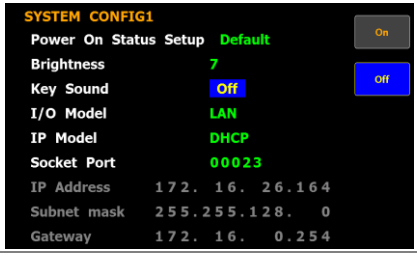


2. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Key Sound** field.



3. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.

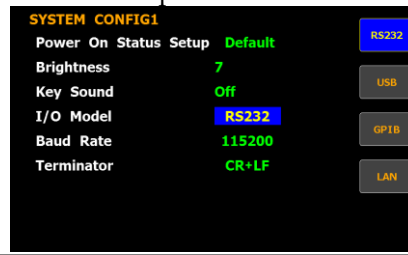




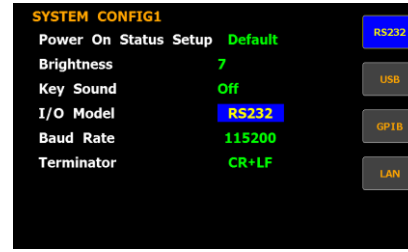
Option	**On**	A short sound is heard from speaker of unit when pressing the keys on the front panel.
	Off	No sound from speaker of unit when pressing the keys on the front panel.
Default option	**Off**	

Setting up remote interface

Background	Continue the following setting from **SYSTEM CONFIG1** setting screen	
Steps	1. Press **Enter** button.	
	2. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **I/O Model** field.	
	3. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.	

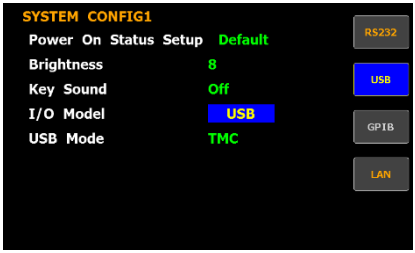


Option	**RS232**	If interface is set to RS232, the **Baud Rate** and the **Terminator** fields can be selected. For details about configuring RS 232 interface, please see page 159.



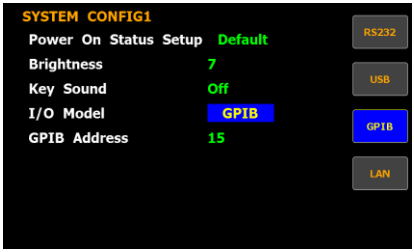
USB

For details about configuring USB interface, please see page 157.



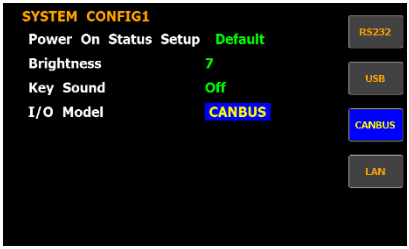
GPIB

If interface is set to GPIB, the **GPIB Address** can be selected from "1" to "30". Please see page 161 for details.



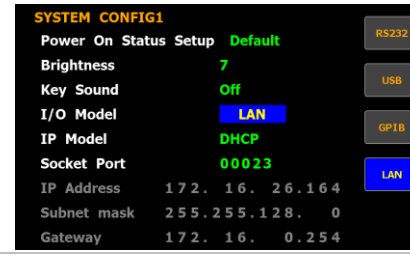
CANBUS

If interface is set to CANBUS, the following CANBUS-affiliated settings can be configured. Please see page 163 for details.



LAN

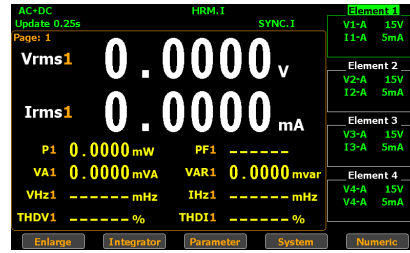
If interface is set to LAN, the IP model is can be selected from "**Manual**" and "**DHCP**". For details about configuring LAN interface, please see page 168.



SYSTEM CONFIG2 screen

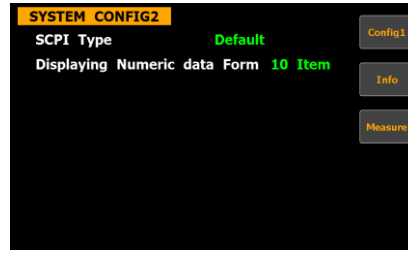
Steps

1. Press soft key to select **System** function.

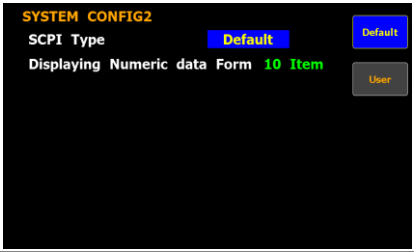


2. Press **Config2** soft key to Enter **SYSTEM CONFIG2** setting screen.





Setting up SCPI identity

Background	Continue the following setting from **SYSTEM CONFIG2** setting screen. The SCPI types are relevant to commands for remote control.	
Steps	1. Press **Enter** button. 	
	2. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **SCPI Type** field. 	
	3. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.  	
Option	**Default**	The return message in remote control returns the default manufacturer, model number, serial number, among other info.
	User	User-defined manufacturer, model number and so forth will be returned for remote control mode.
Default value	**Default**	

Setting up Numeric data Form

Background

Continue the following setting from **SYSTEM CONFIG2** setting screen. The Displaying Numeric is relevant to the initial display setting when powering on or rebooting GPM-8340.

Steps

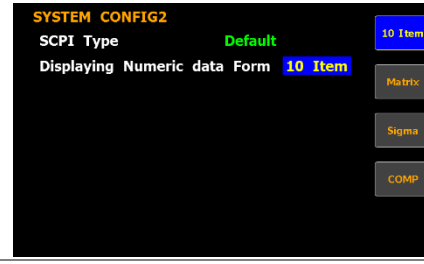
1. Press **Enter** button.



2. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Displaying Numeric data Form** field.



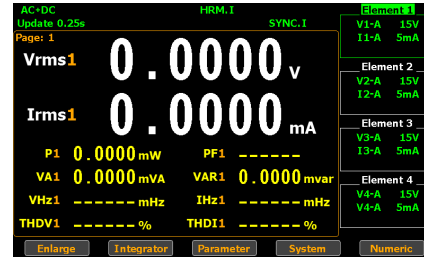
3. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.



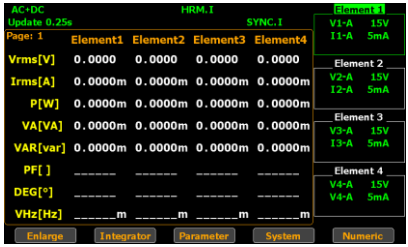


Option

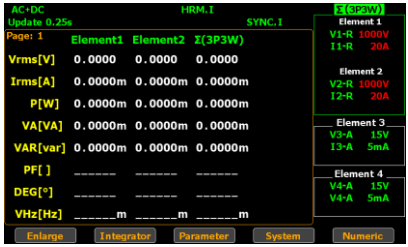
10 Item The initial display in standard mode where 2 major with 8 minor parameters are shown.



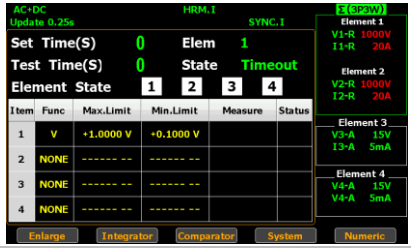
Matrix The initial display in multi-elements of numeric mode where parameters of element 1 to element 4 are shown.



Sigma The initial display in multi-elements with Σ of numeric mode where parameters of element 1 to 2 with Σ or element 1 to 3 with Σ are shown.



COMP The initial display in compare mode where several parameters including items & limits of element 1 to 4 for Comp function are shown.



Default value **10 Item**

Note Refer to page 104 for details of Numeric Display modes where Matrix, Sigma and COMP displays are illustrated.

Setting up Canbus Card Update

Background

Continue the following setting from **SYSTEM CONFIG2** setting screen. The Canbus Card Update is relevant to update to the physical Canbus card embedded within GPT-8340.

Note

Only when Canbus card is embedded within GPM-8340 in advance, will the relevant functions of Canbus Card Update occur accordingly.

Steps

1. Press **Enter** button.

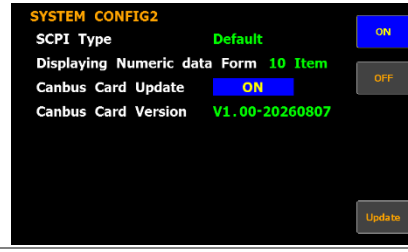


2. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Canbus Card Update** field.



3. Use soft keys to turn ON the update function followed by pressing the "Update" soft key below to execute the action.





Note

Only when a USB disk with the update file of specific name "CANCard.bin" is inserted into GPM-8340 unit, can Update function be executed successfully.

Canbus Card Version

Background

The latest firmware version of the embedded Canbus card is clearly shown here.

MEASUREMENT AND OTHER FUNCTIONS

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Introduction to measurement parameters 93
Measurement display pages overview 95
Setting measurement parameters 100
Changing the numeric display 104
Changing the standard and simple display modes ... 108

Other functions 109
Introduction to other functions 109

Wiring Mode 112
Setting up wiring mode 112

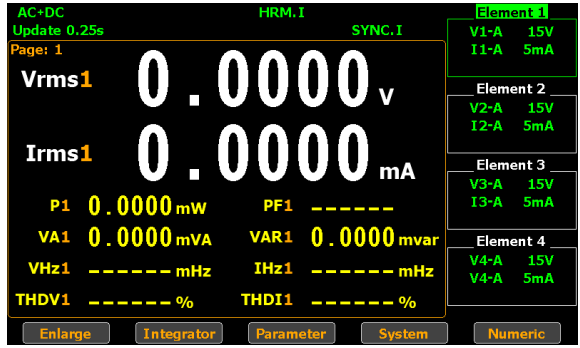
Integration measurement function 115
Setting up Integrator measurement 115
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Graph measurement function 128
Setting up waveform graph measurement 128
Setting up waveform graph parameter and element 136
Setting up Harmonics bar graph measurement and element 140
Setting up Harmonics list measurement and element 145

Measurement function

The GPM-8340 provides a wide range of basic electricity and power measurement functions. It equips with different accurate measurement parameters for accurately measuring the voltage, current, power, DC/AC/AC + DC/V-MEAN, power factor, harmonics, frequency, etc. The input impedance of the device is 4 MΩ, and the maximum input voltage is 1000 Vrms. The internal resistance (Shunt) of the device is 500 mΩ, 5 mΩ, and the maximum input current is 30 Arms. Also, there are 1 external current input terminals (EXT). The device will issue a warning sound when the input voltage and current exceed 1050 Vrms or 33 Arms.

Introduction to measurement parameters



Parameter name	Display icon
Voltage	**Vac** (AC) **Vdc** (DC) **Vrms** (AC + DC) **Vmn** (V-MEAN)
Current	**Iac** (AC) **Idc** (DC) **Irms** (AC + DC, V-MEAN)
Active Power	**P**

Apparent Power	**V · A**
Reactive power	**VAR**
Power Factor	**PF**
Phase Angle	**DEG**
Frequency	**IHz, VHz**
Voltage Peak	**V+pk, V-pk**
Current Peak	**I+pk, I-pk**
Active Power Peak	**P+pk, P-pk**
Total Harmonic Distortion	**THDI, THDV**
Crest factor	**CFV, CFI**
Mathematical Computation	**MATH**
Maximum Current Ratio (Crest Factor (CFI) / Power Factor)	**MCR**
Power Efficiency	**EFFi**
Inrush Current	**Inrush**

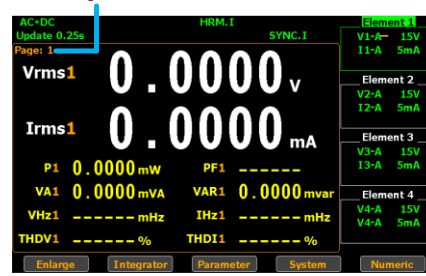
Measurement display pages overview

Single element display mode

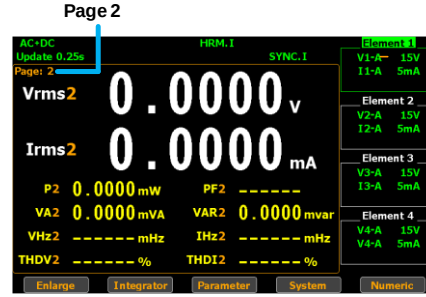
Press up and down arrow keys to navigate through the display pages. The Σ shows summations of all four elements for each measurement parameter.



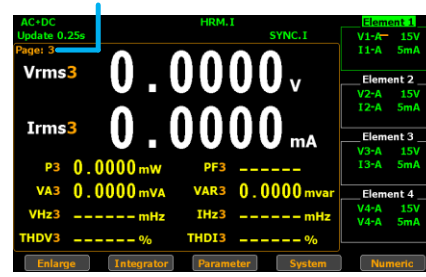
Page 1



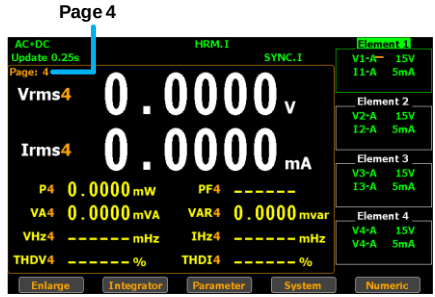
Page 2



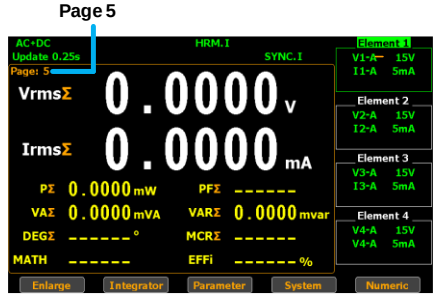
Page 3



Page 4



Page 5



Note

It is available to set measurement parameters for each page. Refer to page 100 for details.

Multiple elements display mode

When pressing **Numeric** soft key, user can switch to multi-elements display. Press up and down arrow keys to navigate through different pages in which more measurement parameters for each element are clearly shown. Refer to page 104 for details of Numeric display. In addition, there is also multi-elements & Σ display mode, which is based on the Wiring mode selection. Refer to page 112 for more details of Wiring modes.

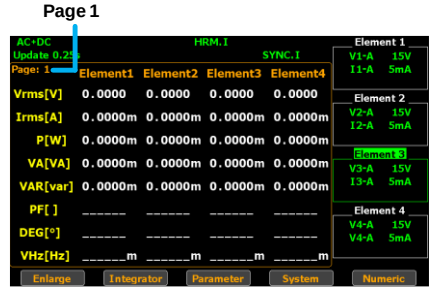


Note

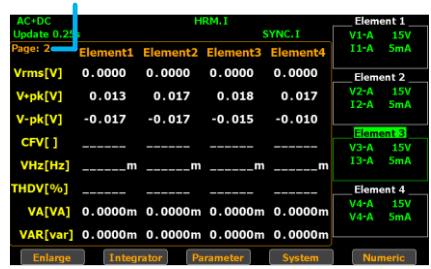
It is available to set measurement parameters for each page. Refer to page 100 for more details.

Element 1 to 4 display mode

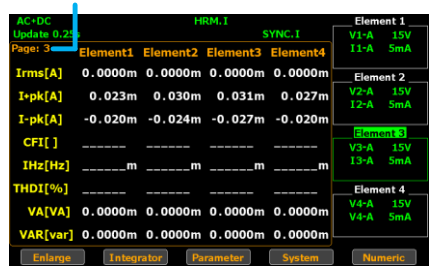
Page 1



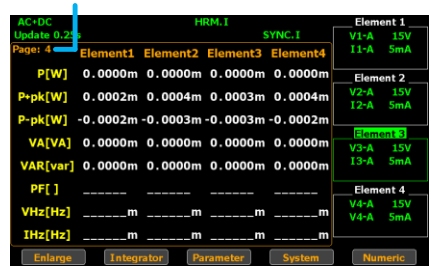
Page 2



Page 3

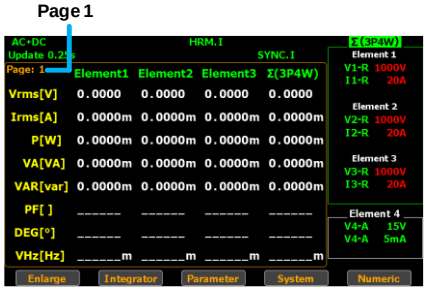


Page 4

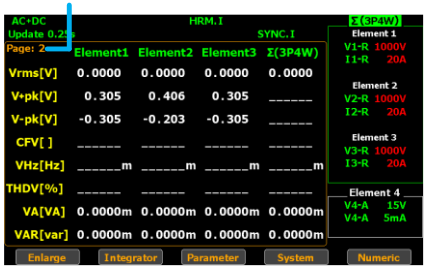


Element 1 to 3 & Σ display mode

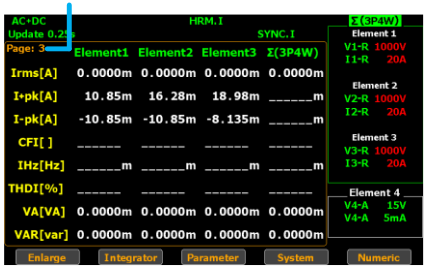
Page 1



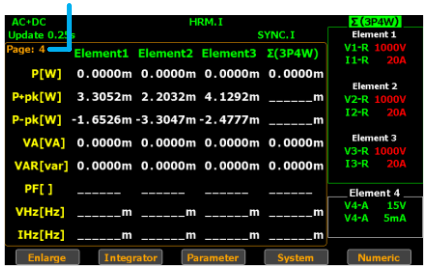
Page 2



Page 3

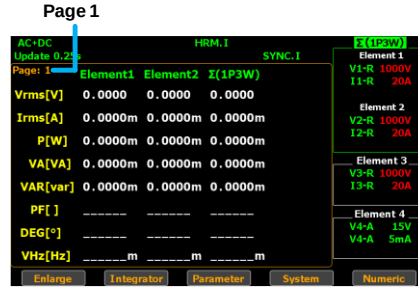


Page 4

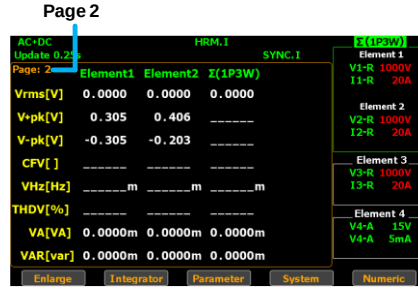


Element 1 to 2 & Σ display mode

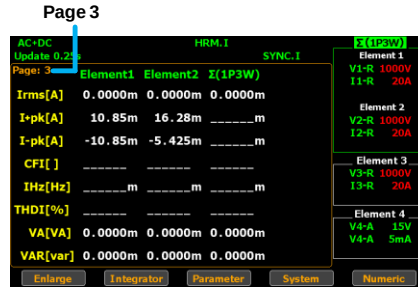
Page 1



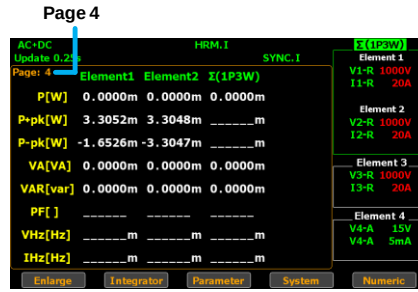
Page 2



Page 3



Page 4

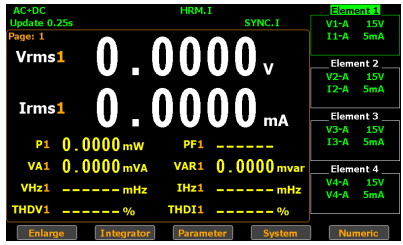


Setting measurement parameters

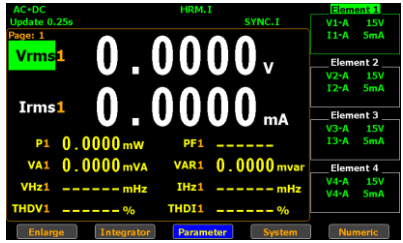
Setting parameter in single channel display

1. Press the **Parameter** function key.

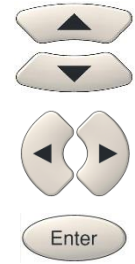


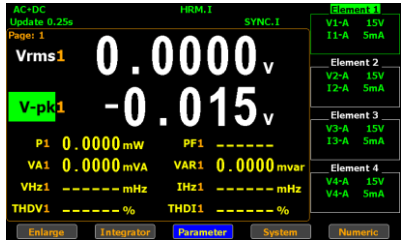


2. The 1st measurement parameter will be highlighted in green.

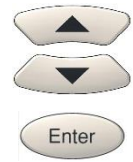


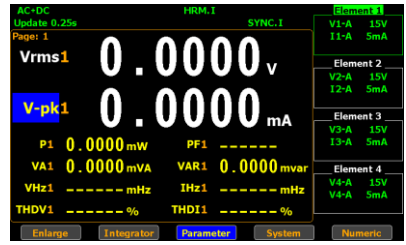
3. Press up, down, left and right arrow keys to select other desired measurement parameter. Press **Enter** button to set desired parameter.



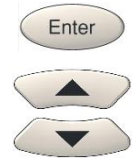


4. Use up and down arrow keys to switch display options followed by pressing **Enter** button to confirm the selected parameter.



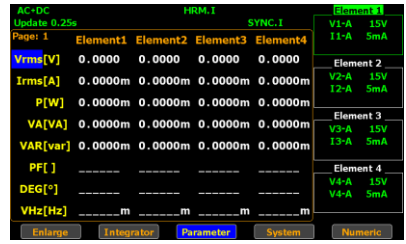


5. User is able to apply the previous same process for each measurement parameter. There are up to 2 major and 8 minor measurement parameters to be switched for each page.

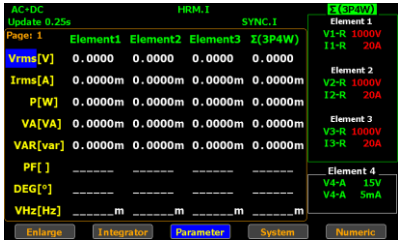


6. In addition, when changing to multi-elements display mode, it is available to set desired options for up to 8 measurement parameters for one page (up to 4 pages). Refer to page 104 for Numeric display.

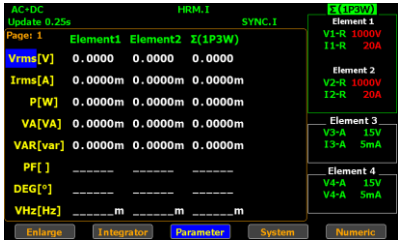
Setting parameters in "Element 1 to 4" Numeric display



Setting parameter in "Element 1 to 3 & Σ" Numeric display

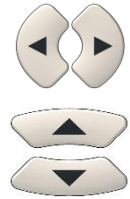


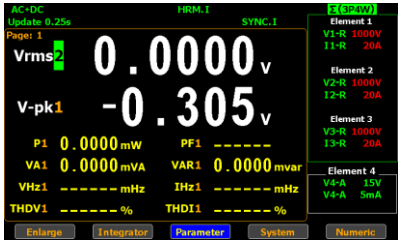
Setting parameter in "Element 1 to 2 & Σ" Numeric display



Steps to set elements

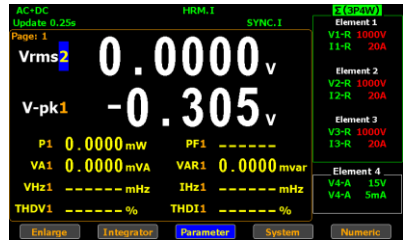
7. Also, when pressing up, down, left and right arrow keys to select other measurement parameter, it is available to assign element number of each measurement parameter.





8. Press **Enter** button to set desired parameter followed by using up and down arrow keys to switch channel number for the selected measurement parameter.





9. User is able to apply the previous same process for assigning channel number of each measurement parameter. There are up to 2 major and 8 minor measurement parameters to be assigned.

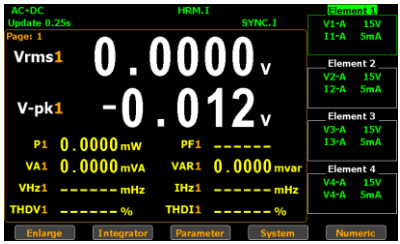
Note

- If user changes Numeric display to "Element 1 to 4", "Element 1 to 3 & Σ" or "Element 1 to 2 & Σ", the element number selection is Not available since the parameters of all 4 elements are shown on the display already. Refer to page 104 for Numeric display.

Changing the numeric display

Steps

1. Under the single element display mode, press the **Numeric** soft key.



Element 1 to 4

2. The screen is changed to the "Element 1 to 4" display mode in which the 8 measurement parameters of each element (1 through 4) are shown.



Element 1 to 2 & Σ

3. When it is set "1P3W" or "3P3W" wiring mode, press the **Numeric** soft key again to change to the "Element 1 to 2 & Σ" display mode in which the 8 measurement parameters of each element (1, 2 and Σ) are shown.



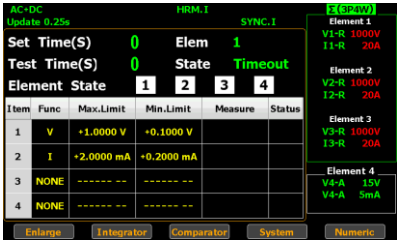
Element 1 to 3 & Σ

When it is set "3P4W" or "3V3A" wiring mode, press the **Numeric** soft key again to change to the "Element 1 to 3 & Σ" display mode in which the 8 measurement parameters of each element (1, 2, 3 and Σ) are shown.



Comp display

4. If Compare function is turned On, press the **Numeric** soft key three times continuously to change to the "compare status" display mode in which the set parameters from Comp configuration, e.g., Test Time, Function, Max. & Min. Limits of each element, are clearly shown.



User can click left and right arrow keys to switch among each element.



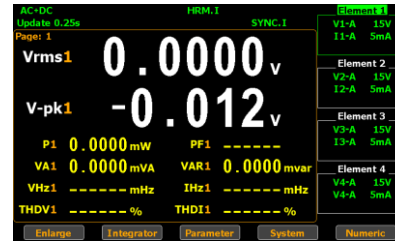


User can click up and down arrow keys to switch among each page. There are up to 5 pages with 20 items available and each page contains 4 items individually.



5. By pressing the **Numeric** soft key repeatedly to navigate through up to 4 display modes at any time.

Single element



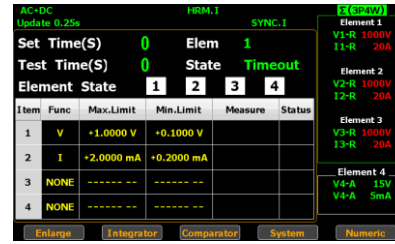
Element 1 to 4



Element 1 to 2 & Σ or Element 1 to 3 & Σ



Compare display



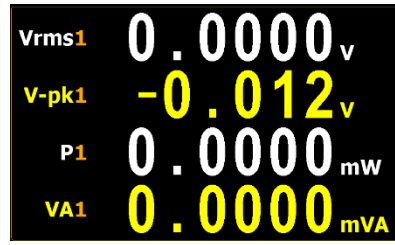
Changing the standard and simple display modes

Steps

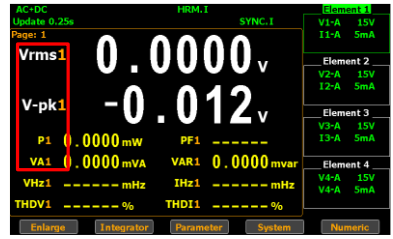
1. In the standard display mode, press function key to select **Enlarge** function.



2. The screen is changed to the simple display mode.



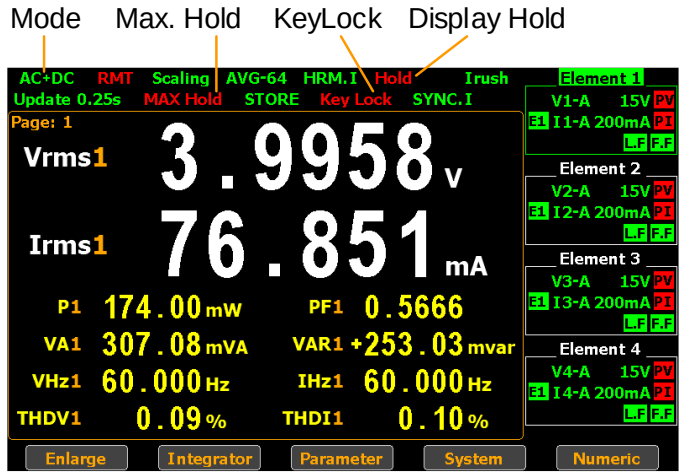
The simple mode covers 4 major measurement parameters deriving from the top 4 parameters of standard mode as shown below.



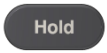
3. Press **ESC** button to return back to original display mode.

Other functions

Introduction to other functions



Function name	Button	Description
MAX Hold	MAX Hold	When the **MAX Hold** button is pressed, the MAX Hold status icon will light in red in the LCD display to indicate that this function is activated. To deactivate this function, press this button again. If the MAX Hold function is activated, the display value on the display is updated only when the current measured value is greater than the previous measured value. The maximum display value is retained on the display. Only the following parameters are available for MAX Hold function: V, I, P, S, Q, V+pk, V-pk, I+pk, I-pk, P+pk, and P-pk.

Function name	Button	Description
Enter		This button is used to select function or confirm selection.
Hold		When the **Hold** button is pressed, the Hold status icon will light in red in the LCD display to indicate that this function is activated. To deactivate this function, press this button again. When the Hold function is activated, the displayed value on the LCD display is not updated and the range is locked. Measurement is performed in the background.
Trigger		Press the **Trigger** button when Hold function is activated to update displayed value to the latest status once in accordance with the Data Update Rate period.
ESC		This button is used to exit current screen or return to the main measurement screen.
Local/ Key Lock		Dual function key. When Remote mode is activated, press this button to deactivate Remote mode and switch to Local mode. When Remote mode is not activated, this button is used as lock key of keypad.

Function name	Button	Description
Mode		Press the Mode button to select measurement mode. There are 4 measurement modes. • **AC + DC**: Displays all the components of measurement signal. • **DC**: Displays the DC part of the measurement signal. • **AC**: Displays the AC part of the measurement signal. • **V-MEAN**: Displays the voltage rectified as a mean value that is calibrated to RMS value. The value is same with those obtained from RMS mode when sine waves are measured, but it is different when DC or distorted waves are measured.

Wiring Mode

Setting up wiring mode

Steps

1. Press **Wiring** button.



2. Press **Enter** button.



3. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the **Element** field.



4. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option	**1P2W**	Single-Phase, Two-Wire
	1P3W	Single-Phase, Three-Wire Element 1 to 2 will be teamed up for Σ summations.
	3P3W	Three-Phase, Three-Wire Element 1 to 2 will be teamed up for Σ summations.
	3P4W	Three-Phase, Four-Wire Element 1 to 3 will be teamed up for Σ summations.
	3V3A	Three-Voltage, Three-Current Element 1 to 3 will be teamed up for Σ summations.
Default value	**1P2W**	

Steps

5. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Element Independent** field.



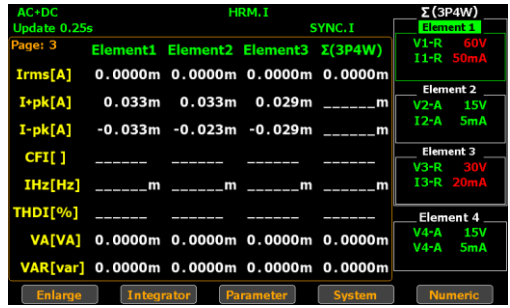
6. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.



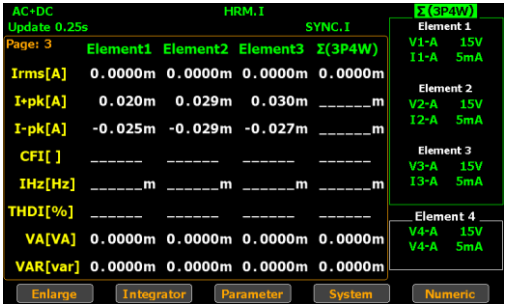


Option

On Each element will be conditionally independent even though Σ summations by 1P3W, 3P3W, 3P4W, 3V3A is activated. The so-called independent represents, for example, voltage and current ranges can be configured separately for element 1 to element 3 under the 3P4W mode.



Off When it is under 3P4W mode, for instance, voltage and current ranges of element 1 to 3 are configured in a unified method, which means to define voltage range of element 1 in 15 V will also trigger the voltage range of element 2 and 3 in 15 V simultaneously.



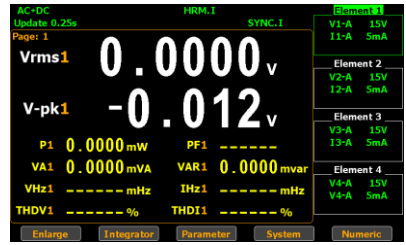
Default value **Off**

Integration measurement function

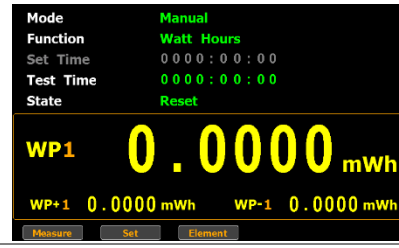
Setting up Integrator measurement

Steps

1. Press function key to select **Integrator** function.

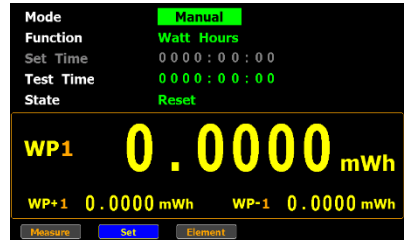


2. The integrator measurement screen is displayed.

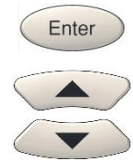


Select integrator measurement mode

3. Press soft key to select **Set** to enter integrator measurement setting.



4. Press **Enter** button to enter **Mode** field. Use up and down arrow keys to toggle between Manual, Standard and Continuous mode. Press **Enter** button again to confirm selection.



If you select **Manual** mode, the Set Time become disabled in gray.





If you select **Standard** or **Continuous** mode, you need to set integrator measurement time before using integrator function. It can be set from 1 s to 9999 h, 59 min and 59 s.



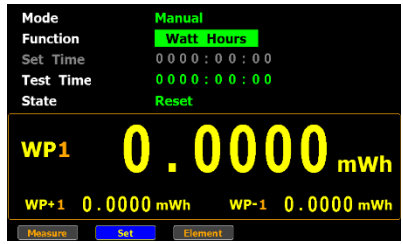
Note

When the Set Time is zero, neither Standard mode nor Continuous mode can be executed.

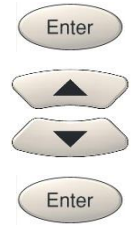
Select integrator measurement function

5. Press down arrow key to move to **Function** field in the integrator measurement setting screen.



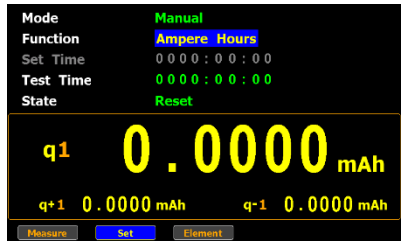


6. Press **Enter** button to enter **Function** field. Use up and down arrow keys to toggle between Ampere Hours, Watt Hours and Joule. Press **Enter** button again to confirm your selection.

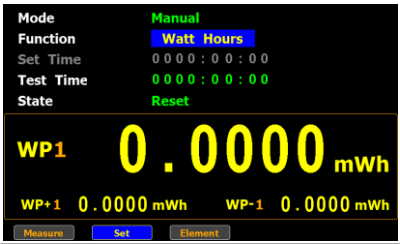




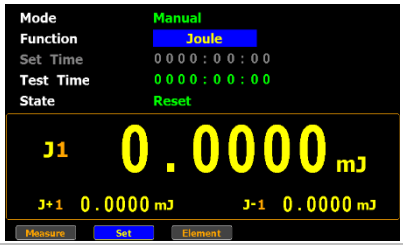
If you select **Ampere Hours**, the measured value in the bottom half section will be displayed in "**q1**".



If you select **Watt Hours**, the measured value in the bottom half section will be displayed in "**WP1**".



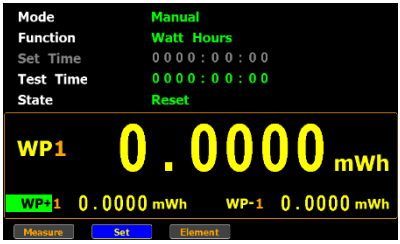
If you select **Joule**, the measured value in the bottom half section will be displayed in "**J1**".



Select integrator measurement parameter

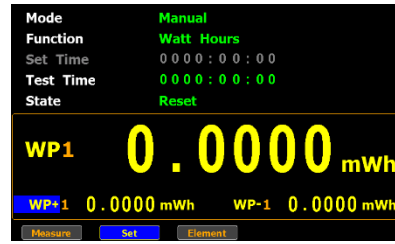
7. Press down arrow key to move to the bottom half section where measured values are displayed.



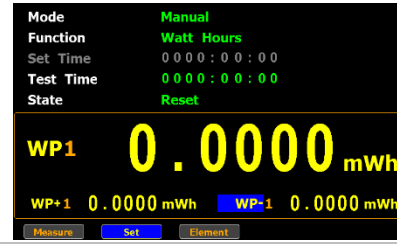


8. Press **Enter** button to enter the 1st minor parameter followed by using up and down arrow keys to switch to preferred measurement parameter. Press **Enter** button again to confirm the selection.

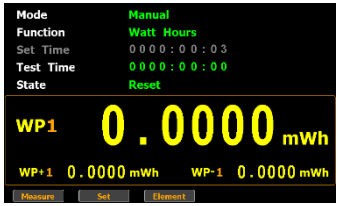
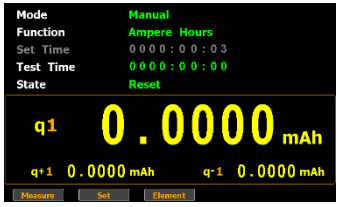


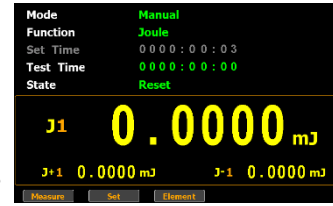
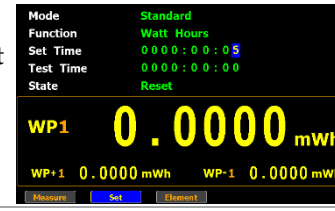
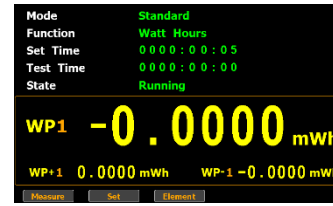
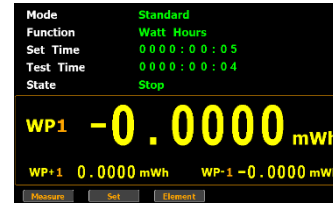
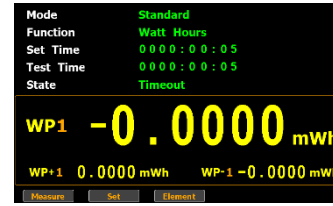


Press left or right arrow keys to move to the 2nd minor parameter followed by using the steps above to select a preferred parameter.

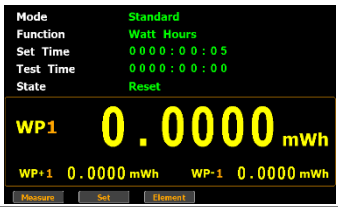


Introduction to integrator parameters

Parameter name	Description
Mode	• **Standard** It allows user to define a period of Set Time for integrator measurement, which ranges from 1 s to 9999 h, 59 min and 59 s. • **Manual** User is not able to define a Set Time. The integrator measurement will be running constantly till Stop button is pressed by user. • **Continuous** Partly identical with the Standard mode, the integrator measurement runs for a cycle of the Set Time and repeats the cycle indefinitely until Stop button is pressed by user.
Function	• **Watt Hours** WP1: Total power WP+1: Positive total power WP-1: Negative total power P(avg)1: Average power  • **Ampere Hours** q1: Total mAh q+1: Positive total mAh q-1: Negative total mAh q(avg)1: Average current 

	• **Joule** J1: Total joule J+1: Positive total joule J-1: Negative total joule • J(avg)1: Average joule 
Test time	It indicates that elapsed time of integrator measurement.
Set time	It indicates the time of integrator measurement to be set. It can be set from 1 s to 9999 h, 59 min and 59 s. 
State	• **Running** Integrator measurement is in progress.  • **Stop** Integrator measurement has been stopped manually.  • **Timeout** The time for running integrator measurement is up. 

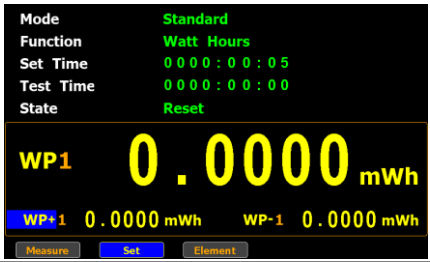
- **Reset**
  The integrator measurement status is cleared.



Measured value parameters

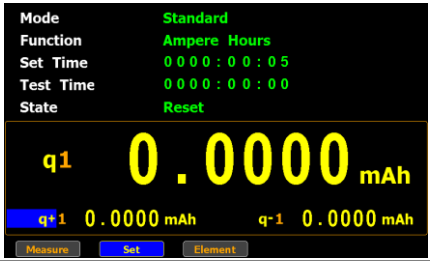
For Watt Hours

Total power: **WP**
Positive total power: **WP+**
Negative total power: **WP-**
Average power: **P(avg)**
Voltage: **Vrms** (AC + DC voltage)
Current: **Irms** (AC + DC current)



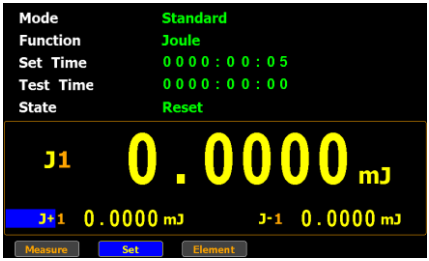
For Ampere Hours

Total mAh: **q**
Positive total mAh: **q+**
Negative total mAh: **q-**
Average Current : **q**(avg)
Voltage: **Vrms** (AC + DC voltage)
Current: **Irms** (AC + DC current)



For Joule

Total joule: **J**
Positive total joule: **J+**
Negative total joule: **J-**
Average joule: **J(avg)**
Voltage: **Vrms** (AC + DC voltage)
Current: **Irms** (AC + DC current)



Using the integrator function

Manual mode

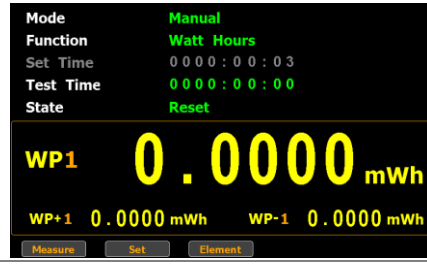
1. In manual mode, you can directly press the **Start** button in the front panel to start integrator function.



2. To stop integration function, press the **Stop** button in the front panel.



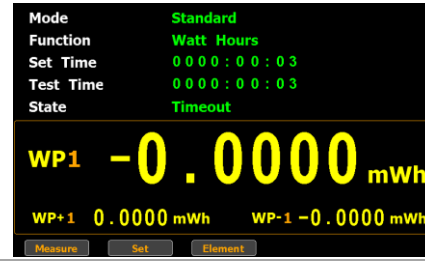
3. Press the **Reset** button in the front panel to clear integrator.



Standard mode

1. Set integrator measurement time before using integrator function.
2. Other steps are same as running in manual mode.

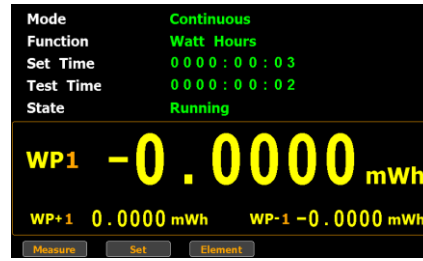
   When integrator performing, the test time will increase until the set integrator measurement time is reached.



Continuous mode

1. Set integrator measurement time before using integrator function.
2. Other steps are same as running in manual mode.

   When integrator performing, the test time will increase until the set integrator measurement time (a cycle) and repeat the cycle indefinitely until the **Stop** button is pressed by user.



Element switch

1. Press the **Element** soft key to change to parameters of each element and to multi-elements or Σ (if enabled) display.



Element 1



Element 2



Element 3



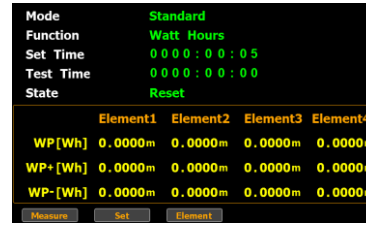
Element 4



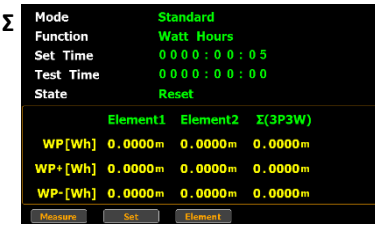
Element Σ



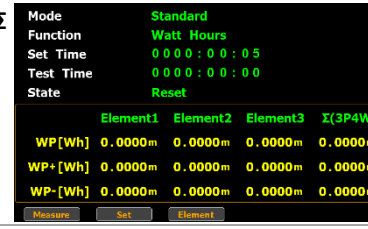
Element 1 to 4



Element 1 to 2 & Σ



Element 1 to 3 & Σ



Note

- In the integration process, select the **Measure** key and press **Enter** button to return main measurement screen. Select **Integrator** key and press **Enter** button to switch back to integration measurement screen.
- In the integration process, you can Not change measurement range and enter system to set measurement parameters.
- In the integration process, if the voltage or current measurement value exceeds, the measured value will display in red. However, it will not turn out red color when Auto Range is activated.
- Multi-elements and Σ display are in accordance with settings from Wiring mode, refer to page **112** for more details.

Graph measurement function

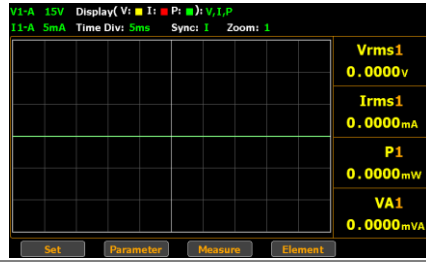
The GPM-8340 provides the professional graph measurement function via which user can have a well grip over fluctuations of measured values in waveform and harmonic in bar and list graphs in a friendly user interface. It is available, under the graph mode, to adjust both voltage and current ranges in real time and change the display modes along with relevant parameters with ease.

Setting up waveform graph measurement

Steps

1. Press the **Waveform** key on the front panel of unit.

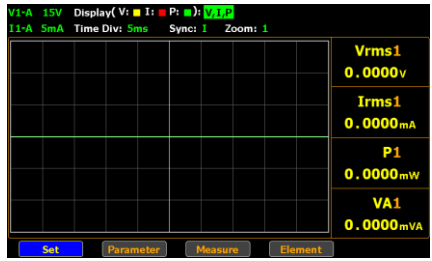




Select waveform display mode

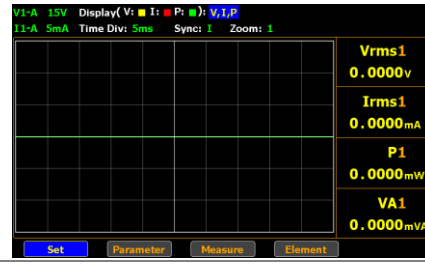
2. Press the **Set** function key.





3. Press **Enter** button to enter **Display** field. Use up and down arrow keys to toggle between options. Press **Enter** button again to confirm your selection.



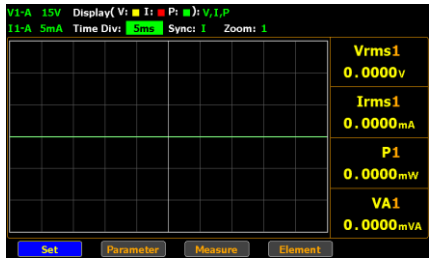


Option	**V, I, P**	Three items including the measured voltage, current and power are displayed in waveforms of different colors (V: yellow, I: red, Power: green) within the waveform chart.
	V, I	Two items including the measured voltage and current are displayed in waveforms of different colors (V: yellow, I: red) within the waveform chart.
	V	Only the measured voltage in the waveform of yellow color is displayed within the chart.
	I	Only the measured current in the waveform of red color is displayed within the chart.
	P	Only the measured power in the waveform of green color is displayed within the chart.
Default option	**V, I, P**	

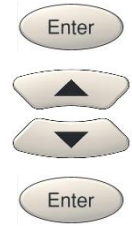
Select waveform display time division

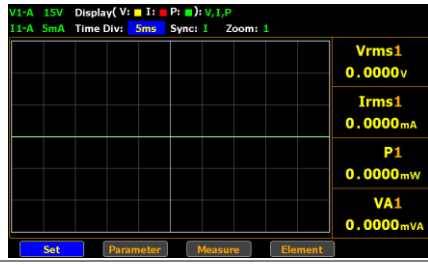
4. Press down arrow key to move to **Time Div** field in the waveform setting section.





5. Press **Enter** button to enter **Time Div** field. Use up and down arrow keys to toggle between options. Press **Enter** button again to confirm your selection.



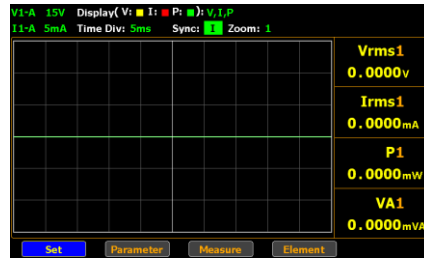


Option	**25 µs, 50 µs, 100 µs, 250 µs, 500 µs, 1 ms, 2.5 ms, 5 ms, 10 ms, 25 ms, 50 ms, 100 ms, 250 ms, 500 ms, 1 s**	The diversified time units allow user to customize a preferred waveform graph display. In theory, shorter the measured period, smaller the time unit is fitting. In contrast, longer the measured period, greater the time unit is suitable. Select a proper option per varied measurements.
Default option	**5 ms**	
Note	The available options for Time Div vary per set Update Time. Refer to page 134 for correlations.	

Select waveform display sync source

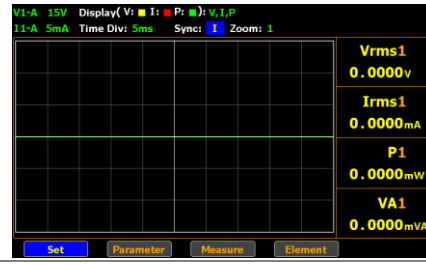
6. Press right arrow key to move to **Sync** field in the waveform setting section.





7. Press **Enter** button to enter **Sync** field. Use up and down arrow keys to toggle between options. Press **Enter** button again to confirm your selection.



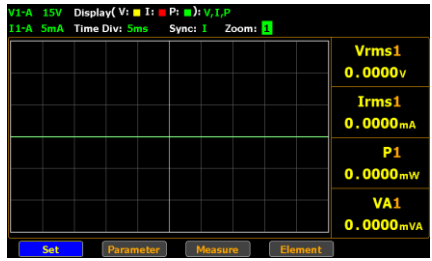


Option	**V**	Select the voltage of signals as synchronization source.
	I	Select the current of signals as synchronization source.
	Off	Select the entire interval of data updating period as synchronization source.
Default option	**V**	

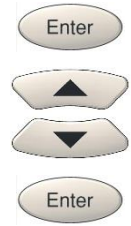
Select waveform display zoom magnification

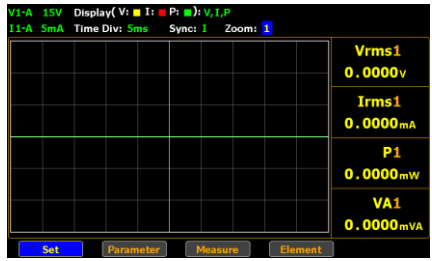
8. Press right arrow key to move to **Zoom (V)** field in the waveform setting section.





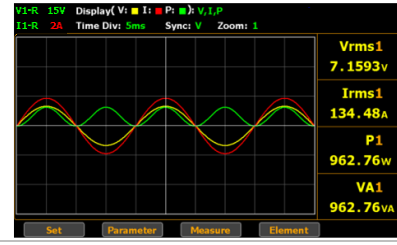
9. Press **Enter** button to enter **Zoom (V)** field. Use up and down arrow keys to toggle between options. Press **Enter** button again to confirm your selection.



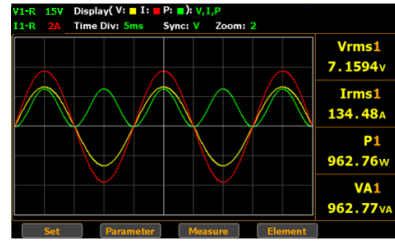


Option	**1, 2, 3**	The varied zoom magnifications allow user to customize a preferred waveform graph display. In theory, narrower the measured value, greater the zoom magnification is suitable. In contrast, wider the measured value, smaller the zoom magnification is fitting. The 1 stands for the standard magnification and the 3 represents the highest zoom magnification.
Default option	**1**	

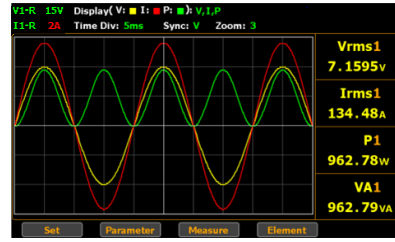
Zoom 1:



Zoom 2:



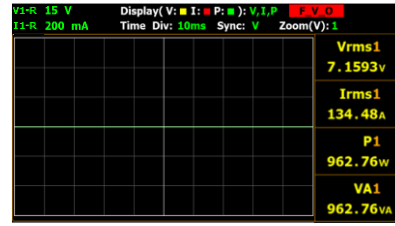
Zoom 3:



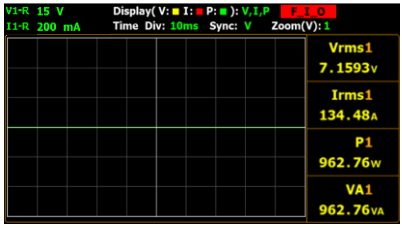
Frequency over limit

When frequency of either voltage or current is beyond the limit, which varies per set Time Div, the warning message in the upper-right corner will be shown to alarm user as the figures below.

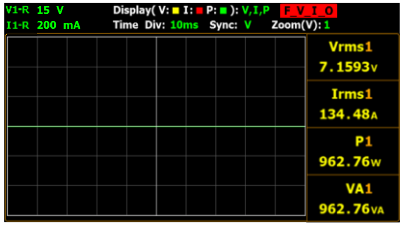
F_V_O: Frequency Voltage Over



F_I_O: Frequency Current Over



F_V_I_O: Frequency Voltage & Current Over



Correlation of Limit Frequency, Time Div and Update Time

Time Division	Update Time						
	0.25	0.5	1	2	5	10	20
1s							●
500ms						●	●
250ms					●	●	●
100ms				●	●	●	●
50ms			●	●	●	●	●
25ms		●	●	●	●	●	●
10ms	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
5ms	●	●	●	●	●	●	
2.5ms	●	●	●	●	●		
1ms	●	●	●	●			
500us	●	●	●	●			
250us	●	●	●				
100us	●	●					
50us	●	●					
25us	●						
Limit Frequency	5kHz	2.5kHz	1kHz	500Hz	250Hz	100Hz	50Hz

Take few examples below that derive from the table above for further descroptions.

- When Update Time is set 20 s, the range of Time Div is from 5 ms to 1 s and the available Frequency is up to 50 Hz.
- When Update Time is set 0.25 s, the range of Time Div is from 50 us to 10 ms and the available Frequency is up to 5 kHz.

Note

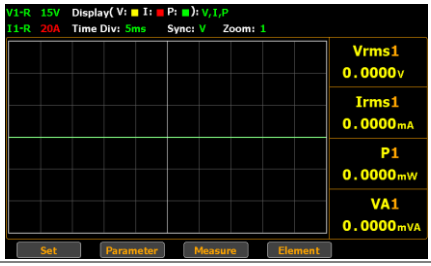
- The maximum frequency for Graph mode is up to 5 kHz.
- When the measured frequency of either voltage (VHz) or current (IHz) surpasses the available frequency, which is based on the set Time Div, the warning message will be shown accordingly.

Setting up waveform graph parameter and element

Steps

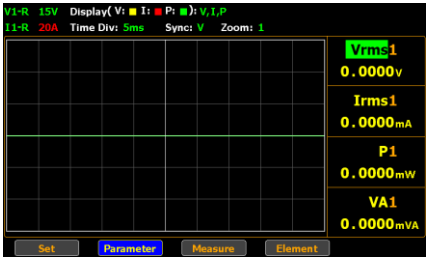
1. Press the **Waveform** key on the front panel of unit to enter the waveform page.



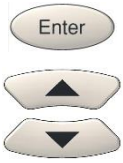


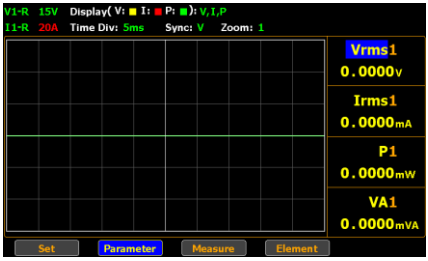
2. Press the **Parameter** function key.



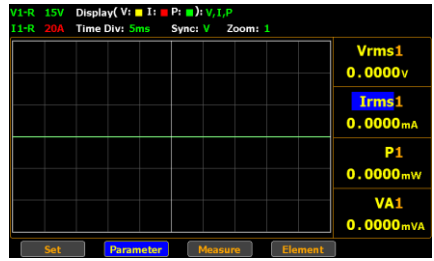


3. Press **Enter** button to enter the 1st parameter. Use up and down arrow keys to toggle between options. Press **Enter** button again to confirm your selection.





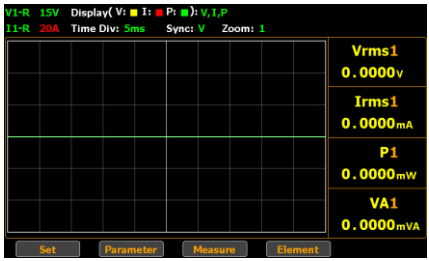
4. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the 2nd parameter and repeat the above steps to set up. Also, repeat the same steps for the 3rd and 4th parameters.



Option		
	Voltage	**Vac** (AC)
		Vdc (DC)
		Vrms (AC + DC)
		Vmn (V-MEAN)
	Current	**Iac** (AC)
		Idc (DC)
		Irms (AC + DC, V-MEAN)
	Active Power	**P**
	Apparent Power	**V · A**
	Reactive power	**VAR**
	Power Factor	**PF**
	Phase Angle	**DEG**
	Frequency	**IHz, VHz**
	Voltage Peak	**V+pk, V-pk**
	Current Peak	**I+pk, I-pk**
	Active Power Peak	**P+pk, P-pk**
	Total Harmonic Distortion	**THDI, THDV**

	Crest factor	**CFV, CFI**
	Mathematical Computation	**MATH**
	Maximum Current Ratio	**MCR**
	Power Efficiency	**EFFi**
	Inrush Current	**Inrush**
Default option	Default options are based on the Parameter settings from the standard display mode.	

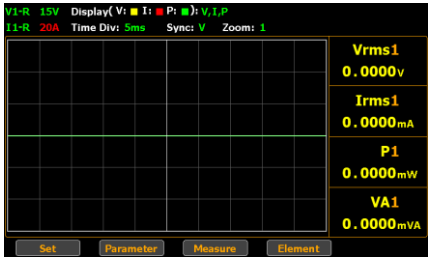
5. Press the **ESC** key twice on the front panel of unit.



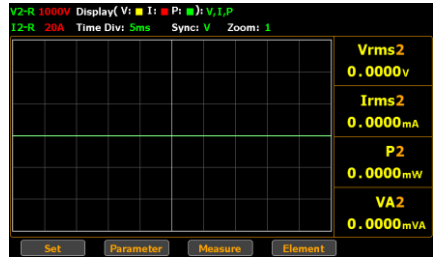
6. Press the **Element** function key to change channel number of each parameter.



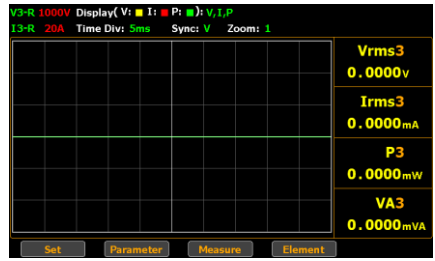
Element 1



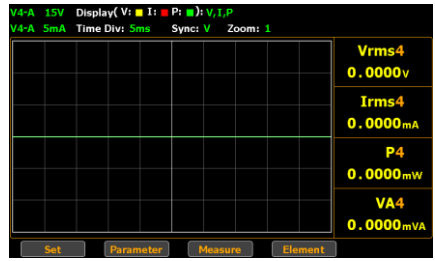
Element 2



Element 3



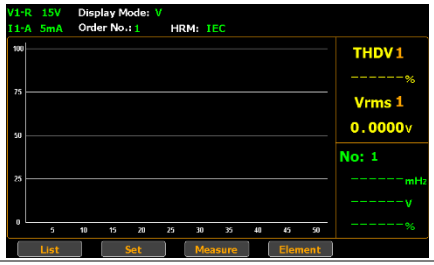
Element 4



Setting up Harmonics bar graph measurement and element

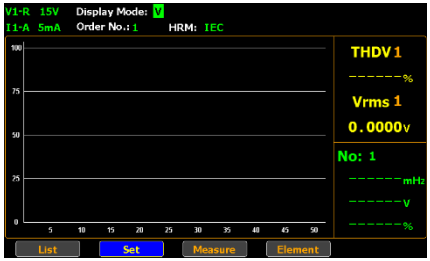
Steps

1. Press the **Harmonic** key on the front panel of unit to enter the harmonics bar graph display screen where measured values of each harmonic order are shown in the histogram-like bar display.



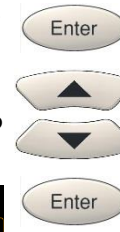
2. Press the **Set** function key.

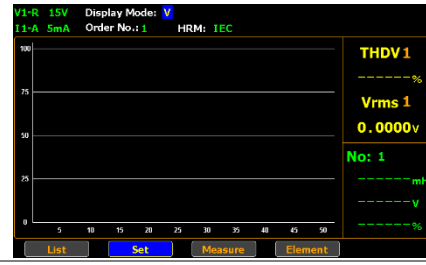




Select harmonics display mode

3. Press **Enter** button to enter **Display Mode** field. Use up and down arrow keys to toggle between options. Press **Enter** button again to confirm your selection.



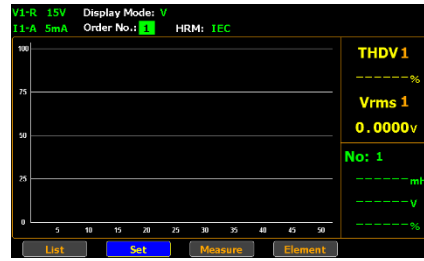


Option	**V**	The THDV measured factor will be displayed in the right-side section in yellow and also shown in the left-side bar graph.
	I	The THDI measured factor will be displayed in the right-side section in yellow and also shown in the left-side bar graph.
Default option	**V**	

Select harmonics display order number

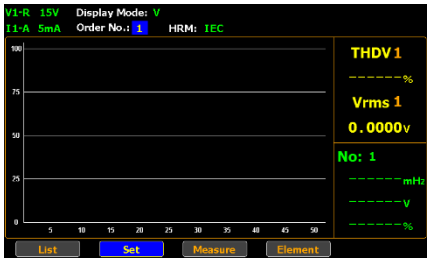
4. Press down arrow key to move to **Order No.** field in the harmonics setting section.





5. Press **Enter** button to enter **Order No.** field. Use up and down arrow keys to toggle between options. Press Enter button again to confirm your selection.



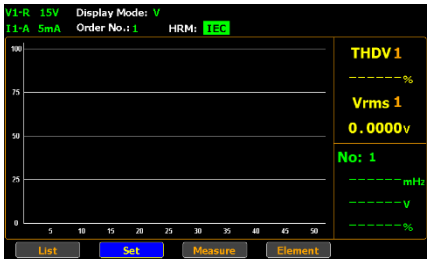


Option	**1 to 50**	Select a measured harmonic order with related values to be displayed in both the right-side section in green and the left-side bar graph. Note that the upper limit of order number is relevant to the Harmonics setting (page 36).
Default option	**1**	

Select harmonics certificate

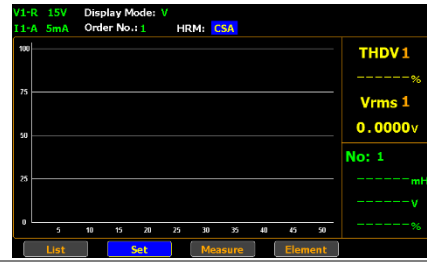
6. Press right arrow key to move to **HRM** field in the harmonics setting section.





7. Press **Enter** button to enter **HRM** field. Use up and down arrow keys to toggle between options. Press Enter button again to confirm your selection.

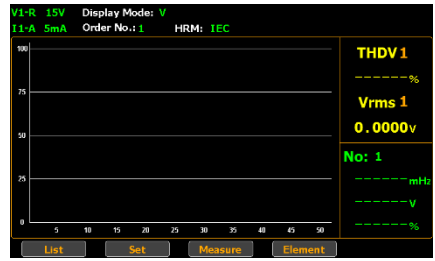




Option	**IEC**
	CSA
	OFF
Default option	**IEC**

8. Press the **ESC** key twice on the front panel of unit.

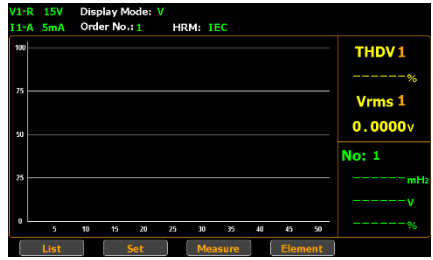




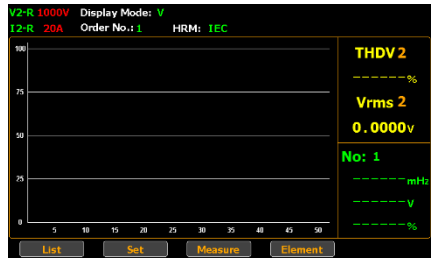
9. Press the **Element** function key to change channel number of each parameter.



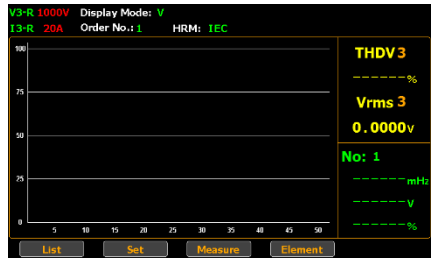
Element 1



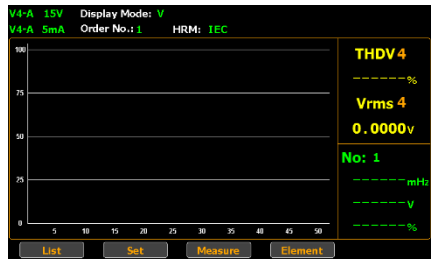
Element 2



Element 3



Element 4

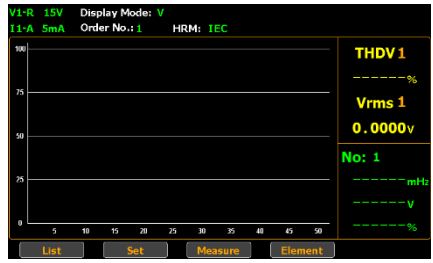


Setting up Harmonics list measurement and element

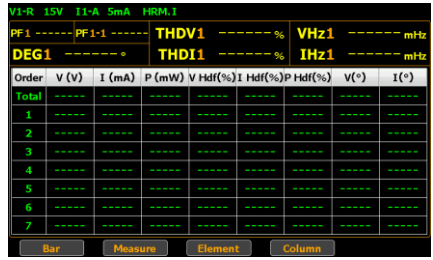
Steps

1. Press the **Harmonic** key on the front panel of unit to enter the harmonics bar graph display.





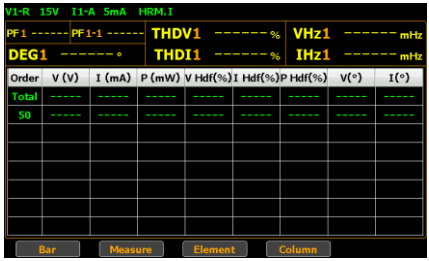
2. Press the **List** function key to enter the harmonics list display.

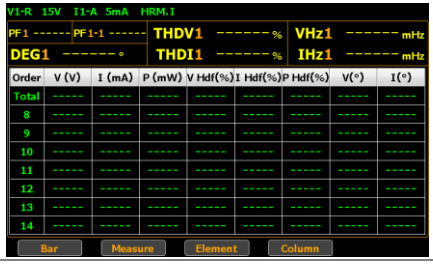


Turn pages of harmonics list

3. Press up and down arrow keys individually to flip over pages of the harmonics list in which relevant values of each order of harmonics are well displayed. See the section below for descriptions of each item within the list.







Items of the list

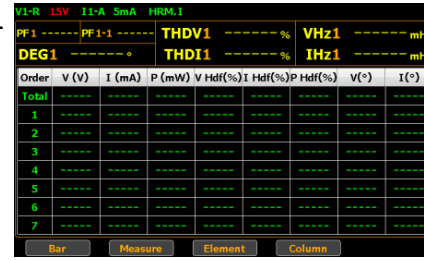
Order	The harmonic order number
V	RMS voltage value of the harmonic order
I	RMS current value of the harmonic order
P	Active power value of the harmonic order
V Hdf(%)	Voltage harmonic distortion factor of the harmonic order
I Hdf(%)	Current harmonic distortion factor of the harmonic order

P Hdf(%)	Power harmonic distortion factor of the harmonic order
V (°)	The phase difference between the fundamental voltage and the voltage of the harmonic order
I (°)	The phase difference between the fundamental current and the current of the harmonic order

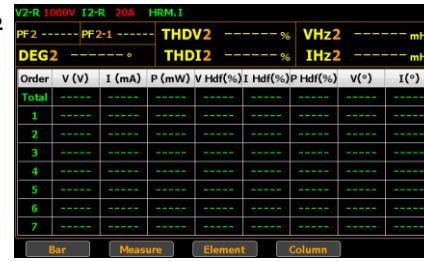
4. Press the **Element** function key to change to parameters of each element number.

Element

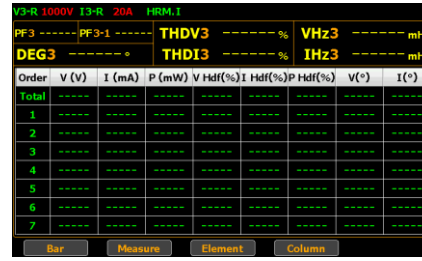
Element 1



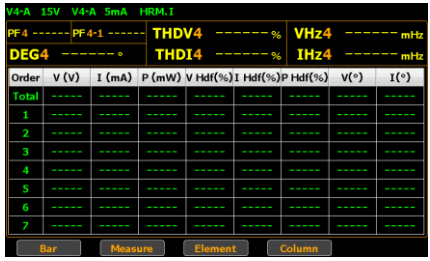
Element 2



Element 3



Element 4



5. Press the **Column** function key to enter the LIST HARMONIC CONFIG page.



Steps

6. Press **Enter** button.

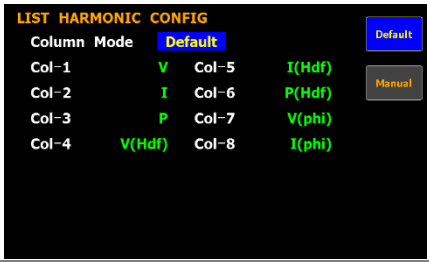


7. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the **Column Mode** field.



8. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





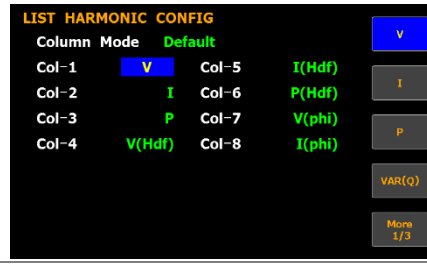
Option	**Default**	The parameters of 8 columns in harmonic list will be restored to factory defaults.
	Manual	User is able to designate parameters of 8 columns in preference respectively.
Default value	**Default**	

Steps

9. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the **Col-1 to Col-8** fields, individually.



10. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.



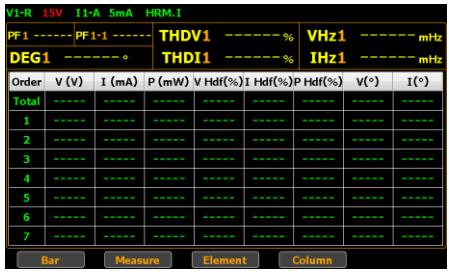


Option		
	V	RMS voltage value of the harmonic order
	I	RMS current value of the harmonic order
	P	Active power value of the harmonic order
	VAR(Q)	Reactive power value of the harmonic order
	V · A(S)	Apparent power value of the harmonic order
	PF	Power factor of harmonic order
	DEG	Phase difference value of the harmonic order
	V(Hdf)	Harmonic distortion factor of voltage
	I(Hdf)	Harmonic distortion factor of current
	P(Hdf)	Harmonic distortion factor of power
	V(phi)	The phase difference between the fundamental voltage and the voltage of the harmonic order
	I(phi)	The phase difference between the fundamental current and the current of the harmonic order

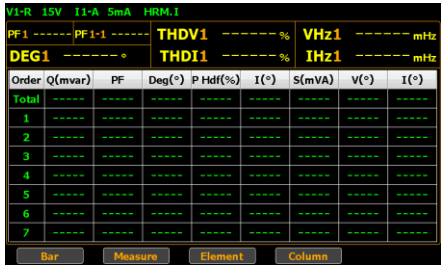
Default value

Col-1: V
Col-2: I
Col-3: P
Col-4: V(Hdf)
Col-5: I(Hdf)
Col-6: P(Hdf)
Col-7: V(phi)
Col-8: I(phi)

Default Columns



Manual Columns



DIGITAL I/O

Digital I/O Overview 152
Limit_Trigger & Is_Trigger 154
Pass + / Pass – 155
Fail + / Fail – Wiring Method 155

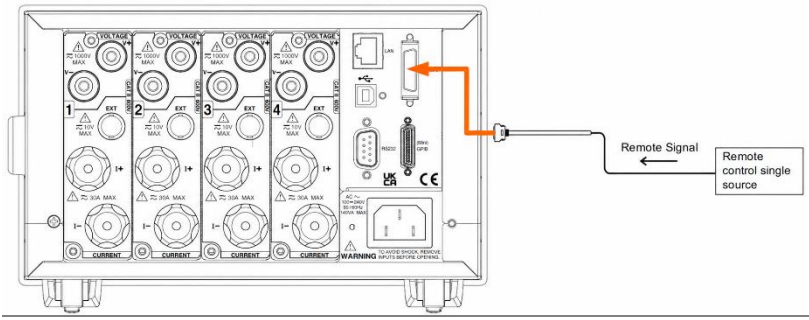
Digital I/O Overview

Background

The digital I/O port contains External Remote Control.

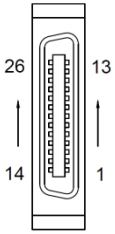
Use the external I/O connector on the rear panel to control the instrument remotely and produce output signal.

By providing separate VCC power for the terminal, the outputs can also be used as a power source for TTL and CMOS circuits.



Pin Assignment

Connector type: 26-pin D-type female



Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition
1	+5 V	14	M4_Pass-
2	Is_Trigger	15	GND
3	Limit_Trigger	16	M1_Fail+
4	Reserve Pin	17	M1_Fail-
5	GND	18	M2_Fail+
6	M1_Pass+	19	M2_Fail-
7	M1_Pass-	20	+5 V

	8	M2_Pass+	21	M3_Fail+
	9	M2_Pass-	22	M3_Fail-
	10	GND	23	M4_Fail+
	11	M3_Pass+	24	M4_Fail-
	12	M3_Pass-	25	No connection
	13	M4_Pass+	26	No connection

Note

The Digital GND signals are connected internally.

CAUTION

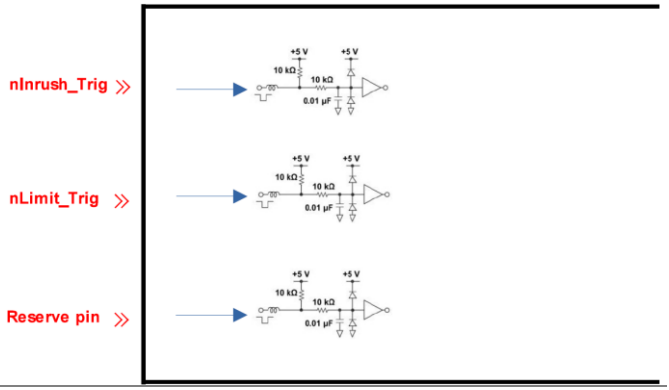
1. Do not apply voltage outside the range of 0 to 5 V to the remote-control input pins. Also, do not short the output pins or apply external voltage to them. If you do, the instrument may malfunction.
2. Pin 1 and Pin 20: VCC output, 5 V. It serves as the unregulated max power source for the external device/logic. The maximum current is 100 mA.

Limit_Trigger & Is_Trigger

Overview

Refer to the figure below for internal wiring diagram of Limit_Trigger and Is_Trigger, both of which are falling edge trigger. It is available to replace the physical trigger function of Trigger key in front panel with using the external TTL signals. Prior to Is_Trigger, it is required to select Is indicator in order to activate Is measurement mode. Due to the fact that both Limit_Trigger and Is_Trigger are in need of a period of 100 μs to mitigate noise-induced false triggering, please take it into account for application.

Internal wiring diagram

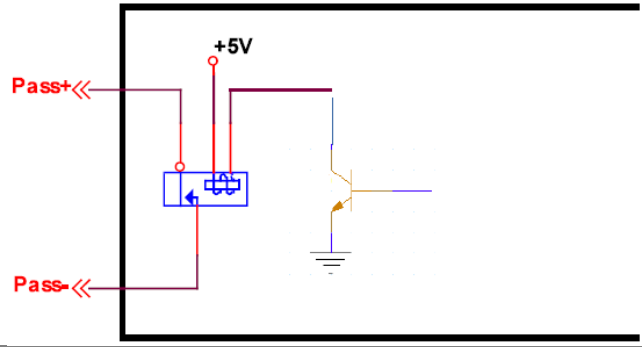


Pass + / Pass -

Overview

Refer to the figure below for internal wiring diagram of Pass + / Pass -. The Pass + / Pass – output is provided as two terminals of a single relay contact. When GO/NG function is executed, the relay contact will short circuit if test result turns out Pass. The specification of relay: 30 VDC / 0.5 A Max.

Internal wiring diagram

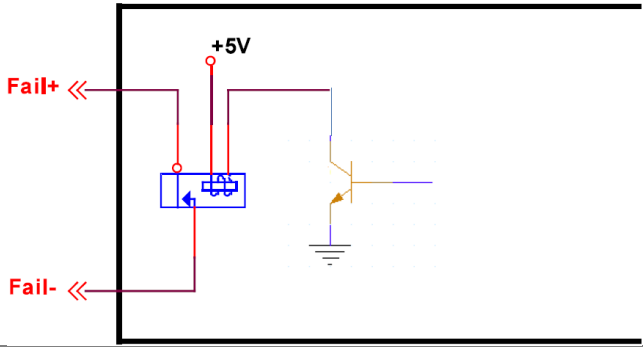


Fail + / Fail – Wiring Method

Overview

Refer to the figure below for internal wiring diagram of Fail + / Fail -. The Fail + / Fail – output is provided as two terminals of a single relay contact. When GO/NG function is executed, the relay contact will be short circuit if test result turns out Fail. The specification of relay: 30 VDC / 0.5 A Max.

Internal wiring diagram



REMOTE CONTROL

This chapter describes basic configuration of IEEE488.2 based remote control. For a command list, refer to the Command Overview chapter on page 171.

Configure Remote Control Interface 157
Configure USB Interface 157
Configure RS232 Interface 159
Configure GPIB Interface 161
Configure CANBUS Interface 163
Configure LAN Interface 168

Configure EOL Character 170

Return to Local Control 170

Configure Remote Control Interface

Configure USB Interface

USB Class

The USB port can be configured to CDC (Communications Device Class) or TMC (Test and Measurement Class). Before, hence, using remote control to GPM-8340 via USB port, install the appropriate CDC USB driver or the applicable NI-VISA for TMC connection.

Background

Continue the following setting from **SYSTEM CONFIG** setting screen

Steps

1. Press **Enter** button.

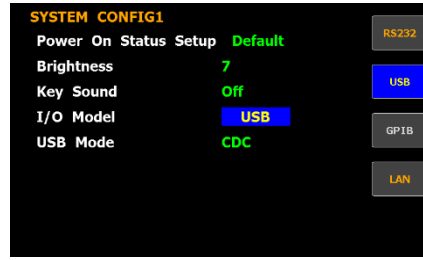


2. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **I/O Model** field.



3. Use soft keys to select and confirm the **USB** option.





USB Configuration

PC connector	Type A, host
GPM-8340 connector	Rear panel Type B, slave
Speed	1.1/2.0 (full speed/high speed)
USB Class	CDC (Communications device class), TMC (Test and Measurement class)
Hardware flow control	Off
Data Bits	8

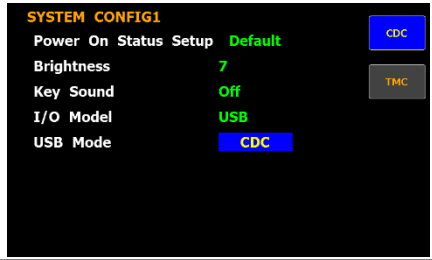
	Stop bit	1

Steps

4. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the **USB Mode** field.



5. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option	**CDC**	Communications device class
	TMC	Test and Measurement class
Default	**CDC**	

Configure RS232 Interface

Background	Continue the following setting from **SYSTEM CONFIG** setting screen

Steps

1. Press **Enter** button.

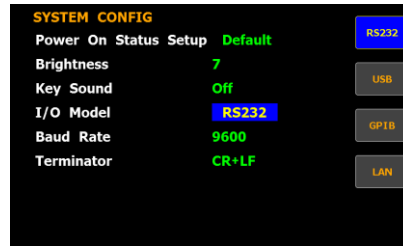


2. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **I/O Model** field.



3. Use soft keys to select and confirm the **RS232** option.

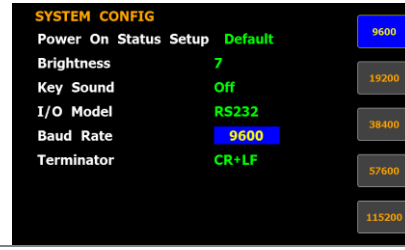




4. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Baud Rate** field.



5. Use soft keys to select and confirm the **Baud Rate** option.

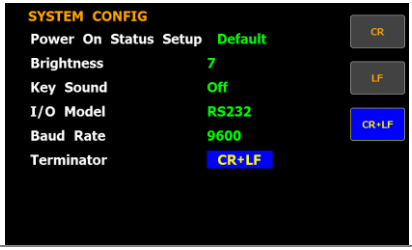


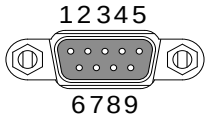
Option	**9600, 19200, 38400, 57600,115200**
Default value	**9600**

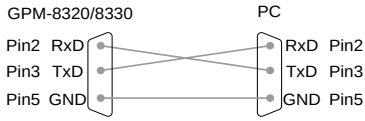
6. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Terminator** field.



7. Use soft keys to select and confirm the **Terminator** option.



Option	**CR, LF, CR + LF**	Terminator indicates the end of line for return message.
Default value	**CR + LF**	
RS232 Configuration	Selectable Baud rate	9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200
	Parity	None
	Hardware flow control	Off
	Data Bits	8
	Stop bit	1
RS232 Pin Assignments	Pin 2: RxD Pin 3: TxD Pin 5: GND Pin 1, 4, 6 to 9: No Connection	
PC Connection	Use a Null Modem connection as shown in the diagram below.	



Configure GPIB Interface

Background	Continue the following setting from **SYSTEM CONFIG** setting screen

Steps

1. Press **Enter** button.

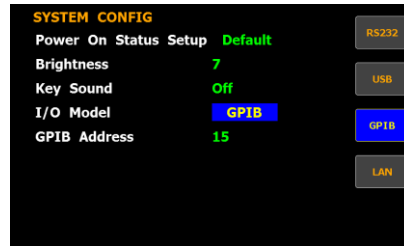


2. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **I/O Model** field.



3. Use soft keys to select and confirm the **GPIB** option.



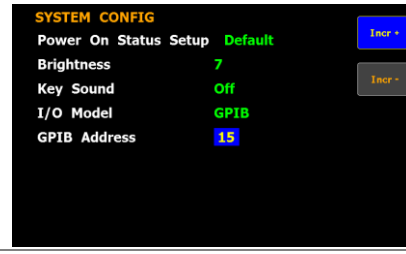


4. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **GPIB Address** field.



5. Use soft keys to increase or decrease to a target GPIB Address.

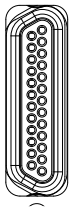




Option	The range of GPIB Address is from **1 to 30**.
Default option	**15**

GPIB Pin Assignments

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	Data I/O 1	13	Data I/O 5
2	Data I/O 2	14	Data I/O 6
3	Data I/O 3	15	Data I/O 7
4	Data I/O 4	16	Data I/O 8
5	EOI	17	REN
6	DAV	18	Ground (DAV)
7	NRFD	19	Ground (NRFD)
8	NDAC	20	Ground (NDAC)
9	IFC	21	Ground (IFC)
10	SRQ	22	Ground (SRQ)
11	ATN	23	Ground (ATN)
12	SHIELD Ground	24	Single GND



Configure CANBUS Interface

Background	Continue the following setting from **SYSTEM CONFIG** setting screen

Steps

1. Press **Enter** button.

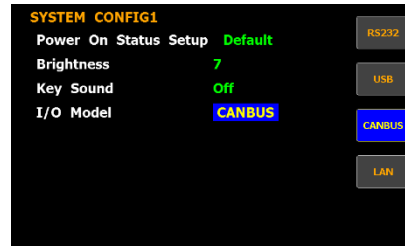


2. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **I/O Model** field.



3. Use soft keys to select and confirm the **CANBUS** option.





4. Press **Enter** button.

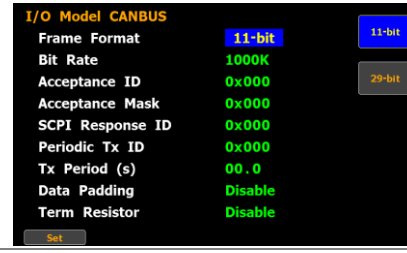


5. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Frame Format** field.



6. Use soft keys to select a target option for Frame Format.





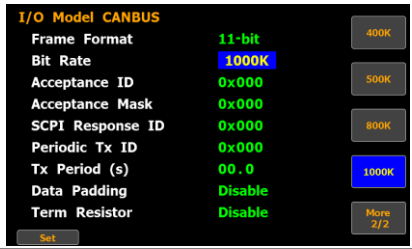
Option	**11-bit, 29-bit**
Default option	**11-bit**

Steps

7. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Bit Rate** field.



8. Use soft keys to select a target option for Bit Rate.





Option 100k, 125k, 200k, 250k, 400k, 500k, 800k, 1000k

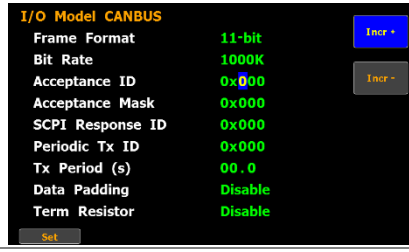
Default option **1000k**

Steps

9. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Acceptance ID** field.



10. Use soft keys to increase or decrease Acceptance ID.





Option **0x000 - 0x780**
(When Frame Format is 11-bit)

0x00000000 - 0x1FFFFC00
(When Frame Format is 29-bit)

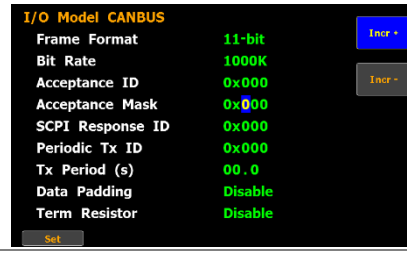
Default option **0x000**

Steps

11. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Acceptance Mask** field.



12. Use soft keys to increase or decrease Acceptance Mask.





Option **0x000 - 0x780**
(When Frame Format is 11-bit)

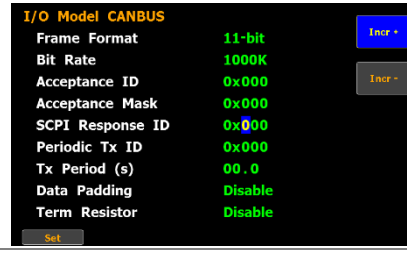
0x00000000 - 0x1FFFFC00
(When Frame Format is 29-bit)

Default option **0x000**

Steps 13. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **SCPI Response ID** field.



14. Use soft keys to increase or decrease SCPI Response ID.





Option **0x000 - 0x780**
(When Frame Format is 11-bit)

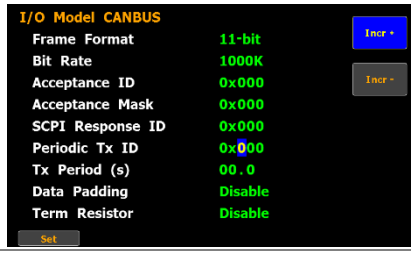
0x00000000 - 0x1FFFFC00
(When Frame Format is 29-bit)

Default option **0x000**

Steps 15. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Periodic Tx ID** field.



16. Use soft keys to increase or decrease Periodic Tx ID.





Option **0x000 - 0x780**
(When Frame Format is 11-bit)

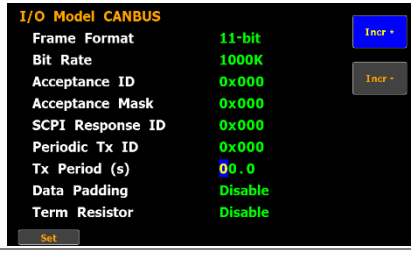
0x00000000 - 0x1FFFFC00
(When Frame Format is 29-bit)

Default option **0x000**

Steps 17. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Tx Period (s)** field.



18. Use soft keys to increase or decrease Tx Period (s).





Option **0.00 - 60.0**
(When Frame Format is 11-bit)

0.00 - 60.0
(When Frame Format is 29-bit)

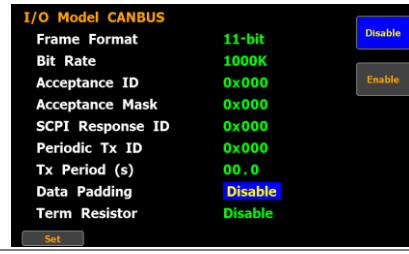
Default option **00.0**

Steps 19. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Data Padding** field.



20. Use soft keys to Enable or Disable Data Padding.





Option	Disable, Enable
Default option	**Disable**

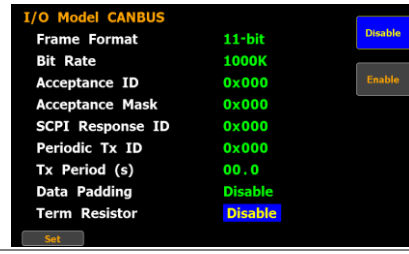
Steps

21. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Term Resistor** field.



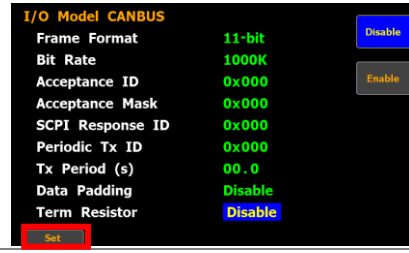
22. Use soft keys to Enable or Disable Term Resistor.





Option	Disable, Enable
Default option	**Disable**

23. Press the lower-left Set function key to have the above set configurations take effect.



Configure LAN Interface

Background	Continue the following setting from **SYSTEM CONFIG** setting screen

Steps

1. Press **Enter** button.

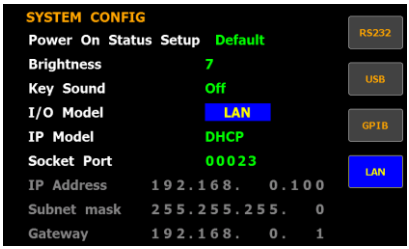


2. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **I/O Model** field.



3. Use soft keys to select and confirm the **LAN** option.



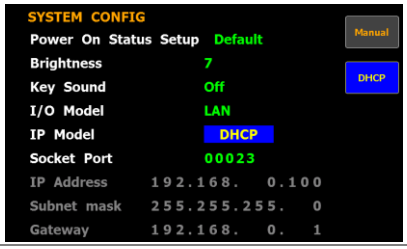


4. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **IP Model** field.

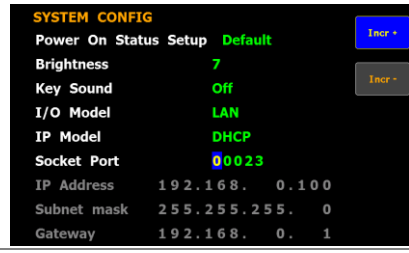


5. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.





Option	**Manual**	Set up IP Address, Subnet mask and Gateway manually.
	DHCP	DHCP server automatically assigns IP Address, Subnet mask and Gateway.

Default option	**DHCP**
Steps	6. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Socket Port** field. 
	7. Use soft keys to increase or decrease the parameter of Socket Port.  
Option	The range of Socket Port is from **00000 to 65535**.
Default option	**00023**
Steps	8. When selecting Manual for IP Model, press down arrow key to move cursor to **IP Address**, **Subnet Mask** and **Gateway** fields, individually. 
	9. Use soft keys to increase or decrease the parameters of **IP Address**, **Subnet Mask** and **Gateway** fields, individually. 
Default option	IP Address: **192.168.0.100** Subnet Mask: **255.255.255.0** Gateway: **192.168.0.1**

Configure EOL Character

Description	The system config menu can set the EOL (end-of-line) character for return message. **(The USB, GPIB and LAN's EOL character is fixed with CR + LF)** The EOL characters that can be received from the PC include CR + LF, LF + CR, CR or LF. The most common EOL character is CR + LF.

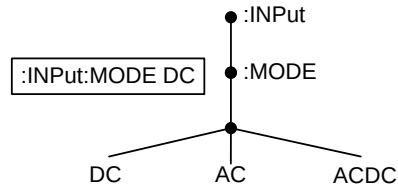
Return to Local Control

Background	When the unit is in remote control mode, the RMT icon above the main display can be seen. When this icon is not displayed, it indicates that the unit is in local control mode.
Procedure	1. Press the **Local** key when in remote mode. 2. The unit will go back into local mode and the RMT icon will turn off.

COMMAND OVERVIEW

The Command overview chapter lists all programming commands in functional order as well as alphabetical order. The command syntax section shows you the basic syntax rules you have to apply when using commands.

Command Syntax

Compatible Standard	IEEE488.2	Partial compatibility
	SCPI, 1994	Partial compatibility
Command Structure	SCPI (Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments) commands follow a tree-like structure, organized into nodes. Each level of the command tree is a node. Each keyword in a SCPI command represents each node in the command tree. Each keyword (node) of a SCPI command is separated by a colon (:). For example, the diagram below shows an SCPI sub-structure and a command example.  	

Command Types

There are a number of different instrument commands and queries. A command sends instructions or data to the unit and a query receives data or status information from the unit.

Command types	
Simple	A single command with/without a parameter
Example	:INPut:MODE DC
Query	A query is a simple or compound command followed by a question mark (?). A parameter (data) is returned.
Example	:INPut:CFACtor?

Command Forms

Commands and queries have two different forms, long and short. The command syntax is written with the short form of the command in capitals and the remainder (long form) in lower case.

The commands can be written either in capitals or lower-case, just so long as the short or long forms are complete. An incomplete command will not be recognized.

Below are examples of correctly written commands.

Long form	:INPut:SYNChronize VOLTage :COMMunicate:HEADer ON
Short form	:INP:SYNC VOLT :COMM:HEAD ON

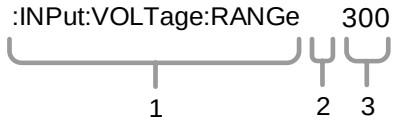
Square Brackets

Commands that contain square brackets indicate that the contents are optional. The function of the command is the same with or without the square bracketed items, as shown below. For example, for the query:

[:INPut]:FILTer?

Both :INPut:FILTer? and :FILTer? are valid forms.

Command Format



1. Command header
2. Space
3. Parameter 1

Common Input Parameters

Type	Description	Example
<Boolean>	boolean logic	0, 1
<NR1>	integers	0, 1, 2, 3
<NR2>	decimal numbers	0.1, 3.14, 8.5
<NR3>	floating point with exponent	4.5e-1, 8.25e+1
<NRf>	any of NR1, 2, 3	1, 1.5, 4.5e-1
[MIN] (Optional parameter)	For commands, this will set the setting to the lowest value. This parameter can be used in place of any numerical parameter where indicated. For queries, it will return the lowest possible value allowed for the particular setting.	

	[MAX] (Optional parameter)	For commands, this will set the setting to the highest value. This parameter can be used in place of any numerical parameter where indicated. For queries, it will return the highest possible value allowed for the particular setting.	
Message Terminator (EOL)	Remote Command	Marks the end of a command line. The following messages are in accordance with IEEE488.2 standard.	
		CR + LF	The most common EOL character is CR + LF
Message Separator	EOL or ; (semicolon)	Command Separator	

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*CLS

Set →

Description	Clears the standard event status register, extended event status register, and error queue.
Syntax	*CLS

*ESE

Set →
→ Query

Description	Sets or returns the ESER (Event Status Enable Register) contents.
Syntax	*ESE <NR1>
Query Syntax	*ESE?
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR1> 0~255
Example	*ESE 65 Set the ESER to 01000001 *ESE? ->130 ESER=10000010

*ESR → Query

Description	Returns and clears the SESR (Standard Event Status Register).
Query Syntax	*ESR?
Return parameter	<NR1> 0~255
Example	*ESR? ->198 SESR=11000110

*IDN → Query

Description	Returns the manufacturer, model number, serial number, and system version of the instrument.
Query Syntax	*IDN?
Return parameter	<String>
Example	*IDN? ->GWInstek,GPM-8340,GXXXXXXXXXXXXX,V1.00,V1.00

*OPC → Set / Query

Description	Sets or returns the operation complete bit (bit0) in SERS (Standard Event Status Register) when all pending operations are completed.	
Syntax	*OPC	
Query Syntax	*OPC?	
Return parameter	<NR1>0	Operation isn't completed.
	<NR1>1	Operation is completed.
Example	*OPC? Returns 1.	

*OPT

→ Query

Description	Returns the installed option.	
Query Syntax	*OPT?	
Return parameter	<String>	C1:GPIB/CAN C2:RS232 C3:USB Device C7:Ethernet EX1:External Sensor 1(2.5V/5V/10V) EX2:External Sensor 2 (10mV/25mV/50mV/100mV) G5:Harmonic measurement
Example	*OPT? ->C1,C2,C3,C7,EX1,EX2,G5	

*RST

Set →

Description	Initializes the settings
Syntax	*RST

*SRE

Set →
→ Query

Description	Sets or returns SRER (Service Request Enable Register)	
Syntax	*SRE <NR1>	
Query Syntax	*SRE?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR1>	0~255

Example	*SER 7 Set the the SRER to 00000111 *SRE? ->3 SRER=00000011

*STB

Query

Description	Returns the SBR (Status Byte Register) contents.
Query Syntax	*STB?
Return parameter	<NR1> 0~255
Example	*STB ? ->34 SBR=00100010

*TRG / :TRIGger

Set

Description	Three different modes, HOLD, INRUSH and, COMPARATOR are triggered by this command HOLD: Executes single measurement (the same operation as when SINGLE (HOLD) is pressed) HOLD, INRUSH modes ON->OFF,OFF->ON
Syntax	*TRG / :TRIGger

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:COMMunicate

→ Query

Description	Returns all communication settings.
Query Syntax	:COMMunicate?
Return parameter	<String>

:COMMunicate:HEADer

Set →
→ Query

Description	Sets or returns whether headers are attached to query responses.	
Syntax	:COMMunicate:HEADer {<Boolean>|OFF | ON}	
Query Syntax	:COMMunicate:HEADer?	
Parameter	<Boolean>0	OFF
	<Boolean>1	ON
Return parameter	0	Returns without a header.
	1	Returns with a header.
Example	:COMMUNICATE:HEADER ON :COMMUNICATE:HEADER? ->:COMMUNICATE:HEADER 1	

Note	Example of a response with a header :INPUT:VOLTAGE:RANGE 150.0E+00 Example of a response without a header 150.0E+00

:COMMunicate:LOCKout

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns local lockout.	
Syntax	:COMMunicate:LOCKout {<Boolean>|OFF | ON}	
Query Syntax	:COMMunicate:LOCKout?	
Parameter	<Boolean>0	OFF
	<Boolean>1	ON
Return parameter	0	Disable the local key.
	1	Enable the local key.
Example	:COMMUNICATE:LOCKOUT ON :COMMUNICATE:LOCKOUT? -> :COMMUNICATE:LOCKOUT 1	

:COMMunicate:REMote

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the GPM-8340 series to remote or local mode. ON is remote mode.	
Syntax	:COMMunicate:REMote {<Boolean>|OFF | ON}	
Query Syntax	:COMMunicate:REMote?	
Parameter	<Boolean>0	OFF
	<Boolean>1	ON
Return parameter	0	Turn the remote function off.
	1	Turn the remote function on.

Example	:COMMUNICATE:REMOTE ON :COMMUNICATE:REMOTE? ->:COMMUNICATE:REMOTE 1

:COMMunicate:STATus → Query

Description	Returns and clears the line-specific status. (Only for RS-232)	
Query Syntax	:COMMunicate:STATus?	
Return parameter (each status bit)	Bit 0	Parity error.
	Bit 1	Framing error.
	Bit 2	Noise error Break character detection.
	Bit 3 and higher	Always zero.
Example	:COMMUNICATE:STATUS? ->0	
Note	• When an event occurs, the corresponding bit is set in the status. • When the bit is read, it is cleared. • Zero is returned for interfaces other than RS-232.	

:COMMunicate:VERBose → Set / → Query

Description	Sets or returns whether the response to a query is returned fully spelled out or in its abbreviated form.	
Syntax	:COMMunicate:VERBose {<Boolean>|OFF | ON}	
Query Syntax	:COMMunicate:VERBose?	
Parameter	<Boolean>0	OFF
	<Boolean>1	ON
Return parameter	0	Turn the verbose function off.

	1 Turn the verbose function on.
Example	:COMMUNICATE:VERBOSE ON :COMMUNICATE:VERBOSE? ->:COMMUNICATE:VERBOSE 1
Note	Example of a response fully spelled out :INPUT:VOLTAGE:RANGE 150.0E+00 Example of a response in abbreviated form :VOLT:RANG 150.0E+00

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:DISPlay

→ Query

Description	Returns all display settings.
Query Syntax	:DISPlay?
Return parameter	<String>

:DISPlay:NORMal

→ Query

Description	Returns all normal measurement data display settings.
Query Syntax	:DISPlay:NORMal?
Return parameter	<String>

:DISPlay[:NORMal]:ITEM<x>

Set →
→ Query

Description	Sets or returns a normal measurement data display item.
Syntax	:DISPlay[:NORMal]:ITEM<x> <Function>[,<Element>]}
Query Syntax	:DISPlay[:NORMal]:ITEM<x>?

Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	1 to 10 (display).
	<Function>	U|UPPeak|UMPeak|I|IPPeak|IMPeak|P|PPPeak|PMPeak|S|Q|LAMBda|CFU|CFI|PHI|FU|FI|UTHD|ITHD|MATH|MCR|EFFi|INRUsh
	<Element>	{<NRf>|SIGMa}(<NRf> = 1 to 4)
Example	:DISPLAY:NORMAL:ITEM U1,1 :DISPLAY:NORMAL:ITEM1? ->:DISPLAY:NORMAL:ITEM1 U,1	

<Function>	Function	GPM-8340 Indicator
U	Voltage V	[V]
UPPeak	Maximum voltage: V+pk	[V+pk]
UMPeak	Minimum voltage: V-pk	[V-pk]
I	Current I	[I]
IPPeak	Maximum current: I+pk	[I+pk]
IMPeak	Minimum current: I-pk	[I-pk]
P	Active power P	[P]
PPPeak	Maximum power: P+pk	[P+pk]
PMPeak	Minimum power: P-pk	[P-pk]
S	Apparent power S	[VA]
Q	Reactive power Q	[VAR]
LAMBda	Power factor λ	[PF]
CFU	Voltage factor λ	[CFV]
CFI	Current factor λ	[CFI]
PHI	Phase difference Φ	[DEG]
FU	Voltage frequency fV	[VHz]
FI	Current frequency fI	[AHz]
UTHD	Total harmonic distortion of voltage Vthd	[THDV]

ITHD	Total harmonic distortion of current Ithd	[THDI]
MATH	Mathematical Computation	[MATH]
MCR	Maximum Current Ratio	[MCR]
EFFi	Power Efficiency	[EFFI]
INRUsh	Inrush current	[Inrush]

:DISPlay:INTegrate:ITEM<x>

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns a Integrate measurement data display item. Refer to page 122 for details.	
Syntax	:DISPlay:INTegrate:ITEM<x> {<Function>}	
Query Syntax	:DISPlay:INTegrate:ITEM<x>?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	1 to 2(display).
	<Function>	{WHP|WHM|WHAVG|AHP|AHM|AHA|AHAVG|JP|JM|JAVG|U|I}
	<Element>	1(If <Element> is omitted, the element is set to 1)
Example	:DISPLAY:INTEGRATE:ITEM1 WHP,1 :DISPLAY:INTEGRATE:ITEM1? ->:DISPLAY:INTEGRATE:ITEM1 WHP,1	

<Function>	Function	GPM-8340 Indicator
WHP	Positive watt hour WP+	[WP+]
WHM	Positive watt hour WP-	[WP-]
WHAVG	Average power	[P(avg)]
AHP	Positive ampere hour q+	[q+]
AHM	Positive ampere hour q	[q-]
AHAVG	Average current	[q(avg)
JP	Positive joule hour J+	[J+]
JM	Positive joule hour J-	[J-]
JAVG	Average joule	[J(avg)]

U	Voltage V	[V]
I	Current I	[I]

:DISPlay:PAGE

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the display page item.	
Syntax	:DISPlay:PAGE {<Function>}	
Query Syntax	:DISPlay:PAGE?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<Function>	{MEASurement|ENLArge|INTEgrator| SYSTem_INFO|SYSTem_CONFig1| SYSTem_CONFig2|SETUp|AVERage| VA_RANGe_CONFig| EXT_RANGe_CONFig|RATIo|EXTernal| SAVE_LOAD|HARDCOPY|MATH| COMPare|INRUsh|HOLD|GRAPh| HARMonic_GRAPh| HARMonic_LIST_GRAPh}
Example	:DISPLAY:PAGE MEASUREMENT :DISPLAY:PAGE? ->:DISPLAY:PAGE MEASUREMENT	

:DISPlay:NUMeric[:NORMal]:FORMat

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or queries the numeric display format.
Syntax	:DISPlay:NUMeric[:NORMal]:FORMat {VAL1o|MATRix| SIGMa / COMParator}
Query Syntax	:DISPlay:NUMeric[:NORMal]:FORMat?

Parameter/ Return parameter	VAL10	Numeric display items are displayed in order by their item numbers.
	MATRix	Selected functions are displayed in order by element.
	SIGMa	SIGMA functions are displayed in order by element.
	COMParator	COMParato functions are displays tests
Example	:DISPLAY:NUMERIC:NORMAL:FORMAT VAL10 :DISPLAY:NUMERIC:NORMAL:FORMAT? ->:DISPLAY:NUMERIC:NORMAL:FORMAT VAL10	

:DISPlay:NUMeric[:NORMal]:PAGE

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or queries the displayed page of the numeric display	
Syntax	:DISPlay:NUMeric[:NORMal]:PAGE {<NRf>}	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NRf>	VAL10: 1-5 MATRIX / SIGMA:1 to 4 COMParator:None (Page number)
Example	:DISPLAY:NUMERIC:NORMAL:PAGE 1 :DISPLAY:NUMERIC:NORMAL:PAGE? ->:DISPLAY:NUMERIC:NORMAL:PAGE 1	

:DISPlay:COMPare:ELEMent

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or queries the displayed compara element of the numeric compare display
Syntax	:DISPlay:COMPare:ELEMent {<Element>}
Parameter/ Return parameter	<Element> 1 to 4
Example	:DISPLAY:COMPARE:ELEMENT 1 :DISPLAY:COMPARE:ELEMENT? ->:DISPLAY:COMPARE:ELEMENT 1

:DISPlay:COMPare:PAGE

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or queries the displayed compare page of the numeric compare display
Syntax	:DISPlay:COMPare:PAGE {<NRf>}
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NRf> 1-5
Example	:DISPLAY:COMPARE:PAGE 1 :DISPLAY:COMPARE:PAGE? ->:DISPLAY:COMPARE:PAGE 1

HARMonics Command

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:HARMonics

→ Query

Description	Returns all harmonic measurement settings.
Query Syntax	:HARMonics?
Return parameter	<String>

:HARMonics:DISPlay

→ Query

Description	Returns all harmonic measurement display settings.
Query Syntax	:HARMonics:DISPlay?
Return parameter	<String>

:HARMonics:DISPlay:STATe

Set →
→ Query

Description	Sets or returns the on/off state of harmonic measurement data display.
Syntax	:HARMonics:DISPlay:STATe {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}
Query Syntax	:HARMonics:DISPlay:STATe?
Parameter	<Boolean>0 OFF <Boolean>1 ON

Return parameter	0	Turn the harmonics display off.
	1	Turn the harmonics display on.
Example	: HARMONICS:DISPLAY:STATE OFF	
	: HARMONICS:DISPLAY:STATE?	
	->:HARMONICS:DISPLAY:STATE 0	

:HARMonics:DISPlay:ORDer

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the harmonic order of the harmonic component that is shown in graph->harmonics->bar page for the harmonic measurement data display.
Syntax	:HARMonics:DISPlay:ORDer {<NR1>}
Query Syntax	:HARMonics:DISPlay:ORDer?
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR1> 1 to 50 (harmonic order).
Example	:HARMONICS:DISPLAY:ORDER 1
	:HARMONICS:DISPLAY:ORDER?
	->:HARMONICS:DISPLAY:ORDER 1

:HARMonics:PLLSource

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the PLL source.	
Syntax	:HARMonics:PLLSource {NONE| U<x>|I<x>}	
	<x> = 1 to 4(element)	
Query Syntax	:HARMonics:PLLSource?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	U1/U2/U3/U4	Select pll source at voltage.
	I1/I2/I3/I4	Select pll source at current.
Example	:HARMONICS:PLLSOURCE U1	
	:HARMONICS:PLLSOURCE?	
	->:HARMONICS:PLLSOURCE U1	

:HARMonics:ORDer

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the maximum and minimum harmonic orders that are analyzed.	
Syntax	:HARMonics:ORDer {<NRf>,<NRf>}	
Query Syntax	:HARMonics:ORDer?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	1st <NRf>	1(minimum harmonic order,fixed at 1)
	2nd <NRf>	50 (maximum harmonic order)
Example	:HARMONICS:ORDER 1,20 :HARMONICS:ORDER? ->:HARMONICS:ORDER 1,20	

:HARMonics:THD

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the equation used to compute the THD (total harmonic distortion).	
Syntax	:HARMonics:THD {TOTal|FUNDamental}	
Query Syntax	:HARMonics:THD?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	TOTal	(CSA)
	FUNDamental	(IEC)
Example	:HARMONICS:THD FUNDAMENTAL :HARMONICS:THD? ->:HARMONICS:THD FUNDAMENTAL	

HOLD Command

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:HOLD

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the off state of the output hold feature for display, communication, and other types of data.	
Syntax	:HOLD {<Boolean>|OFF|ON }	
Query Syntax	:HOLD?	
Parameter	<Boolean>0	OFF
	<Boolean>1	ON
Return parameter	0	Turn the hold function off.
	1	Turn the hold function on.
Example	:HOLD OFF :HOLD? ->:HOLD 0	

:HOLD:MODE

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the STOP, MAX and MIN mode of the output hold feature for display, communication, and other types of data.
Syntax	:HOLD:MODE { STOP| MAX| MIN }
Query Syntax	:HOLD:MODE?
Parameter/ Return parameter	STOP|MAX|MIN
Example	:HOLD:MODE STOP :HOLD:MODE? ->:HOLD:MODE STOP

:HOLD:TIME

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the hold time value.
Syntax	:HOLD:TIME {<NRf>}
Query Syntax	:HOLD:TIME?
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NRf> 1 to 9999
Example	:HOLD:TIME 10 :HOLD:TIME? ->:HOLD:TIME 10

INPut Commands

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:INPut

→ Query

Description	Returns all input settings.
Query Syntax	:INPut?
Return parameter	<String>

[:INPut]:WIRing

Set →
→ Query

Description	Sets or returns the wiring system.
Syntax	[:INPut]:WIRing {P1W2|P1W3|P3W3|P3W4|V3A3}
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:WIRing?
Parameter/ Return parameter	P1W2 P1W3 P3W3 P3W4 V3A3
Example	:INPUT:WIRING P1W2 :INPUT:WIRING? ->:INPUT:WIRING P1W2

[:INPut]:MODE

Set →
→ Query

Description	Sets or returns the voltage and current measurement mode.
Syntax	[:INPut]:MODE {DC|AC|RMS|DCAC|VMEan}

Query Syntax	[:INPut]:MODE?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	DC	Select the dc measurement mode.
	AC|RMS	Select the ac measurement mode.
	DCAC	Select the dcac measurement mode.
	VMEan	Select the vmean measurement mode.
Example	:INPUT:MODE DC :INPUT:MODE? ->:INPUT:MODE DC	

[:INPut]:VOLTage → Query

Description	Returns all voltage measurement settings.
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:VOLTage?
Return parameter	<String>

[:INPut]:VOLTage:RANGe → Query

Description	Returns the voltage ranges of all elements.
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:VOLTage:RANGe?
Example	:INPUT:VOLTAGE:RANGE? ->:INPUT:VOLTAGE:RANGE:ELEMENT1 15.0E+00;ELEMENT2 15.0E+00;ELEMENT3 15.0E+00;ELEMENT4 15.0E+00

[:INPut]:VOLTage:RANGe:ALL → Set

Description	Sets the voltage ranges of all elements.	
Syntax	[:INPut]:VOLTage:RANGe:ALL {<Voltage>}	
Paramete	<Voltage>	15, 30, 60, 150, 300, 600, 1000(V)
Example	:INPUT:VOLTAGE:RANGE:ALL 1000V	

[:INPut]:VOLTage:RANGe:ELEMent<x>

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the voltage range of the specified element.	
Syntax	[:INPut]:VOLTage:RANGe:ELEMent<x> {<Voltage>}	
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:VOLTage:RANGe:ELEMent<x>?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	1 to 4
	<Voltage>	15, 30, 60, 150, 300, 600, 1000(V)
Example	:INPUT:VOLTAGE:RANGE:ELEMENT1 600V :INPUT:VOLTAGE:RANGE:ELEMENT1? ->:INPUT:VOLTAGE:RANGE:ELEMENT1 600.0E+00	

[:INPut]:VOLTage:RANGe:SIGMa

Set →

Description	Collectively sets the voltage range of all the elements that belong to the specified wiring unit (ΣA)	
Syntax	[:INPut]:VOLTage:RANGe:SIGMa {<Voltage>}	
parameter	<Voltage>	15, 30, 60, 150, 300, 600, 1000(V)
Example	:INPUT:VOLTAGE:RANGE:SIGMA 1000V	

[:INPut]:VOLTage:AUTO

→ Query

Description	Returns the voltage auto range on/off statuses of all elements.
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:VOLTage:AUTO?
Example	:INPUT:VOLTAGE:AUTO? ->:INPUT:VOLTAGE:AUTO: ELEMENT1 0;ELEMENT2 0;ELEMENT3 0;ELEMENT4 0

[:INPut]:VOLTage:AUTO:ALL

Set

Description	Collectively Sets the voltage auto ranges on/off status of all elements.
Syntax	[:INPut]:VOLTage:AUTO:ALL {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}
parameter	<Boolean>0 OFF <Boolean>1 ON
Example	:INPUT:VOLTAGE:AUTO:ALL ON

[:INPut]:VOLTage:AUTO:ELEMent<x>

Set / Query

Description	Sets or returns the voltage auto range on/off status of the specified element.
Syntax	[:INPut]:VOLTage:AUTO:ELEMent<x> {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:VOLTage:AUTO:ELEMent<x>?
parameter	<x> 1 to 4 <Boolean>0 OFF <Boolean>1 ON
Return parameter	0 Turn the voltage auto range function off. 1 Turn the voltage auto range function on.
Example	:INPUT:VOLTAGE:AUTO:ELEMENT1 ON :INPUT:VOLTAGE:AUTO:ELEMENT1? ->:INPUT:VOLTAGE:AUTO:ELEMENT1 1

[:INPut]:VOLTage:AUTO:SIGMa (Set)

Description	Collectively sets the voltage auto range on/off status of all the elements that belong to the specified wiring unit(ΣA).
Syntax	[:INPut]:VOLTage:AUTO:SIGMa {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}
parameter	<Boolean>0 OFF <Boolean>1 ON
Example	:INPUT:VOLTAGE:AUTO:SIGMA ON

[:INPut]:VOLTage:CONFig (Query)

Description	Returns the valid voltage range of all elements.
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:VOLTage:CONFig?
Example	:INPUT:VOLTAGE:CONFIG? ->:INPUT:VOLTAGE:CONFIG:ELEMENT1 1000.0E+00;ELEMENT2 1000.0E+00;ELEMENT3 1000.0E+00;ELEMENT4 1000.0E+00

[:INPut]:VOLTage:CONFig:ALL (Set)

Description	Collectively Sets the valid voltage ranges of all elements.
Syntax	[:INPut]:VOLTage:CONFig:ALL {ALL|<Voltage>[,Voltage]...}
Parameter	ALL All ranges are valid. <Voltage> 15, 30, 60, 150, 300, 600, 1000(V)
Example	:INPUT:VOLTAGE:CONFIG:ALL 1000V,600V,15V

[:INPut]:VOLTage:CONFig:ELEMent<x>

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the voltage range of the specified element.	
Syntax	[:INPut]:VOLTage:CONFig:ELEMent<x> {ALL|<Voltage>[,Voltage]…}	
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:VOLTage:CONFig:ELEMent<x>?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	1 to 4
	ALL	All ranges are valid.
	<Voltage>	15, 30, 60, 150, 300, 600, 1000(V)
Example	:INPUT:VOLTAGE:CONFIG:ELEMENT1 1000V,15V :INPUT:VOLTAGE:CONFIG:ELEMENT1? ->:INPUT:VOLTAGE:CONFIG:ELEMENT1 1000.0E+00, 15.0E+00	

[:INPut]:VOLTage:POJump

→ Query

Description	Returns the jump destination ranges of all elements that are used when a voltage peak over-range occurs.
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:VOLTage:POJump?
Example	:INPUT:VOLTAGE:POJUMP? ->:INPUT:VOLTAGE:POJUMP:ELEMENT1 1000.0E+00;ELEMENT2 1000.0E+00;ELEMENT3 1000.0E+00;ELEMENT4 1000.0E+00

[:INPut]:VOLTage:POJump:ALL

Set

Description	Collectively Sets the jump destination ranges of all elements that are used when a voltage peak over-range occurs	
Syntax	[:INPut]:VOLTage:POJump:ALL {OFF|<Voltage>}	
Parameter	OFF	No jump destination voltage range.
	<Voltage>	15, 30, 60, 150, 300, 600, 1000(V)
Example	:INPUT:VOLTAGE:POJUMP:ALL 1000V	

[:INPut]:VOLTage:POJump:ELEMent<x>

Set / Query

Description	Sets or returns the jump destination range of the specified element that is used when a voltage peak over-range occurs.	
Syntax	[:INPut]:VOLTage:POJump:ELEMent<x> {OFF|<Voltage>}	
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:VOLTage:POJump:ELEMent<x>?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	1 to 4
	OFF	No jump destination voltage range.
	<Voltage>	15, 30, 60, 150, 300, 600, 1000(V)
Example	:INPUT:VOLTAGE:POJUMP:ELEMENT1 1000V :INPUT:VOLTAGE:POJUMP:ELEMENT1? ->:INPUT:VOLTAGE: POJUMP:ELEMENT1 1000.0E+00	

[:INPut]:CURRent

Query

Description	Returns all current measurement settings.
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent?
Return parameter	<String>

[:INPut]:CURRent:RANGe → Query

Description	Returns the current ranges of all elements.
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:RANGe?
Example	:INPUT:CURRENT:RANGE? ->:INPUT:CURRENT:RANGE:ELEMENT1 5.00E-03; ELEMENT2 5.00E-03; ELEMENT3 5.00E-03; ELEMENT4 5.00E-03;

[:INPut]:CURRent:RANGe:ALL Set →

Description	Sets the current ranges of all elements.	
Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:RANGe:ALL <Current>|(EXTernal<x>,<Voltage>)	
Paramete	<Current >	5mA,20mA,50mA,200mA,500mA,2A,5A,20A
	<x>	1,2(EXT1,EXT2)
	EXTernal1 <Voltage>	2.5, 5,10(V)
	EXTernal2 <Voltage>	10,25,50,100,(mV)
Example	:INPUT:CURRENT:RANGE:ALL 20A :INPUT:CURRENT:RANGE:ALL EXTERNAL1,10V :INPUT:CURRENT:RANGE:ALL EXTERNAL2,10mV	

[:INPut]:CURRent:RANGe:ELEMent<x> Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the current ranges of specified elements.
Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:RANGe:ELEMent<x> <Current>|(EXTernal<y>,<Voltage>)
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:RANGe:ELEMent<x>?

Paramete	<x>	1 to 4
	<Current >	5mA,20mA,50mA,200mA,500mA,2A,5A,20A
	<y>	1,2(EXT1,EXT2)
	EXTernal1 <Voltage>	2.5, 5,10(V)
	EXTernal2 <Voltage>	10,25,50,100,(mV)
Example	:INPUT:CURRENT:RANGE:ELEMENT1 20A	
	:INPUT:CURRENT:RANGE:ELEMENT1?	
	->:INPUT:CURRENT:RANGE 20.0E+00	
	:INPUT:CURRENT:RANGE:ELEMENT1 EXTERNAL1,10V	
	:INPUT:CURRENT:RANGE:ELEMENT1?	
	->:INPUT:CURRENT:RANGE:ELEMENT1 10.0E+00	
	:INPUT:CURRENT:RANGE:ELEMENT1 EXTERNAL2,100mV	
	:INPUT:CURRENT:RANGE:ELEMENT1?	
	->:INPUT:CURRENT:RANGE:ELEMENT1 100.0E-03	

[:INPut]:CURRent:RANGe:SIGMa

Set →

Description	Collectively sets the current range of all the elements that belong to the specified wiring unit (ΣA)
Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:RANGe:SIGMa <Current>|(EXTernal<x>,<Voltage>)

Paramete	<Current>	5mA,20mA,50mA,200mA,500mA,2A,5A,20A
	<x>	1,2(EXT1,EXT2)
	EXTernal1 <Voltage>	2.5, 5,10(V)
	EXTernal2 <Voltage>	10,25,50,100,(mV)
Example	:INPUT:CURRENT:RANGE:SIGMA 20A	
	:INPUT:CURRENT:RANGE:SIGMA EXTERNAL1,10V	
	:INPUT:CURRENT:RANGE:SIGMA EXTERNAL2,10mV	

[:INPut]:CURRent:AUTO → Query

Description	Returns the current auto range on/off statuses of all elements.
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:AUTO?
Example	:INPUT:CURRent:AUTO? ->:INPUT:CURRENT:AUTO: ELEMENT1 0;ELEMENT2 0;ELEMENT3 0;ELEMENT4 0

[:INPut]:CURRent:AUTO:ALL Set →

Description	Collectively Sets the current auto ranges on/off status of all elements.
Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:AUTO:ALL {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}
parameter	<Boolean>0 OFF <Boolean>1 ON
Example	:INPUT:CURRENT:AUTO:ALL ON

[:INPut] :CURRent:AUTO:ELEMent<x> Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the current auto range on/off status of the specified element.
Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:AUTO:ELEMent<x> {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:AUTO:ELEMent<x>?
parameter	<x> 1 to 4 <Boolean>0 OFF <Boolean>1 ON
Return parameter	0 Turn the current auto range function off. 1 Turn the current auto range function on.

Example	:INPPUT:CURRENT:AUTO:ELEMENT1 ON :INPPUT:CURRENT:AUTO:ELEMENT1? ->:INPPUT:CURRENT:AUTO:ELEMENT1 1

[:INPut]:CURRent:AUTO:SIGMa Set

Description	Collectively sets the current auto range on/off status of all the elements that belong to the specified wiring unit(ΣA).
Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:AUTO:SIGMa {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}
parameter	<Boolean>0 OFF <Boolean>1 ON
Example	:INPUT:CURRENT:AUTO:SIGMA ON

[:INPut]:CURRent:CONFig Query

Description	Returns the valid current range of all elements.
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:CONFig?
Example	:INPUT:CURRENT:CONFIG? ->:INPUT:CURRENT:CONFIG:ELEMENT1 20.0E+00,200.0E-03; ELEMENT2 20.0E+00,200.0E-03; ELEMENT3 20.0E+00,200.0E-3; ELEMENT4 20.0E+00,200.0E-03;

[:INPut]:CURRent:CONFig:ALL Set

Description	Collectively Sets the valid current ranges of all elements.
Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:CONFig:ALL {ALL|<Current>[,Current]…}
Parameter	AL All ranges are valid. <Current> 5mA,20mA,50mA,200mA,500mA,2A,5A,20A
Example	:INPUT:CURRENT:CONFIG:ALL 20A,200mA

[:INPut]:CURRent:CONFig:ELEMent<x>

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the current range of the specified element.	
Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:CONFig:ELEMent<x> {ALL|<Current>[,Current]...}	
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:CONFig:ELEMent<x>?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	1 to 4
	ALL	All ranges are valid.
	<Current>	5mA,20mA,50mA,200mA,500mA,2A,5A,20A
Example	:INPUT:CURRENT:CONFIG:ELEMENT1 20A,200mA :INPUT:CURRENT:CONFIG:ELEMENT1? ->:INPUT:CURRENT:CONFIG:ELEMENT1 20.0E+00, 200.0E-03	

[:INPut]:CURRent:POJump

→ Query

Description	Returns the jump destination ranges of all elements that are used when a current peak over-range occurs.
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:POJump?
Example	:INPUT:CURRENT:POJUMP? ->:INPUT:CURRENT:POJUMP:ELEMENT1 20.0E+00; ELEMENT2 20.0E+00; ELEMENT3 20.0E+00; ELEMENT4 20.0E+00

[:INPut]:CURRent:POJump:ALL

Set

Description	Collectively Sets the jump destination ranges of all elements that are used when a current peak over-range occurs	
Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:POJump:ALL {OFF|<Voltage>}	
Parameter	OFF	No jump destination current range.
	<Current>	5mA,20mA,50mA,200mA,500mA,2A,5A, 20A
Example	:INPUT:CURRENT:POJUMP:ALL 20A	

[:INPut]:CURRent:POJump:ELEMent<x>

Set

Query

Description	Sets or returns the jump destination range of the specified element that is used when a current peak over-range occurs.	
Syntax	[:INPut]: CURRent:POJump:ELEMent<x> {OFF|<Current>}	
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:POJump:ELEMent<x>?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	1 to 4
	OFF	No jump destination current range.
	<Current>	5mA,20mA,50mA,200mA,500mA,2A,5A, 20A
Example	:INPUT:CURRENT:POJUMP:ELEMENT1 20A :INPUT:CURRENT:POJUMP:ELEMENT1? ->:INPUT:CURRENT:POJUMP:ELEMENT1 20.0E+00	

[:INPut]:CURRent:EXTSensor:CONFig → Query

Description	Returns the valid external current sensor range of all elements.
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:EXTSensor:CONFig? {EXT1/EXT2}
Parameter	EXT1 | EXT2
Example	:INPUT:CURRENT:EXTSENSOR:CONFIG? EXT1 ->:INPUT:CURRENT:EXTSENSOR:CONFIG1:ELEMENT 1 10.0E+00,2.50E-03; ELEMENT2 10.0E+00,2.50E-03; ELEMENT3 10.0E+00,2.50E-3; ELEMENT4 10.0E+00,2.50E-03;

[:INPut]:CURRent:EXTSensor:CONFig:ALL<x> → Set

Description	Collectively Sets the valid external current sensor ranges of all elements.	
Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent: EXTSensor:CONFig:ALL<x> {ALL|<Voltage>[,Voltage]…}	
Paramete	<x>	1,2(EXT1, EXT2)
	EXTernal1 <Voltage>	2.5, 5,10(V)
	EXTernal2 <Voltage>	10,25,50, 100, (mV)
Example	:INPUT:CURRENT:EXTSENSOR:CONFIG:ALL 2.5V,10V	

[:INPut]:CURRent:EXTSensor:CONFig:ELEMent<x><y>

Set → Query

Description	Sets or returns the external current sensor range of the specified element.	
Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:EXTSensor:CONFig:ELEMent<x><y> {ALL|< Voltage >[, Voltage]…}	
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:EXTSensor:CONFig:ELEMent<x><y>?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	1 to 4(Element)
	<y>	1,2(EXT1, EXT2)
	ALL	All ranges are valid.
	EXTernal1	
	<Voltage>	2.5, 5,10(V)
	EXTernal2	
	<Voltage>	10,25,50, 100, (mV)
Example	:INPUT:CURRENT:EXTSENSOR:CONFIG:ELEMENT11 2.5V,10V :INPUT:CURRENT:EXTSENSOR:CONFIG:ELEMENT11 ? ->:INPUT:CURRENT:EXTSENSOR:CONFIG:ELEMENT1 2.50E+00, 10.0E+00	

[:INPut]:CURRent:EXTSensor:POJump

→ Query

Description	Returns the jump destination ranges of all elements that are used when a current peak over-range occurs.
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:EXTSensor:POJump?

Example	:INPUT:CURRENT:EXTSENSOR:POJUMP:ELEMENT1 EXTERNAL1 ,10.0E+00;ELEMENT2 EXTERNAL1,10.0E+00;ELEMENT3 EXTERNAL1 ,10.0E+00;ELEMENT4 EXTERNAL1 ,10.0E+00

[:INPut]:CURRent:EXTSensor:POJump:ALL<x> Set

Description	Collectively Sets the jump destination ranges of all elements that are used when a current peak over-range occurs.	
Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:EXTSensor:POJump:ALL<x> {OFF|<Voltage>}	
Parameter	<x>	1,2(EXT1, EXT2)
	OFF	No jump destination current range.
	EXTernal1 <Voltage>	2.5, 5,10(V)
	EXTernal2 <Voltage>	10,25,50,100, (mV)
Example	:INPUT:CURRENT:EXTSENSOR:POJUMP:ALL1 2.5V	

[:INPut]:CURRent:EXTSensor:POJump:ELEMent<x><y> Set Query

Description	Sets or returns the jump destination range of the specified element that is used when a current peak over-range occurs.
Syntax	[:INPut]: CURRent:EXTSensor:POJump:ELEMent<x><y> {OFF|<Current>}
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:EXTSensor:POJump:ELEMent<x>?

arameter/ Return parameter	<x>	1 to 4
	<y>	1,2(EXT1, EXT2)
	OFF	No jump destination current range.
	EXTernal1	
	<Voltage>	2.5, 5,10(V)
	EXTernal2	
	<Voltage>	10,25,50,100, (mV)
Example	:INPUT:CURRENT:EXTSENSOR:POJUMP:ELEMENT11 2.5V :INPUT:CURRENT:EXTSENSOR:POJUMP:ELEMENT1? ->:INPUT:CURRENT:EXTSENSOR:POJUMP:ELEMENT 1 2.50E+00	

[:INPut]:CURRent:SRATio<x> → Query

Description	Returns the external current sensor ranges conversion ratio of all elements.
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:SRATio<x>?
Parament	<x> 1,2(EXT1,EXT2)
Example	:INPUT:CURRENT:SRATio1? ->:INPUT:CURRENT:SRATIO:ELEMENT1 1.000; ELEMENT2 1.000;ELEMENT3 1.000;ELEMENT4 1.000

[:INPut]:CURRent:SRATio:ALL<x> Set →

Description	Collectively Sets the external current sensor ranges conversion ratio of all elements	
Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:SRATio:ALL<x> {<NRf>}	
Parameter	<x>	1,2(EXT1, EXT2)
	<NRf>	0.001-9999
Example	:INPUT:CURRENT:SRATIO:ALL1 1	

[:INPut]:CURRent:SRATio:ELEMent<x><y>

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the external current sensor ranges conversion ratio of the specified element.	
Syntax	[:INPut]: CURRent:SRATio:ELEMent<x><y> {<NRf>}	
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:POJump:ELEMent<x><y>?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	1 to 4
	<y>	1,2(EXT1, EXT2)
	<NRf>	0.001-9999.
Example	:INPUT:CURRENT:SRATIO:ELEMENT11 1 :INPUT:CURRENT:SRATIO:ELEMENT11? ->:INPUT:CURRENT:SRATIO:ELEMENT1 EXT1,1.000	

[:INPut]:CURRent:SRATio:SIGMa

Set →

Description	Collectively sets the external current sensor ranges conversion ratio of all the elements that belong to the specified wiring unit (ΣA)	
Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:SRATio:SIGMa {<NRf>,<Function>}	
Paramete	<NRf>	0.001-9999
	Function	EXT1, EXT2
Example	:INPUT:CURRENT:SRATIO:SIGMA 1,EXT1	

[:INPut]:CURRent:INRush:STATe

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the inrush on/off state.	
Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:INRush:STATe {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}	
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:INRush:STATe?	
Parameter	<Boolean>0	OFF

	<Boolean>1	ON
Return parameter	0	Turn the inrush function off.
	1	Turn the inrush function on.
Example	:INPUT:CURRENT:INRUSH:STATE ON :INPUT:CURRENT:INRUSH:STATE? ->:INPUT:CURRENT:INRUSH:STATE 1	

[:INPut]:CURRent:INRush:LEVel

Set → → Query

Description	Sets or returns the inrush level value.
Syntax	[:INPut]: CURRent:INRush:LEVel {<NRf>}
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:INRush:LEVel?
Parameter/ Return parameter	NRf> 0.001-99.999(A).
Example	:INPUT:CURRENT:INRUSH:LEVEL 0.1 :INPUT:CURRENT:INRUSH:LEVEL? ->:INPUT:CURRENT:INRUSH:LEVEL 0.100A

[:INPut]:CURRent:INRush:TIME

Set → → Query

Description	Sets or returns the inrush time value.
Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:INRush:TIME {<NRf>}
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:INRush:TIME?
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NRf> 1-9999(mS).
Example	:INPUT:CURRENT:INRUSH:TIME 1 :INPUT:CURRENT:INRUSH:TIME? ->:INPUT:CURRENT:INRUSH:TIME 1mS

[:INPut]:CURRent:INRush:DELay

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the inrush delay value.	
Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:INRush:DELay {<NRf>}	
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:CURRent:INRush:DELay?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	NRf>	0-9999(mS).
Example	:INPUT:CURRENT:INRUSH:DELAY 1 :INPUT:CURRENT:INRUSH:DELAY? ->:INPUT:CURRENT:INRUSH:DELAY 1mS	

[:INPut]:RCONfig

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the on/off state of the range configuration (valid range selection) feature.	
Syntax	[:INPut]:RCONfig {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}	
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:RCONfig?	
Parameter	<Boolean>0	OFF
	<Boolean>1	ON
Return parameter	0	Turn the range configuration feature off.
	1	Turn the range configuration feature on.
Example	:INPUT:RCONFIG ON :INPUT:RCONFIG? ->:INPUT:RCONFIG 1	

[:INPut]:RCONfig:MEASure:VIEW

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the display type of the measure voltage and current range configuration.	
Syntax	[:INPut]:RCONfig:MEASure:VIEW {V|I}	
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:RCONfig:MEASure:VIEW ?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	V	Display voltage.
	I	Display current
Example	:INPUT:RCONFIG:MEASURE:VIEW V :INPUT:RCONFIG:MEASURE:VIEW? ->:INPUT:RCONFIG:MEASURE:VIEW V	

[:INPut]:RCONfig:EXTSensor:VIEW

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the display type of the measure external current sensor range configuration.	
Syntax	[:INPut]:RCONfig:EXTSensor:VIEW {EXT1|EXT2}	
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:RCONfig:EXTSensor:VIEW ?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	EXT1	Display external1.
	EXT2	Display external2
Example	:INPUT:RCONFIG:EXTSENSOR:VIEW EXT1 :INPUT:RCONFIG:EXTSENSOR:VIEW? ->:INPUT:RCONFIG:EXTSENSOR:VIEW EXT1	

[:INPut]:SCALing:STATe<x><y>

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the scaling on/off state.
Syntax	[:INPut]:SCALing:STATe<x><y> {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:SCALing:STATe<x><y>?

Parameter	<x>	1 to 4
	<y>	1:VT, 2:CT,3: SFACTOR
	<Boolean>0	OFF
	<Boolean>1	ON
Return parameter	0	Turn the scaling function off.
	1	Turn the scaling function on.
Example	:INPUT:SCALING:STATE11 ON	
	:INPUT:SCALING:STATE11?	
	->:INPUT:SCALING:STATE11 VT,1,0	

[:INPut]:SCALing:VT → Query

Description	Returns the vt ratio of all elements.
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:SCALing:VT?
Return parameter	<String>
Example	:INPUT:SCALING:VT?
	->:INPUT:SCALING:VT:ELEMENT1 1.000;ELEMENT2 1.000;ELEMENT3 1.000;ELEMENT4 1.000

[:INPut]:SCALing:VT:ALL Set →

Description	Sets the the vt ratio of all elements.
Syntax	[:INPut]:SCALing:VT:ALL {<NRf>}
Paramete	<NRf> 0.001 to 9999.999
Example	:INPUT:SCALING:VT:ALL 1

[:INPut]:SCALing:VT:ELEMent<x> Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the vt ratio of the specified element.
Syntax	[:INPut]:SCALing:VT:ELEMent<x> {<NRf>}

Query Syntax	[:INPut]:SCALing:VT:ELEMent<x>?
Parameter/ Return parameter	<x> 1 to 4 <NRf> 0.001 to 9999.999
Example	:INPUT:SCALING:VT:ELEMENT1 1 :INPUT:SCALING:VT:ELEMENT1? ->:INPUT:SCALING:VT:ELEMENT1 1.000

[:INPut]:SCALing:CT

Query

Description	Returns the ct ratio of all elements.
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:SCALing:CT?
Return parameter	<String>
Example	:INPUT:SCALING:CT? ->:INPUT:SCALING:CT:ELEMENT1 1.000;ELEMENT2 1.000;ELEMENT3 1.000;ELEMENT4 1.000

[:INPut]:SCALing:CT:ALL

Set

Description	Sets the the vt ratio of all elements.
Syntax	[:INPut]:SCALing:CT:ALL {<NRf>}
Paramete	<NRf> 0.001 to 9999.999
Example	:INPUT:SCALING:CT:ALL 1

[:INPut]:SCALing:CT:ELEMent<x>

Set / Query

Description	Sets or returns the ct ratio of the specified element.
Syntax	[:INPut]:SCALing:CT:ELEMent<x> {<NRf>}
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:SCALing:CT:ELEMent<x>?

Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	1 to 4
	<NRf>	0.001 to 9999.999
Example	:INPUT:SCALING:CT:ELEMENT1 1 :INPUT:SCALING:CT:ELEMENT1? ->:INPUT:SCALING:CT:ELEMENT1 1.000	

[:INPut]:SCALing:SFACtor → Query

Description	Returns the sfactor ratio of all elements.
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:SCALing:SFACtor?
Return parameter	<String>
Example	:INPUT:SCALING: SFACTOR? ->:INPUT:SCALING:SFACTOR:ELEMENT1 1.000;ELEMENT2 1.000;ELEMENT3 1.000;ELEMENT4 1.000

[:INPut]:SCALing:SFACtor:ALL Set →

Description	Sets the the sfactor ratio of all elements.	
Syntax	[:INPut]:SCALing:SFACtor:ALL {<NRf>}	
Paramete	<NRf>	0.001 to 9999.999
Example	:INPUT:SCALING:SFACTOR:ALL 1	

[:INPut]:SCALing:SFACtor:ELEMent<x> Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the sfactor ratio of the specified element.
Syntax	[:INPut]:SCALing:SFACtor:ELEMent<x> {<NRf>}
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:SCALing:SFACtor:ELEMent<x>?

Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	1 to 4
	<NRf>	0.001 to 9999.999
Example	:INPUT:SCALING:SFACTOR:ELEMENT1 1 :INPUT:SCALING:SFACTOR:ELEMENT1? ->:INPUT:SCALING:SFACTOR:ELEMENT1 1.000	

[:INPut]:SYNChronize

Set → → Query

Description	Sets or returns the synchronization source.	
Syntax	[:INPut]:SYNChronize {VOLTage|CURRent|OFF}	
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:SYNChronize?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	VOLTage	Select the voltage synchronization source.
	CURRent	Select the current synchronization source.
	OFF	Select the off-synchronization source.
Example	:INPUT:SYNCHRONIZE VOLTAGE :INPUT:SYNCHRONIZE? ->:INPUT:SYNCHRONIZE VOLTAGE	

[:INPut]:FILTer

→ Query

Description	Returns all input filter settings.
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:FILTer?
Return parameter	<String>

[:INPut]:FILTer:LINE

→ Query

Description	Returns the line filter of all elements.
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:FILTer:LINE?

Example	:INPUT:FILTER:LINE? ->:INPUT:FILTER:LINE:ELEMENT1 OFF;ELEMENT2 OFF;ELEMENT3 OFF;ELEMENT4 OFF

[:INPut]:FILTer:LINE:ALL

Set →

Description	Sets or returns the line filter of all elements.
Syntax	[:INPut]:FILTer:LINE:ALL {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}
Parameter	<Boolean>0 OFF <Boolean>1 ON
Example	:INPUT:FILTER:LINE:ALL OFF

[:INPut]:FILTer:LINE:ELEMent<x>

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the line filter of the specified element.
Syntax	[:INPut]:FILTer:LINE:ELEMent<x> {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:FILTer:LINE:ELEMent<x>?
Parameter	<Boolean>0 OFF <Boolean>1 ON
Return parameter	0 Turn the line filter function off. 1 Turn the line filter function on.
Example	:INPUT:FILTER:LINE:ELEMENT1 OFF :INPUT:FILTER:LINE:ELEMENT1? ->:INPUT:FILTER:LINE:ELEMENT1 0

[:INPut]:FILTer:LINE:SIGMa (Set)

Description	Collectively sets the line filter of all the elements that belong to the specified wiring unit (ΣA)
Syntax	[:INPut]:FILTer:LINE:SIGMa {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}
Parameter	<Boolean>0 OFF <Boolean>1 ON
Example	:INPUT:FILTER:LINE:SIGMA OFF

[:INPut]:FILTer:FREQuency (Query)

Description	Returns the frequency filter of all elements.
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:FILTer:FREQuency?
Example	:INPUT:FILTER:FREQUENCY? ->:INPUT:FILTER:FREQUENCY:ELEMENT1 OFF;ELEMENT2 OFF;ELEMENT3 OFF;ELEMENT4 OFF

[:INPut]:FILTer:FREQuency:ALL (Set)

Description	Sets or returns the frequency filter of all elements.
Syntax	[:INPut]:FILTer:FREQuency:ALL {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}
Parameter	<Boolean>0 OFF <Boolean>1 ON
Example	:INPUT:FILTER:FREQUENCY:ALL OFF

[:INPut]:FILTer:FREQuency:ELEMent<x>

Set →
→ Query

Description	Sets or returns the frequency filter of the specified element.
Syntax	[:INPut]:FILTer:FREQuency:ELEMent<x> {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:FILTer:FREQuency:ELEMent<x>?
Parameter	<Boolean>0 OFF <Boolean>1 ON
Return parameter	0 Turn the frequency filter function off. 1 Turn the frequency filter function on.
Example	:INPUT:FILTER:FREQUENCY:ELEMENT1 OFF :INPUT:FILTER:FREQUENCY:ELEMENT1? ->:INPUT:FILTER:LINE:ELEMENT1 0

[:INPut]:FILTer:FREQuency:SIGMa

Set →

Description	Collectively sets the frequency filter of all the elements that belong to the specified wiring unit (ΣA)
Syntax	[:INPut]:FILTer:FREQuency:SIGMa {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}
Parameter	<Boolean>0 OFF <Boolean>1 ON
Example	:INPUT:FILTER:FREQUENCY:SIGMA OFF

[:INPut]:INDependent

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the on/off status of independent input element configuration.	
Syntax	[:INPut]:INDependent {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}	
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:INDependent?	
Parameter	<Boolean>0	OFF
	<Boolean>1	ON
Return parameter	0	Turn the independent function off.
	1	Turn the independent function on.
Example	:INPUT:INDEPENDENT OFF	
	:INPUT:INDEPENDENT?	
	->:INPUT:INDEPENDENT 0	

[:INPut]:POVer

→ Query

Description	Returns the peak over-range information.	
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:POVer?	
Return parameter	Bit 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	Voltage peak and current peak over-range is occurring.
	I4U4I3 U3 I2 U2 I1 U1	
Example	:INPUT:POVER?	
	->:INPUT:POVER 1	

[:INPut]:CRANge → Query

Description	Sets or returns the check range status.	
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:CRANge?	
Return parameter	Bit0	The voltage measurements values is too small.
	Bit1	The voltage measurements values is over-range.
	Bit2	The voltage is over-range.
	Bit3	The voltage is peak over-range.
	Bit4	The current measurements values is too small.
	Bit5	The current measurements values is over-range.
	Bit6	The current is over-range.
	Bit7	The current is peak over-range.
Example	:INPUT:CRANGE?	
	->:INPUT:CRANGE 8	
	(Indicate the voltage is peak over-range)	

[:INPut]:ZERO Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the zero state.	
Syntax	[:INPut]:ZERO {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}	
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:ZERO?	
Parameter	<Boolean>0	OFF
	<Boolean>1	ON
Return parameter	0	Turn the zero function off.
	1	Turn the zero function on.

Example	:INPUT:ZERO OFF :INPUT:ZERO? ->:INPUT:ZERO 0

[:INPut]:COMParator:STATe

Set →
→ Query

Description	Sets or returns the comparator on/off state.	
Syntax	[:INPut]:COMParator:STATe {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}	
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:COMParator:STATe?	
Parameter	<Boolean>0	OFF
	<Boolean>1	ON
Return parameter	0	Turn the comparator function off.
	1	Turn the comparator function on.
Example	:INPUT:COMPARATOR:STATE ON :INPUT:COMPARATOR:STATE? ->:INPUT:COMPARATOR:STATE 1	

[:INPut]:COMParator:TIME

Set →
→ Query

Description	Sets or returns the comparator time value.	
Syntax	[:INPut]:COMParator:TIME {<NRf>}	
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:COMParator:TIME?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NRf>	1-9999(S).
Example	:INPUT:COMPARATOR:TIME 1 :INPUT:COMPARATOR:TIME? ->:INPUT:COMPARATOR:TIME 1S	

[:INPut]:COMParator:ELEMent

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the comparator element value.
Syntax	[:INPut]:COMParator:ELEMent {<Element>}
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:COMParator:ELEMent?
Parameter/ Return parameter	<Element> ALL | 1 to 4.
Example	:INPUT:COMPARATOR:ELEMENT 1 :INPUT:COMPARATOR:ELEMENT? ->:INPUT:COMPARATOR:ELEMENT 1

[:INPut]:COMParator:ITEM<x>

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the comparator item.	
Syntax	[:INPut]:COMParator:ITEM<x> {<Function>,<MAX>,<MIN>,<Element>}	
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:COMParator:ITEM? {<Item>,<Element>}	
Parameter	<x>	1 to 20.
	<Function>	U|UPPeak|UMPeak|I|IPPeak|IMPeak |P|PPPeak|PMPeak|S|Q|LAMBda|CFU |CFI|PHI|FU|FI|UTHD|ITHD|INRUsh |WH|WHP|WHM|WHAVG|J|JP|JM|JAVG |AH|AHP|AHM|AHAVG|NONE
	MAX:<NRf>	+- 99999.9999.
	MIN:<NRf>	+- 99999.9999.
	<Element>	{<NRf>(1 to 4)
Return parameter	<Item>	ALL| 1 to 20.
	<Element>	1 to 4.
Example	:INPUT:COMPARATOR:ITEM1 U,1000,1,1 :INPUT:COMPARATOR:ITEM? 1,1 ->:INPUT:COMPARATOR:ITEM U,1000.0000,1.0000	

[:INPut]:COMParator:ITEM:ALL

Description	Sets or returns the comparator item off all element.	
Syntax	[:INPut]:COMParator:ITEM:ALL {<Function>,<MAX>,<MIN>,<Element>}	
Query Syntax	[:INPut]:COMParator:ITEM:ALL? {<Element>}	
Parameter	<x>	1 to 20.
	<Function>	U|UPPeak|UMPeak|I|IPPeak|IMPeak|P|PPPeak|PMPeak|S|Q|LAMBda|CFU|CFI|PHI|FU|FI|UTHD|ITHD|INRUsh|WH|WHP|WHM|WHAVG|J|JP|JM|JAVG|AH|AHP|AHM|AHAVG|NONE
	MAX:<NRf>	+- 99999.9999.
	MIN:<NRf>	+- 99999.9999.
	<Element>	{<NRf> (1 to 4)
Return parameter	<Element>	1 to 4.
Example	:INPUT:COMPARATOR:ITEM:ALL U,1000,1,1 :INPUT:COMPARATOR:ITEM:ALL? 1 ->:INPUT:COMPARATOR:ITEM U,1000.0000,1.0000 U,1000.0000,1.0000, ... (Item 1 to 20)	

:COMParator:FAIL → Query

Description	Returns the comparator fail result of all elements or specified element.
Query Syntax	:COMParator:FAIL? {<Element>}
Return parameter	<Element> ALL|1 to 4

Example	:COMPARATOR:FALI? ALL ->:COMPARATOR:FAIL ELEMENT1 NONE ELEMENT2 NONE ELEMENT3 NONE ELEMENT4 NON :COMPARATOR:FALI? 1 ->:COMPARATOR:FAIL NONE

:COMParator:RESult → Query

Description	Returns the comparator result of all elements or specified element.
Query Syntax	:COMParator:RESult? {<Element>}
Return parameter	<Element> ALL|1 to 4
Example	:COMPARATOR:RESULT? ALL ->:COMPARATOR:RESULT ELEMENT1 PASS ELEMENT2 NONE ELEMENT3 NONE ELEMENT4 NON :COMPARATOR:FALI? 1 ->:COMPARATOR:RESULT PASS

INTEGrate Commands

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:INTEGrate

→(Query)

Description	Returns all integration settings.
Query Syntax	:INTEGrate?
Return parameter	<String>

:INTEGrate:MODE

(Set)→
→(Query)

Description	Sets or returns the integration mode.	
Syntax	:INTEGrate:MODE {MANUal|NORMal|CONTinuous}	
Query Syntax	:INTEGrate:MODE?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	MANUal	Manual integration mode.
	NORMal	Standard integration mode.
	CONTinuous	Continuous integration mode.
Example	:INTEGRATE:MODE MANUAL :INTEGRATE:MODE? ->:INTEGRATE:MODE MANUAL	

:INTEGrate:FUNCtion

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the integration function.	
Syntax	:INTEGrate:FUNCtion {WATT|AMPEre|JOULe}	
Query Syntax	:INTEGrate:FUNCtion?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	WATT	Select the integration function watt.
	AMPEre	Select the integration function ampere.
	JOULe	Select the integration function joule
Example	:INTEGRATE:FUNCTION WATT :INTEGRATE:FUNCTION? ->:INTEGRATE:FUNCTION WATT	

:INTEGrate:TIMer

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the integration timer value.	
Syntax	:INTEGrate:TIMer {<NRf>,<NRf>,<NRf>}	
Query Syntax	:INTEGrate:TIMer?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	1st <NRf>	0 to 9999 (hours)
	2nd <NRf>	0 to 59 (minutes)
	3rd <NRf>	0 to 59 (seconds)
Example	:INTEGRATE:TIMER 1,0,0 :INTEGRATE:TIMER? ->:INTEGRATE:TIMER 1,0,0	

:INTEGrate:STARt

Set →

Description	Starts integration.
Syntax	:INTEGrate:STARt
Example	:INTEGRATE:START

:INTEGrate:STOP

Set →

Description	Stops integration.
Syntax	:INTEGrate:STOP
Example	:INTEGRATE:STOP

:INTEGrate:RESet

Set →

Description	Resets the integrated value.
Syntax	:INTEGrate:RESet
Example	:INTEGRATE:RESET

:INTEGrate:STATe

→ Query

Description	Returns the integration status.	
Query Syntax	:INTEGrate:STATe?	
Return parameter	ERRor	Integration overflows.
	RESet	Integration resets.
	STARt	Integration is in progress.
	STOP	Integration stops.
	TIMeup	Integration stops due to integration timeout.
Example	:INTEGRATE:STATE? ->RESET	

:INTEGrate:ELEMent

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or display each element and all measured values
Syntax	:INTEGRATE:ELEMEN {<Element>}
Query Syntax	:INTEGRATE:ELEMENT?
Parameter	<Element>ALL|SIGMA|1 to 4
Example	:INTEGRATE:ELEMENT 1 :INTEGRATE:ELEMENT? ->:INTEGRATE:ELEMENT 1

MATH Commands

:MATH

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the MATH equation.	
Syntax	:MATH{<Equation>[,<Parameter1>][,<Element1>][,<Parameter2>][,<Element2>]}	
Query Syntax	:MATH{<Equation>[,<Parameter1>][,<Element1>][,<Parameter2>][,<Element2>]}?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	Equation	{ADD|SUB|MUL|DIV|DIVA|DIVB}
	Parameter1,2	{U|I|P|S|Q}
	Element1,2	1 to 4, SIGMa
Example	:MATH ADD Set math equation to A+B :MATH? ->:MATH ADD	

<Equation>	Definition
ADD	A+B
SUB	A-B
MUL	AxB
DIV	A/B
DIVA	A/B^2
DIVB	A^2/B

<Parameter1,2>	Definition
U	Voltage U
I	Current I
P	Active power P
S	Apparent power S
Q	Reactive power Q

MEASure Commands

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:MEASure

→ Query

Description	Returns all measured and computed data output settings.
Query Syntax	:MEASure?
Return parameter	<String>

:MEASure:AVERaging

→ Query

Description	Returns all averaging settings.
Query Syntax	:MEASure:AVERaging?
Return parameter	<String>

:MEASure:AVERaging:STATe

Set →
→ Query

Description	Sets or returns the on/off state of averaging.	
Syntax	:MEASure:AVERaging:STATe {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}	
Query Syntax	:MEASure:AVERaging:STATe?	
Parameter	<Boolean>0	OFF
	<Boolean>1	ON
Return parameter	0	Turn the averaging function off.
	1	Turn the averaging function on.

Example	:MEASURE:AVERAGING:STATE ON :MEASURE:AVERAGING:STATE? ->:MEASURE:AVERAGING:STATE 1

:MEASure:AVERaging:TYPE

Set → Query

Description	Sets or returns the averaging type.	
Syntax	:MEASure:AVERaging:TYPE {LINear|EXPonent}	
Query Syntax	:MEASure:AVERaging:TYPE?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	LINear	Select averaging type to linear.
	EXPonent	Select averaging type to exponent.
Example	:MEASURE:AVERAGING:TYPE LINEAR :MEASURE:AVERAGING:TYPE? ->:MEASURE:AVERAGING:TYPE LINEAR	

:MEASure:AVERaging:COUNt

Set → Query

Description	Sets or returns the averaging coefficient.	
Syntax	:MEASure:AVERaging:COUNt {<NRf>}	
Query Syntax	:MEASure:AVERaging:COUNt?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NRf>	8,16,32,64
Example	:MEASURE:AVERAGING:COUNT 8 :MEASURE:AVERAGING:COUNT? ->:MEASURE:AVERAGING:COUNT 8	

:MEASure:MHOLd

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets the MAX hold on/off state.	
Syntax	:MEASure:MHOLd {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}	
Query Syntax	:MEASureMHOLd?	
Parameter	<Boolean>0	OFF
	<Boolean>1	ON
Return parameter	0	Turn the MAX hold function off.
	1	Turn the MAX hold function on.
Example	:MEASURE:MHOLD ON	
	:MEASURE:MHOLD?	
	->:MEASURE:MHOLD 1	

NUMeric Commands

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:NUMeric

→(Query)

Description	Returns all numeric data output settings.
Query Syntax	:NUMeric?
Return parameter	<String>

:NUMeric:FORMat

(Set)→
→(Query)

Description	Sets or returns the numeric data format.
Syntax	:NUMeric:FORMat {ASCii|FLOat}
Query Syntax	:NUMeric:FORMat?

Parameter/ Return parameter	ASCii	Select numeric data format to ascii.
	FLOat	Select numeric data format to float.
Example	:NUMERIC:FORMAT ASCII :NUMERIC:FORMAT? ->:NUMERIC:FORMAT ASCII	
Note	• ASCii Physical values are output in the <NR3> format. (Only the elapsed integration time—TIME—is output in <NR1> format). The data items are separated by commas. • FLOat A header (for example, "#240" or "#3208") is added in front of each numeric data block. A physical value in IEEE single-precision floating point (4-byte) format follows the header. #N (N-digit byte number) (data byte sequence). The byte order of the data of each item is MSB First.	

:NUMeric:NORMal → Query

Description	Returns all normal numeric data output settings.
Query Syntax	:NUMeric:NORMal?
Return parameter	<String>
Note	The number of numeric data items output by : NUMeric[:NORMal]:ITEM<x> is determined by : NUMeric[:NORMal]:NUMber.

:NUMeric[:NORMal]:VALue → Query

Description	Returns the numeric data.
Query Syntax	:NUMeric[:NORMal]:VALue? {<NRf>}

Parameter	<NRf> 1 to 250 (item number)
Example	• If <NRf> is specified, only the numeric data for the specified item is output. :NUMERIC:NORMAL:VALUE? 1 -> 103.79E+00 • If <NRf> is omitted, the numeric data items from 1 to the number specified by the: NUMeric[:NORMal]:NUMber command are output in order. :NUMERIC:NORMAL:VALUE? -> 103.79E+00,1.0143E+00,105.27E+00, .. (omitted).., 50.001E+00
Numeric Data Format	• Measurement values U, I, P, S, Q, LAMBda, CFU, CFI, PHI, FU, FI,INRUsh,UTHD and ITHD • Integrated values WH, WHP, WHM, WHAVG, AH, AHP, AHM, AHAVG, J, JP, JM and JAVG. ASCII: <NR3> format. Example: [-]12.345E+00 • Measurement values UPPeak, UMPeak, IPPeak , IMPeak, P, PPPeak and PMPeak. ASCII: <NR3> format. Example: [-]12.34E+00 • Measurement values (PHI) ASCII: <NR3> = 0~9.9 format. Example:[-]9.9E+00 ASCII: <NR3> = 10~99.9 format. Example:[-]99.9E+00 ASCII: <NR3> = 100~999.9 format. Example:[-]999.9E+000 • Elapsed integration time (TIME) ASCII: <NR1> format in units of seconds. Example: 3600 for 1 hour (1:00:00).
	• FLOAT: IEEE single-precision floating point (4-byte) format
	• No items (NONE) ASCII: NAN (Not A Number) FLOAT: 0x7E951BEE (9.91E+37)

Error Data	• Data does not exist (the display shows "-----") ASCII: NAN (Not A Number) FLOAT: 0x7E951BEE (9.91E+37) • Data over (the display shows "-----") ASCII: INF (INFinity) FLOAT: 0x7E94F56A (9.9E+37)

:NUMeric[:NORMal]:NUMber

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the number of numeric data items that are transmitted by the :NUMeric[:NORMal]:VALue? command.
Syntax	:NUMeric[:NORMal]:NUMber {<NRf>|ALL}
Query Syntax	:NUMeric[:NORMal]:NUMber?
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NRf> 1 to 250 | ALL
Example	:NUMERIC:NORMAL:NUMBER 10 :NUMERIC:NORMAL:NUMBER ->:NUMERIC:NORMAL:NUMBER 10
Note	• If the parameter is omitted from the :NUMeric[:NORMal]:VALue? command, the numeric data items from 1 to the specified value are output in order. • By default, the number of numeric data items is set to 3.

:NUMeric[:NORMal]:ITEM<x>

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the specified numeric data output item function.
Syntax	:NUMeric[:NORMal]:ITEM<x> {NONE|<Function>[,<Element>][,Order]}
Query Syntax	:NUMeric[:NORMal]:ITEM<x>?

Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	1 to 250
	NONE	No output item.
	<Function>	{U|UPPeak|UMPeak|I|IPPeak|IMPeak |P|PPPeak|PMPeak|S|Q|LAMBda|CFU |CFI|PHI|FU|FI|UTHD|ITHD|INRUsh|WH |WHP|WHM|AH|AHP|AHM|J|JP|JM|JAV G |TIME|URANge|IRANge|MATH|MCR} {UK|IK|PK|LAMBDAK|PHIK|PHIUK|PHII K|UHDFK| IHDFK|PHDFK}
	<Element>	1 to 4|SIGMa
	<Order>	TOTal|DC| 1 to 50

Example

:NUMERIC:NORMAL:ITEM1 U,1

:NUMERIC:NORMAL:ITEM1?

->:NUMERIC:NORMAL:ITEM1 U,1

:NUMERIC:NORMAL:ITEM1 UK,1,1

:NUMERIC:NORMAL:ITEM1?

->:NUMERIC:NORMAL:ITEM1 UK,1,1

- If <Order> is omitted, the order is set to TOTal.
- This instrument does not measure data for <Order> = DC.

<Function>	Function	GPM-8340 Indicator
U	Voltage V	[V]
UPPeak	Maximum voltage: V+pk	[V+pk]
UMPeak	Minimum voltage: V-pk	[V-pk]
I	Current I	[I]
IPPeak	Maximum current: I+pk	[I+pk]
IMPeak	Minimum current: I-pk	[I-pk]
P	Active power P	[P]
PPPeak	Maximum power: P+pk	[P+pk]
PMPeak	Minimum power: P-pk	[P-pk]

S	Apparent power S	[VA]
Q	Reactive power Q	[VAR]
LAMBda	Power factor λ	[PF]
CFU	Voltage factor λ	[CFV]
CFV	Current factor λ	[CFI]
PHI	Phase difference Φ	[DEG]
FU	Voltage frequency fV	[VHz]
FI	Current frequency fI	[AHz]
UTHD	Total harmonic distortion of voltage Vthd	[THDV]
ITHD	Total harmonic distortion of current Ithd	[THDI]
INRUsh	Inrush current	[Inrush]
EFFi	Power Efficiency	[EFFI]
WH	Watt hour WP	[WP]
WHP	Positive watt hour WP+	[WP+]
WHM	Positive watt hour WP-	[WP-]
WHAVG	Average watt hour P(avg)	[P(avg)]
AH	Ampere hour q	[q]
AHP	Positive ampere hour q+	[q+]
AHM	Positive ampere hour q	[q-]
AHAVG	Average ampere hour q(avg)	[q(avg)]
J	Joule hour J	[J]
JP	Positive joule hour J+	[J+]
JM	Positive joule hour J-	[J-]
JAVG	Joule hour J(avg)	[J(avg)]
TIME	Integration time	
URANge	Voltage range	
IRANge	Current range	

MATH	Mathematical Computation	[MATH]
MCR	Maximum Current Ratio	[MCR]
URMS	True rms voltage Vrms	
UMN	Rectified mean voltage calibrated to the rms value Vmn	[Vmn]
UDC	Simple voltage average Vdc	[Vdc]
URMN	Rectified mean voltage Vrmn	
UAC	AC voltage component Vac	[Vac]
IRMS	True rms current Irms	
IMN	Rectified mean current calibrated to the rms value Imn	
IDC	Simple current average Idc	[Idc]
IRMN	Rectified mean current Irmn	
IAC	AC current component Iac	[Iac]
UK	Rms voltage of harmonic order k V(k)	[V]
IK	Rms current of harmonic order k I(k)	[A]
PK	Active power of harmonic order k P(k)	[P]
LAMBDAK	Power factor of harmonic order kλ(k)	
PHIK	Phase difference between the voltage and current of harmonic order kφ(k)	
PHIUk	Phase difference between harmonic voltage V(k) and the fundamental wave V(1)φ V(k)	
PHIIk	Phase difference between harmonic current I(k) and the fundamental wave I(1) φI(k)	

UHDFk	Harmonic distortion factor of voltage Vhdf(k)
IHDFk	Harmonic distortion factor of current Ihdf(k)
PHDFk	Harmonic distortion factor of power Phdf(k)

:NUMeric[:NORMal]:PRESet

Set

Description	Presets the numeric data output item pattern.		
Syntax	:NUMeric[:NORMal]:PRESet {<NRf>}		
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NRf>	1 to 4	
Example	:NUMERIC:NORMAL:PRESET 1		
Patterns 1	ITEM<x>	<Function>	<Element>
	1	U	1
	2	I	1
	3	P	1
	4 ~6	U to P	2
	7 ~ 9	U to P	3
	10-12	U to P	4
	13 ~ 15	U to P	SIGMA
	16 ~ 250	None	None
Patterns 2	ITEM<x>	<Function>	<Element>
	1	U	1
	2	I	1
	3	P	1
	4	S	1
	5	Q	1
	6	LAMBda	1
	7	PHI	1
	8	FU	1
	9	FI	1
	10	None	None
	11 ~ 19	U to FI	2

	20	None	None
	21 ~ 29	U to FI	3
	30	None	None
	31-39	U to FI	4
	40	None	None
	41 ~ 49	U to FI	SIGMA
	50 ~ 250	None	None
Patterns 3	ITEM<x>	<Function>	<Element>
	1	U	1
	2	I	1
	3	P	1
	4	S	1
	5	Q	1
	6	LAMBda	1
	7	PHI	1
	8	FU	1
	9	FI	1
	10	UPPeak	1
	11	UMPeak	1
	12	IPPeak	1
	13	IMPeak	1
	14	PPPeak	1
	15	PMPeak	1
	16 ~ 30	U to Peak	2
	31 ~ 45	U to Peak	3
	46-60	U to Peak	4
	61 ~ 75	U to Peak	SIGMA
	76 ~ 250	None	None
Patterns 4	ITEM<x>	<Function>	<Element>

1	U	1
2	I	1
3	P	1
4	S	1
5	Q	1
6	LAMBda	1
7	PHI	1
8	FU	1
9	FI	1
10	UPPeak	1
11	UMPeak	1
12	IPPeak	1
13	IMPeak	1
14	TIME	1
15	WH	1
16	WHP	1
17	WHM	1
18	AH	1
19	AHP	1
20	AHM	1
21 ~ 40	U to AHM	2
41 ~ 60	U to AHM	3
61~80	U to AHM	4
81 ~ 100	U to AHM	SIGMA
101 ~ 250	None	None

:NUMeric[:NORMal]:CLEar

Set ⟶

Description	Clears numeric data output items (sets the items to NONE).	
Syntax	:NUMeric[:NORMal]:CLEar {ALL|<NRf>[,<NRf>]}	
Parameter	ALL	Clear all items.
	1nd <NRf>	1 to 250 (the number of the first item to clear)
	2nd <NRf>	1 to 250 (the number of the last item to clear)
Example	:NUMERIC:NORMAL:CLEAR ALL	
Note	If the 2nd <NRf> is omitted, the output item specified by the first and all following output items (up to number 250) are cleared.	

:NUMeric[:NORMal]:DELete

Set ⟶

Description	Deletes numeric data output items.	
Syntax	:NUMeric[:NORMal]:DELete {<NRf>[,<NRf>]}	
Parameter	1st <NRf>	1 to 250 (the number of the first item to delete)
	2nd <NRf>	1 to 250 (the number of the last item to delete)
Example	:NUMERIC:NORMAL:DELETE 1 (Deletes ITEM1 and shifts ITEM2 and subsequent items forward). :NUMERIC:NORMAL:DELETE 1,3 (Deletes ITEM1 to ITEM3 and shifts ITEM4 and subsequent items forward).	

Note	• When output items are deleted, subsequent items shift forward to fill the empty positions. Empty positions at the end are set to NONE. • If the second <NRf> is omitted, only the output item specified by the first number is deleted.

:NUMeric[:NORMal]:HEADer → Query

Description	Returns the numeric data header.
Syntax	:NUMeric[:NORMal]:HEADer? {<NRf>}
Parameter	<NRf> 1 to 250 (item number)
Example	• If <NRf> is specified, only the data name for the specified item number is output. :NUMERIC:NORMAL:HEADER? 1 -> U-E1 • If <NRf> is omitted, the data names of the items from 1 to the number specified by the : NUMeric[:NORMal]:NUMber command are output in order. :NUMERIC:NORMAL:NUMBER 3 :NUMERIC:NORMAL:HEADER? -> U-E1,I-E1,P-E1

:NUMeric:LIST → Query

Description	Returns all harmonic measurement numeric list data output settings.
Query Syntax	:NUMeric:LIST?
Return parameter	<String>
Note	The number of numeric list data items output by : NUMeric:LIST:ITEM<x> is determined by : NUMeric:LIST:NUMber.

:NUMeric:LIST:VALue → Query

Description	Returns the harmonic measurement numeric list data.
Query Syntax	:NUMeric:LIST:VALue? {<NRf>}
Parameter	<NRf> 1 to 32 (item number)
Example	• if <NRf> is specified :NUMERIC:LIST:VALUE? 1 -> 103.58E+00,NAN,103.53E+00,0.09E+00,2.07E+00, 0.04E+00,.. (omitted)..,0.01E+00,0.01E+00 (up to 52 data values) • if <NRf> is omitted (when :NUMeric:LIST:NUMber is set to 5) :NUMERIC:LIST:VALUE? -> 103.58E+00,NAN,103.53E+00,0.09E+00,2.07E+00, 0.04E+00,..(omitted)..,0.00E+00,0.00E+00 (up to 52*5 = 260 data values) • When :NUMeric:FORMat is set to {FLOat} :NUMERIC:LIST:VALUE? -> #N (N-digit byte number) (data byte sequence)
Note	• A single numeric list data item consists of up to 52 items of numeric data in the following order: TOTal, DC, 1st harmonic, ..., :NUMeric:LIST:ORDer. • If <NRf> is specified, only the numeric list data of the specified item number is output (up to 52 items of data) • If <NRf> is omitted, the numeric list data of item numbers from 1 to :NUMeric:LIST:NUMber is output in order (up to 52 times the number specified by :NUMeric:LIST:ORDer)

:NUMeric:LIST:NUMber

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the number of numeric list data items that are transmitted by :NUMeric:LIST:VALue? command.
Syntax	:NUMeric:LIST:NUMber {<NRf>|ALL}
Query Syntax	:NUMeric:LIST:NUMber?
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NRf> 1 to 32(ALL)
Example	:NUMERIC:LIST:NUMBER 3 :NUMERIC:LIST:NUMBER? ->:NUMERIC:LIST:NUMBER 3
Note	• If the parameter is omitted from the :NUMeric:LIST:VALue? command, the numeric list data items from 1 to the specified value are output in order. • By default, the number of numeric data items is set to 3.

:NUMeric:LIST:ORDer

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the maximum output harmonic order of the harmonic measurement numeric list data.	
Syntax	:NUMeric:LIST:ORDer {<NRf>|ALL}	
Query Syntax	:NUMeric:LIST:ORDer?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NRf>	1 to 50(ALL)
Example	:NUMERIC:LIST:ORDER 10 :NUMERIC:LIST:ORDER? ->:NUMERIC:LIST:ORDER 10	

:NUMeric:LIST:SELect

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the output components of the harmonic measurement numeric list data.	
Syntax	:NUMeric:LIST:SELect {EVEN|ODD|ALL}	
Query Syntax	:NUMeric:LIST:SELect?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	EVEN	Outputs the components of TOTal, DC, and even-order harmonics.
	ODD	Outputs the components of TOTal, DC, and odd-order harmonics.
	ALL	Outputs all components.
Example	:NUMERIC:LIST:SELECT ALL :NUMERIC:LIST:SELECT? ->:NUMERIC:LIST:SELECT ALL	

:NUMeric:LIST:ITEM<x>

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the output item (function and element) of the specified harmonic measurement numeric list data item.	
Syntax	:NUMeric:LIST:ITEM<x> {NONE|<Function>,<Element>}	
Query Syntax	:NUMeric:LIST:ITEM<x>?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	1 to 32
	NONE	No output item.
	<Function>	{U|I|P|PHIU|PHII|UHDF|UHDF|PHDF}
	<Element>	1(If <Element> is omitted, the element is set to 1) (For the GPM-8340, only set to 1 or omitted)
Example	:NUMERIC:LIST:ITEM1 U,1 :NUMERIC:LIST:ITEM1? ->:NUMERIC:LIST:ITEM1 U,1	

:NUMeric:LIST:PRESet

Set

Description	Presets the harmonic measurement numeric list data output item pattern.		
Syntax	:NUMeric:LIST:PRESet {<NRf>}		
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NRf>	1 to 4	
Example	:NUMERIC:LIST:PRESET 1		
Patterns 1	ITEM<x>	<Function>	<Element>
	1	U	1
	2	I	1
	3	P	1
	4-6	U to P	2
	7 ~ 9	U to P	3
	10 ~ 12	U to P	4
	13 ~ 32	None	None
Patterns 2	ITEM<x>	<Function>	<Element>
	1	U	1
	2	I	1
	3	P	1
	4	PHIU	1
	5	PHII	1
	6 ~ 10	U to PHII	2
	11 ~ 15	U to PHII	3
	16~20	U to PHII	4
	21 ~ 32	None	None
Patterns 3	ITEM<x>	<Function>	<Element>
	1	U	1

	2	I	1
	3	P	1
	4	UHDF	1
	5	IHDF	1
	6	PHDF	1
	7 ~ 12	U to PHDF	2
	13 ~ 18	U to PHDF	3
	19~24	U to PHDF	4
	25 ~ 32	None	None
Patterns 4	ITEM<x>	<Function>	<Element>
	1	U	1
	2	I	1
	3	P	1
	4	PHIU	1
	5	PHII	1
	6	UHDF	1
	7	IHDF	1
	8	PHDF	1
	9 ~ 16	U to PHDF	2
	17 ~ 24	U to PHDF	3
	25-32	U to PHDF	4

:NUMeric:LIST:CLEar

Set →

Description	Clears numeric data output items (sets the items to NONE).	
Syntax	:NUMeric:LIST:CLEar {ALL|<NRf>[,<NRf>]}	
Parameter	ALL	Clear all items.
	1st <NRf>	1 to 32 (the number of the first item to clear)
	2nd <NRf>	1 to 32 (the number of the last item to clear)
Example	:NUMERIC:LIST:CLEAR ALL	
Note	If the 2nd <NRf> is omitted, the output item specified by the first and all following output items (up to number 32) are cleared.	

:NUMeric:LIST:DELete

Set →

Description	Deletes numeric data output items.	
Syntax	:NUMeric:LIST:DELete {<NRf>[,<NRf>]}	
Parameter	1st <NRf>	1 to 32 (the number of the first item to delete)
	2nd <NRf>	1 to 32 (the number of the last item to delete)
Example	:NUMERIC:LIST:DELETE 1 (Deletes ITEM1 and shifts ITEM2 and subsequent items forward). :NUMERIC:LIST:DELETE 1,3 (Deletes ITEM1 to ITEM3 and shifts ITEM4 and subsequent items forward).	
Note	• When output items are deleted, subsequent items shift forward to fill the empty positions. Empty positions at the end are set to NONE. • If the second <NRf> is omitted, only the output item specified by the first number is deleted.	

:NUMeric:HOLD

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the on/off (hold/release) status of the numeric data hold feature.	
Syntax	:NUMeric:HOLD {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}	
Query Syntax	:NUMeric:HOLD?	
Parameter	<Boolean>0	OFF
	<Boolean>1	ON
Return parameter	0	Turn the numeric hold function off.
	1	Turn the numeric hold function on.
Example	:NUMERIC:HOLD ON :NUMERIC:HOLD? ->:NUMEIRC:HOLD 1	
Note	• If :NUMeric:HOLD is set to ON before :NUMeric[:NORMal]:VALue? or :NUMeric:LIST:VALue? is executed, all the numeric data at that point in time can be held internally. • As long as :NUMeric:HOLD is set to ON, numeric data is held even when the numeric data on the screen is updated. • If :NUMeric:HOLD is set to ON after having already been set to ON before, the numeric data is cleared, and the most recent numeric data is held internally. When retrieving numeric data continuously, this method can be used to circumvent the need to repeatedly set :NUMeric:HOLD to OFF.	

RATE Commands

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:RATE

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the data update interval.	
Syntax	:RATE {<TIME>|AUTO}	
Query Syntax	:RATE?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<TIME>	250, 500(ms), 1, 2, 5, 10, 20(s)
	AUTO	Select update rate at auto.
Example	:RATE 500MS :RATE? ->:RATE 500.0E-03	

:RATE:AUTO

→ Query

Description	Returns all applicable settings for when the data update interval is set to Auto.
Query Syntax	:RATE:AUTO?
Return parameter	<String>

:RATE:AUTO:TIMeout

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the timeout for when the data update interval is set to Auto.
Syntax	:RATE:AUTO:TIMeout {<TIME>}

Query Syntax	:RATE:AUTO:TIMeout?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<TIME>	1, 5, 10, 20(s)
Example	RATE:AUTO:TIMEOUT 1 :RATE:AUTO:TIMEOUT? -> :RATE:AUTO:TIMEOUT 1	

:RATE:AUTO:SYNChronize

Set / Query

Description	Sets or returns the synchronization source for when the data update interval is set to Auto.	
Syntax	:RATE:AUTO:SYNChronize {U<x>|I<x> }	
Query Syntax	:RATE:AUTO:SYNChronize?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	U<x>	Select synchronize source at voltage. <x> = 1 to 4 (element)
	I<x>	Select synchronize source at current. <x> = 1 to 4 (element)
Example	:RATE:AUTO:SYNCHRONIZE U1 :RATE:AUTO:SYNCHRONIZE? -> :RATE:AUTO:SYNCHRONIZE U1	

RECall Commands

:RECall:NUMber 269
:RECall[:NORMal]:VALue 269
:RECall:LIST:VALue 270
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:RECall:NUMber → Query

Description	Returns the number of blocks of measured data that is stored.
Query Syntax	:RECall:NUMber?
Example	:RECall:NUMber? ->100

:RECall[:NORMal]:VALue → Query

Description	Returns the numeric data at the specified block number.
Query Syntax	:RECall[:NORMal]:VALue? {<NRf>}
Parameter	<NRf> 1 to 10000 (block number)
Example	• If <NRf> is specified,the numeric data at the specified block number will be returned. • If you omit <NRf> or specify a number greater than the number of blocks that contain stored measured data (the number returned by :RECall:NUMber?), the entire returned numeric data will be "NAN" (no data). • The output items and format are the same as those of ":NUMeric[:NORMal]:VALue? (when the item number is not specified)." To set the output items and format, use the NUMeric group commands.

:RECall:LIST:VALue

Query

Description	Returns the numeric list data of harmonic measurement at the specified block number.
Query Syntax	:RECall:LIST:VALue? {<NRf>}
Parameter	<NRf> 1 to 1000 (block number)
Example	• If <NRf> is specified,the numeric list data at the specified block number will be returned. • If you omit <NRf> or specify a number greater than the number of blocks that contain stored measured data (the number returned by :RECall:NUMber?), the entire returned numeric data will be "NAN" (no data). • The output items and format are the same as those of ":NUMeric:LIST:VALue? (when the item number is not specified)." To set the output items and format, use the NUMeric group commands.

:RECall:PANel

Set

Description	Loads a setup parameter file.
Syntax	:RECall:PANel {<NRf>}
Parameter	<NRf> 1 to 4 (file number)
Example	:RECall:PANel 2

STATus Commands

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:STATus:CONDition 271
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:STATus:EESR 272
:STATus:ERRor 273
:STATus:FILTer<x> 273
:STATus:QENable 274
:STATus:QMESsage 275

:STATus → Query

Description	Returns all the settings for the communication status feature.
Query Syntax	:STATus?
Return parameter	<String>

:STATus:CONDition → Query

Description	Returns the contents of the condition register.
Query Syntax	:STATus:CONDition?
Return parameter	<NR1> 0 to 65535
Example	:STATUS:CONDITION? -> 8
Note	For information about the condition register, see Appendix,"Status system" at page 294.

:STATus:EESE

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the extended event enable register.
Syntax	:STATus:EESE {<NRf>}
Query Syntax	:STATus:EESE?
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NRf> 0 to 65535
Example	:STATUS:EESE 16 :STATUS:EESE? -> :STATUS:EESE 16
Note	For information about the condition register, see Appendix,"Status system" at page 294.

:STATus:EESR

→ Query

Description	Returns the contents of the extended event register and clears the register.
Query Syntax	:STATus:EESR?
Return parameter	<NR1> 0 to 65535
Example	:STATUS:EESR? -> 16
Note	For information about the condition register, see Appendix,"Status system" at page 294.

:STATus:ERRor → Query

Description	Returns the error code and message of the last error that has occurred (top of the error queue).
Query Syntax	:STATus:ERRor?
Return parameter	<String>
Example	:STATUS:ERROR? -> 113,"Underfined Header"
Note	• If no errors have occurred, 0,"No error" is returned. • User can use the :STATus:QMESsage command to specify whether the message is included. • Error message description: Error_103: Invalid separator Error_104: Data type error. Error_108: Parameter not allowed. Error_109: Missing parameter. Error_113: Undefined header. Error_131: Invalid suffix. Error_141: Invalid character data. Error_221: Setting conflict. Error_222: Data out of range. Error_813: Invalid operation.

:STATus:FILTer<x> → Set / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the transition filter.
Syntax	:STATus:FILTer<x> {RISE|FALL|BOTH|NEVer}
Query Syntax	:STATus:FILTer<x>?

Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	1~16
	RISE	An event is set when the bit changes from 0 to 1.
	FALL	An event is set when the bit changes from 1 to 0.
	BOTH	An event is set when the bit changes either from 1 to 0 or from 0 to 1.
	NEVer	An event is never trigger.
Example	:STATUS:FILTER2 RISE :STATUS:FILTER2? -> :STATUS:FILTER2 RISE	
Note	• Set how each bit in the condition register must change to trigger the setting of an event. • For information about the condition register, see Appendix,"Status system" at page 294.	

:STATus:QENable

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns whether messages other than errors will be stored to the error queue (ON) or not (OFF).	
Syntax	:STATus:QENable {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}	
Query Syntax	:STATus:QENable?	
Parameter	<Boolean>0	OFF
	<Boolean>1	ON
Return parameter	0	Function is off.
	1	Function is on.
Example	:STATUS:QENABLE ON :STATUS:QENABLE? -> :STATUS:QENABLE 1	

:STATus:QMESsage

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns whether message information will be attached to the response to the STATus:ERRor? query (ON/OFF).	
Syntax	:STATus:QMESsage {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}	
Query Syntax	:STATus:QMESsage?	
Parameter	<Boolean>0	OFF
	<Boolean>1	ON
Return parameter	0	Function is off.
	1	Function is on.
Example	:STATUS:QMESSAGE ON	
	:STATUS:QMESSAGE?	
	-> :STATUS:QMESSAGE 1	

STORe Commands

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:STORe

→(Query)

Description	Returns all storage settings.
Syntax	:STORe?
Return parameter	<String>

:STORe:STATe

(Set)→
→(Query)

Description	Sets or returns the storage on/off state.	
Syntax	:STORe:STATe {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}	
Query Syntax	:STORe:STATe?	
Parameter	<Boolean>0	OFF
	<Boolean>1	ON
Return parameter	0	Storage function is off.
	1	Storage function is on.
Example	:STORE:STATE ON :STORE:STATE? ->:STORE:STATE 1	

:STORe:INTerval

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the storage interval.	
Syntax	:STORe:INTerval {<NRf>,<NRf>,<NRf>}	
Query Syntax	:STORe:INTerval?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	1st <NRf>	0 to 99 (hours)
	2nd <NRf>	0 to 59 (minutes)
	3rd <NRf>	0 to 59 (seconds)
Example	:STORE:INTERVAL 0,0,1 :STORE:INTERVAL? ->:STORE:INTERVAL 0,0,1	
⚠ Note	• When time interval is set 00:00:00, the storage interval is identical with the designated data update interval.	

:STORe:PANel

Set →

Description	Saves setup parameters to a file.	
Syntax	:STORe:PANel {<NRf>}	
Parameter	<NRf>	1 to 4 (file number)
Example	:STORe:PANel 1	

:STORe:NUMeric[:NORMal]:ALL

Set →

Description	Collectively sets the on/off status of the output of all element functions when numeric data is stored.	
Syntax	:STORe:NUMeric[:NORMal]:ALL {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}	
Parameter	<Boolean>0	OFF
	<Boolean>1	ON
Return parameter	0	All element Storage function is off.
	1	All element Storage function is on.

Example	:STORE:NUMERIC:NORMAL:ALL ON

:STORe:NUMeric[:NORMal]

Set / Query

Description	Sets or returns the on/off status of the specified function's output when numeric data is stored.	
Syntax	:STORe:NUMeric[:NORMal] {<Function>,<Boolean>}	
Query Syntax	:STORe:NUMeric[:NORMal]? {<Function>}	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<Function>	ALL|ELEM1|ELEM2|ELEM3|ELEM4|SIGMA |URMS|UAC|UDC|UMM|URMN|CFU|IRMS|IAC|IDC|IMN|IRMN|CFI|P|VA|VAR|LAMBda|PF|FU|FI|PHI|MATH|MCR|EFFI|INRUsh|URANge|IRANgeak|UPPeak|UMPeak|IPPeak|IMPeak|PPPeak|PMPeak|WH|WHP|WHM|WHAV|AH|AHP|AHM|AHAVG|TIME|UK|IK|PK|UHDFK|IHDFK|PHDFK|PHIUK|PHIIK|UTHD|ITHD|TOTALV|TOTALI|TOTALP
	<Boolean>0	
	<Boolean>1	
Example	:STORE:NUMERIC:NORMAL URMS,1 :STORE:NUMERIC:NORMAL? URMS ->:STORE:NUMERIC:ITEM URMS,1	

:STORe:NUMeric[:NORMal]:ELEMent<x>

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the on/off status of the output of the specified element when numeric data is stored.	
Syntax	:STORe:NUMeric[:NORMal]:ELEMent<x> {<Boolean>ON|OFF}	
Query Syntax	:STORe:NUMeric[:NORMal]:ELEMent?	
Parameter	<x>	1 to 4
	<Boolean>0	OFF
	<Boolean>1	ON
Return parameter	0	Specified element Storage function is off.
	1	Specified element Storage function is on.
Example	:STORE:NUMERIC:NORMAL:ELEMENT1 OFF :STORE:NUMERIC:NORMAL:ELEMENT1? ->:STORE:NUMERIC:ELEMENT1 0	

:STORe:NUMeric[:NORMal]:SIGMa

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the on/off status of the output of the wiring unit ΣA when numeric data is stored.
Syntax	:STORe:NUMeric[:NORMal]:SIGMa {<Boolean>ON|OFF}
Query Syntax	:STORe:NUMeric[:NORMal]:SIGMa?

arameter	<Boolean>0	OFF
	<Boolean>1	ON
Return parameter	0	Specified wiring unitΣA Storage function is off.
	1	Specified wiring unitΣA Storage function is on.
Example	:STORE:NUMERIC:NORMAL:SIGMA OFF	
	:STORE:NUMERIC:NORMAL:SIGMA?	
	->:STORE:NUMERIC:SIGMA 0	

SYSTem Commands

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:SYSTem

→ Query

Description	Returns all system settings.
Query Syntax	:SYSTem?
Return parameter	<String>

:SYSTem:BRIGhtness

Set →
→ Query

Description	Sets or returns the brightness level.
Syntax	:SYSTem:BRIGhness {<NRf>}
Query Syntax	:SYSTem:BRIGhness?
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NRf> 1~10
Example	:SYSTEM:BRIGHTNESS 7 :SYSTEM:BRIGHTNESS? ->:SYSTEM:BRIGHTNESS 7

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:COMMand

Set → / → Query

Description	Sets or returns the command type.	
Syntax	:SYSTem:COMMunicate:COMMand {DEFAULT|USER}	
Query Syntax	:SYSTem:COMMunicate:COMMand?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	DEFAULT	GPM8340.
	USER	User-define.
Example	:SYSTEM:COMMUNICATE:COMMAND DEFAULT :SYSTEM:COMMUNICATE:COMMAND? ->:SYSTEM:COMMUNICATE:COMMAND DEFAULT	
⚠ Note	• The SCPI mode is used to determine whether the *IDN? query returns the "Default" or "User" identification string.	

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:ETHernet:MACaddress

→ Query

Description	Returns the Ethernet MAC address.
Query Syntax	:SYSTem:COMMunicate:ETHernet:MACaddress?
Example	:SYSTEM:COMMUNICATE:ETHERNET:MACADDRESS? ->:SYSTEM:COMMUNICATE:ETHERNET:MACADDRESS 00:22:24:00:00:00

:SYSTem:FIRMware:DATE

→ Query

Description	Returns the firmware date.	
Query Syntax	:SYSTem:FIRMware:DATE?	
Return parameter	<Date>	yyyymmdd

Example	:SYSTEM:FIRMWARE:DATE? ->:SYSTEM:FIRMWARE:DATE 20260909

:SYSTem:KEY:BEEPer

Set →
→ Query

Description	Sets or returns the key click beeper state.	
Syntax	:SYSTem:KEY:BEEPer {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}	
Query Syntax	:SYSTem:KEY:BEEPer?	
Parameter	<Boolean> 0	OFF
	<Boolean> 1	ON
Return parameter	0	Turn the key click beeper function off.
	1	Turn the key click beeper function on.
Example	:SYSTEM:KEY:BEEPER OFF :SYSTEM:KEY:BEEPER? ->:SYSTEM:KEY:BEEPER 0	

:SYSTem:KLOCk

Set →
→ Query

Description	Sets or returns the on/off state of the key protection.	
Syntax	:SYSTem:KLOCk {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}	
Query Syntax	:SYSTem:KLOCk?	
Parameter	<Boolean> 0	OFF
	<Boolean> 1	ON
Return parameter	0	Turn the key protection function off.
	1	Turn the key protection function on.
Example	:SYSTEM:KLOCK OFF :SYSTEM:KLOCK? ->:SYSTEM:KLOCK 0	

:SYSTem:MODel → Query

Description	Returns the model code.
Syntax	:SYSTem:MODel?
Example	:SYSTEM:MODEL? ->:SYSTEM:MODEL "GPM-8340"

:SYSTem:RESolution → Query

Description	Returns the numeric data display resolution.
Query Syntax	:SYSTem:RESolution?
Example	:SYSTEM:RESOLUTION? ->:SYSTEM:RESOLUTION 5

:SYSTem:SERial → Query

Description	Returns the serial number.
Syntax	:SYSTem:SERial?
Example	:SYSTEM:SERIAL? ->:SYSTEM:SERIAL 123456789A

:SYSTem:VERsion:FIRMware → Query

Description	Returns the firmware version.
Query Syntax	:SYSTem:VERsion:FIRMware?
Example	:SYSTEM:VERSION:FIRMWARE? ->"V1.00"
Note	Returns the Ver. item string of the system Information menu.

APPENDIX

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Specifications

Below are the basic conditions required to operate the GPM-8340 within specification:

- Calibration: Yearly
- Operating Environment: (18 to 28) °C (64.4 to 82.4) ˚F
- Humidity: < 80 % RH,
- Accuracy: ± (% of reading + % of range)
- The specifications apply when it warmed up for at least 30 min and operates in the slow rate.
- The power supply cable must be grounded to ensure accuracy.
- Input voltage and current must be standard sine wave.
- The power factor must be 1.
- The common-mode voltage must be zero.

General Specifications

Specification Conditions:
Temperature: 23 °C ± 5 °C
Humidity: < 80 % RH (non-condensing)
Operating Environment: (0 to 40) °C
Temperature Range: (30 to 40) °C, Relative Humidity: < 70 % RH (non-condensing); > 40 °C, Relative Humidity: < 50 % RH (non-condensing)
Indoor use only
Altitude: < 2000 m
Pollution degree 2
Storage Conditions (–10 to 70) °C
Humidity: < 90 % RH (non-condensing)
General:
Power Source: (100 to 240) VAC 50 / 60 Hz
Power Consumption: Max 140 VA
Bench Dimensions: 220 mm (W) × 132 mm (H) × 444 mm (D)
Weight: Approximately 5.24 kg

Input

Item	Specifications	
Input type	Voltage	Floating input through resistive voltage divider CF = 3
	Current	Floating input through shunt
Measure range	Voltage	15 V, 30 V, 60 V,150 V, 300 V, 600 V, 1000 V
	Current	CF = 4
	Direct input	5 mA, 20 mA, 50 mA, 200 mA, 500 mA, 2 A, 5 A, 20 A
	Sensor input	10 mV, 25 mV, 50 mV, 100 mV, 2.5 V, 5 V, 10 V
Input impedance	Voltage	Input resistance: approach 4 MΩ
	Current	
	Direct input range 5 mA to 200 mA	Input resistance: approach 505 mΩ
	Direct input range 0.5 A to 20 A	Input resistance: approach 5 mΩ
	Sensor input	
	Input resistance	approach 100 kΩ
1Continuous maximum allowable input	Voltage	Peak value of 1.5 kV or RMS value of 1kV, whichever is less. When Range 1000 V and CF-1.5.
	Current	
	Direct input range 5 mA to 200 mA	Peak value of 30 A or RMS value of 20 A, whichever is less
	Direct input range 0.5 A to 20 A	Peak value of 100 A or RMS value of 30 A, whichever is less Guaranteed specification 30 A
	Sensor input	Peak value is less than or equal to 5 times of the rated range
Input bandwidth	DC, 0.1 Hz to 10 kHz	
Continuous maximum Common-mode voltage	600 Vrms, CAT Ⅱ	
Line filter	Select OFF or ON (cut off frequency of 5.5 kHz)	
Frequency filter	Select OFF or ON (cut off frequency of 5.5 kHz)	
A/D converter	Simultaneous conversion voltage and current inputs	
	Resolution	16 bits
	Maximum conversion rate	Approx. 300 kHz

Voltage and Current Accuracy

Item	Specifications	
Requirements	Temperature	(23 ± 5) °C
	Humidity	30 % to 75 % RH
	Input waveform	Sine wave
	common-mode voltage	0 V
	Number of displayed digits	5 digits
	Frequency filter	Turn on to measure voltage or current of 200 Hz or less
	After 30 min after warm-up time has passed	
	After measurement range is changed (zero-level compensation)	
	Update interval is 250 ms	
Accuracy	DC	± (0.1 % of reading + 0.2 % of range)
	0.1 Hz ≤ f < 45 Hz	± (0.1 % of reading + 0.2 % of range)
	45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz	± (0.1 % of reading + 0.05 % of range)
	66 Hz < f ≤ 1 kHz	± (0.1 % of reading + 0.2 % of range)
	1 kHz < f ≤ 10 kHz	± (0.07 × f) % of reading + 0.3 % of range)
Temperature coefficient	Add	± 0.03 % of reading / °C within the range 5 °C to 18 °C or 28 °C to 40 °C.
When the line filter is turned ON	(45 to 66) Hz	Add 0.2 % of reading
	< 45 Hz	Add 0.5 % of reading
Influence of temperature changes after zero-level compensation or range change	Add 0.02 % of range / °C to the DC voltage accuracy.	
	Add the following value to the DC current accuracies.	
	5 mA / 20 mA / 50 mA / 200 mA ranges	5 µA/°C
	0.5 A / 2 A / 5 A / 20 A ranges	500 µA/°C
	EXT 2.5 V / 5 V / 10 V	1 mV/°C
	EXT 10 mV / 25 mV / 50 mV / 100 mV	50 µV/°C

Active Power Accuracy

Item	Specifications	
Requirements	same as the conditions for voltage and current. Power factor	1
Accuracy	DC	(0.1 % of reading + 0.2 % of range)
	0.1 Hz ≤ f < 45 Hz	± (0.3 % of reading + 0.2 % of range)
	45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz	± (0.1 % of reading + 0.05 % of range)
	66 Hz < f ≤ 1 kHz	± (0.2 % of reading + 0.2 % of range)
	1 kHz < f ≤ 10 kHz	± (0.1 % of reading + 0.3 % of range) ± [{0.067 × (f – 1)} % of reading]
Influence of power factor	when power factor (λ) = 0 (S: apparent power) ± 0.1 % of S for 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz ± {(0.1 + 0.15 × f) % of S} •f is frequency of input signal in kHz when 0 < λ < 1 (Φ: phase angle of the Voltage and current) (power reading) × [(power reading error%) + (power range %) × (power range / indicated apparent power value) + {tan Φ × (influence when λ = 0) %}]	
When the line filter is turned ON	(45 to 66) Hz	Add 0.3 % of reading
	< 45 Hz	Add 1 % of reading
Temperature coefficient	same as the temperature coefficient for voltage and current	
Accuracy of apparent power S	Voltage accuracy + current accuracy	
Accuracy of reactive power Q	accuracy of apparent power + ($\sqrt{1.0004 - \lambda 2}$) - ($\sqrt{1 - \lambda 2}$) × 100 %	
Accuracy of power factor λ	± [(λ – λ/1.0002) + | cos ø – cos {ø + $\sin^{-1}$ (influence from the power factor when λ = (0, 100) %)} |] ± 1 digit when voltage and current are at the measurement range rated input	
Accuracy of phase difference Φ	± [| ø – $\cos^{-1}$(λ/1.0002) | + $\sin^{-1}$ (influence from the power factor when λ = (0, 100) %)] ± 1 digit when voltage and current are at the measurement range rated input	

* f is the frequency of input signal in kHz

Voltage, Current and Active Power Measurements

Item	Specifications	
Measurement method	Digital sampling method	
Wiring system	Single-phase, two-wire (1P2W)	
Ranges select	Select manual or auto ranging	
Auto range	Auto-range increase	
	The range is upped when any of the following conditions is met.	
	Vrms or Irms exceeds 130 % of the currently set measurement range.	
	Vpk, Ipk value of the input signal exceeds 300 % of the currently set measurement range.	
	Auto-range decline	
	The range is downed when all of the following conditions are met.	
	Vrms or Irms is less than or equal to 30 % of the measurement range.	
	Vrms or Irms is less than or equal to 125 % of the next lower measurement range.	
	Vpk, Ipk value of the input signal exceeds 300 % of the currently set measurement range.	
Display mode Switching	Vrms (the true RMS value of voltage and current)	
	VOLTAGE MEAN (the rectified mean value calibrated to the RMS value of the voltage)	
	AC	
	DC	
Measurement synchronization source	Select voltage, current, or off	
	In the case of Auto Update Rate, select the voltage or current from the equipped element.	
Line filter	Select OFF or ON (cutoff frequency at 5.5 kHz).	
Peak measurement	Measures the peak (max, min) value of voltage, current or power from the instantaneous voltage, instantaneous current or instantaneous power that is sampled.	
Zero-level compensation	Removes the internal offset of the measure unit (After measurement range is changed)	
Measurement parameters	Voltage	Vrms, Vmn, Vdc, Vac
	Current	Irms, Idc, Iac, Inrush
	Active Power	P
	Apparent Power	V · A
	Reactive power	VAR
	Power Factor	PF

Crest Factor	CFI, CFV
Phase Angle	DEG
Frequency	IHz and VHz
Voltage Peak	V+pk and V-pk
Current Peak	I+pk and I-pk
Active Power Peak	P+pk and P-pk
Total Harmonic Distortion	THDI and THDV
Mathematical Computation	MATH
Maximum Current Ratio	MCR
Efficiency	EFFi

Frequency Measurement

Item	Specifications	
Measurement item	Voltage and current	
Measurement frequency range	Data update interval	Measurement Frequency Range
	0.25 s	10 Hz ≤ f ≤ 10 kHz
	0.5 s	5 Hz ≤ f ≤ 10 kHz
	1 s	2.0 Hz ≤ f ≤ 10 kHz
	2 s	1.0 Hz ≤ f ≤ 10 kHz
	5 s	0.5 Hz ≤ f ≤ 10 kHz
	10 s	0.2 Hz ≤ f ≤ 10 kHz
	20 s	0.1 Hz ≤ f ≤ 10 kHz
	Auto (*)	0.1 Hz ≤ f ≤ 10 kHz
	(*) Limit of the measurement lower limit frequency by the Timeout setting	
	Timeout	lower limit frequency
	1 s	2.0 Hz
	5 s	0.5 Hz
	10 s	0.2 Hz
	20 s	0.1 Hz
Measurement range	Auto switching among six types: 100 mHz, 1 Hz, 10 Hz, 100 Hz, 1 kHz, 10 kHz, and 10 kHz.	
Frequency filter	Select OFF or ON (cut off frequency of 5.5 kHz)	
Accuracy	Requirements	When the input signal level is 30 % or more of the measurement range. • Frequency filter is ON when measuring voltage or current of 200 Hz or less.
	± (0.06 % of reading)	

Integration

Item	Specifications
Mode	Select manual integration mode, standard integration mode, or repetitive integration mode.
Timer	Automatically stop integration by setting a timer. Selectable range: 0 h 00 min 00 s to 9999 h 59 min 59 s
Accuracy	± (Power accuracy (or current accuracy) + 0.1 % of reading) (fixed range)
Range setting	Auto range or fixed range is available for Integration
Timer accuracy	± 0.02 %
Remote control	Start, stop and reset operations are available using an external remote signal. (option)

Harmonic Measurement

Item	Specifications			
Measured item	Voltage, Current, Power			
Measured method	Zero-cross simultaneous calculation method			
Frequency range	10 Hz to 1.2 kHz.			
FFT data length	4096 (Frequency must be 50 Hz / 60 Hz and Update Rate must be greater than or equal to 0.25 S)			
Sample rate, window width, and upper limit of Analysis orders*	Fundamental Frequency	Sample rate	Window Width	upper limit of Analysis orders
	45 Hz to 55 Hz	f × 512	10	50
	54 Hz to 66 Hz	f × 512	12	50
FFT data length	1024			
Sample rate, window width, and upper limit of Analysis orders*	Fundamental Frequency	Sample rate	Window Width	upper limit of Analysis orders
	10 Hz to 67 Hz	f × 1024	1	50
	67 Hz to 150 Hz	f × 512	2	32
	150 Hz to 300 Hz	f × 256	4	16
	300 Hz to 600 Hz	f × 128	8	8
	600 Hz to 1200 Hz	f × 64	16	4
Accuracy	Frequency	Voltage	Current	Power
	10 Hz ≤ f < 45 Hz	0.15 % of reading	0.15 % of reading	0.35 % of reading
		+ 0.35 % of range	+ 0.35 % of range	+ 0.50 % of range
	45 Hz ≤ f < 440 Hz	0.15 % of reading	0.15 % of reading	0.25 % of reading

		+ 0.35 % of range	+ 0.35 % of range	+ 0.50 % of range
	440 Hz ≤ f < 1.2 kHz	0.20 % of reading	0.20 % of reading	0.40 % of reading
		+ 0.35 % of range	+ 0.35 % of range	+ 0.50 % of range

* 50 Hz / 60 Hz Compliant IEC61000-4-7 (Update Rate must be ≥ 0.25 s).
* Harmonic calculation: FFT method in which FFT data length is divided into 2 types: 1024 and 4096.
* FFT data length automatically switches in accord with the Frequency and Update Rate of measured signal.

Remote Control Input/Output Signal

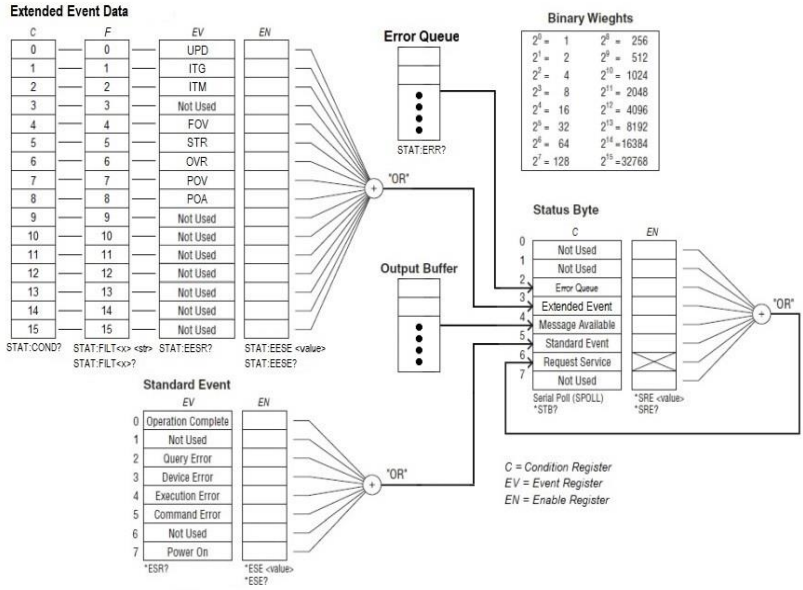
Item	Specifications
Remote control input signal	Is_trig,Limit_trig
I/O level	TTL
I/O logic format	Negative logic, Falling edge
I/O control out signal	M1_Pass,M2_Pass,M3_Pass,M4_Pass, M1_Fail,M2_Fail,M3_Fail,M4_Fail
I/O level	Relay form A
Output rate voltage	30 Vdc
I/O sink current	Max 0.5 A

*Q (VAR), S (VA), λ (PF) and Φ (DEG) are originated from the measured values including voltage, current and active power which go through computation process. In respect to distorted signal input, accordingly, the value acquired from other instruments, which employ different methods, may differ from that acquired from GPM-8430 unit.

* "Zero" will be shown for S or Q and "--" will be displayed for λ and Φ when either current or voltage is less than 0.5 % of the rated range.

Status system

The diagram below is a description of the status system



The extended event register receives information about changes in the condition register, which indicates the instrument's internal condition. The information is the result of edge detection performed by the transition filter.

The following table lists the bit definitions for the condition register:

Bit	Name	Decimal	Definition
0	Updating	1	The measured data is being updated. UPD changing from 1 to 0 indicates that updating has been completed.
1	Integrate Busy	2	During integration.
2	Integrate Time Busy	4	The integration timer is operating.
3	Not Used	8	(Reserved for future use)
4	Frequency Over	16	The frequency is outside the measurement range.
5	Store Busy	32	During storage.
6	Measured Data Over	64	The voltage or current exceeds its range.
7	Voltage Peak Over	128	A peak over-range is detected in the voltage.
8	Current Peak Over	256	A peak over-range is detected in the current.
9	Not Used	512	(Reserved for future use)
10	Not Used	1024	(Reserved for future use)
11	Not Used	2048	(Reserved for future use)
12	Not Used	4096	(Reserved for future use)
13	Not Used	8192	(Reserved for future use)
14	Not Used	16384	(Reserved for future use)
15	Not Used	32768	(Reserved for future use)

The transition filter parameters detect changes in the specified condition register bits (numeric suffixes 1 to 16) and overwrite the extended event register in the following ways.

Condition	Definition
RISE	The specified extended event register bit is set to 1 when the corresponding condition register bit changes from 0 to 1.
FALL	The specified extended event register bit is set to 1 when the corresponding condition register bit changes from 1 to 0.
BOTH	The specified extended event register bit is set to 1 when the corresponding condition register bit changes from 0 to 1 or from 1 to 0.
NEVer	Always zero.

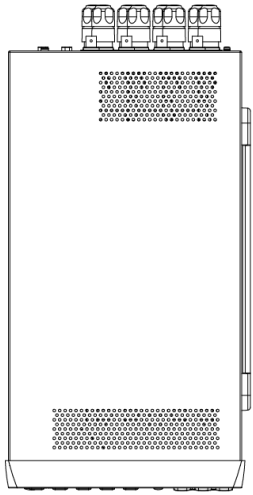
The following table describes the Standard Event Register

Bit	Name	Decimal	Definition
0	Operation Complete	1	All commands prior to and including *OPC have been executed.
1	Not Used	2	(Reserved for future use)
2	Query Error	4	The instrument tried to read the output buffer but it was empty. Or, a new command line was received before a previous query has been read. Or, both the input and output buffers are full.
3	Device Error	8	A device error, including a self-test error or calibration error, occurred (an error in the –300 range or any positive error has been generated).
4	Execution Error	16	An execution error occurred (an error in the –200 range has been generated).
5	Command Error	32	A command syntax error occurred (an error in the –100 range has been generated).
6	Not Used	64	(Reserved for future use)
7	Power On	128	Power has been cycled since the last time the event register was read or cleared.

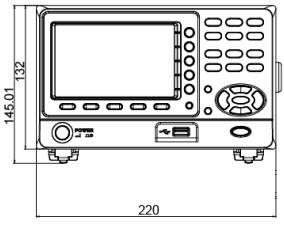
The following table describes the Status Byte Register.

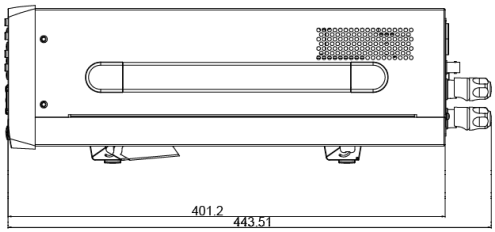
Bit	Name	Decimal	Definition
0	Not Used	1	(Reserved for future use)
1	Not Used	2	(Reserved for future use)
2	Error Queue	4	One or more errors have been stored in the Error Queue. Use STAT:ERR? to read and delete errors.
3	Extended Event	8	One or more bits are set in the Extended Event Register (bits must be enabled, see STAT:EESE).
4	Message Available	16	Data is available in the instrument's output buffer.
5	Standard Event	32	One or more bits are set in the Standard Event Register (bits must be enabled, see *ESE).
6	Request Service	64	One or more bits are set in the Status Byte Register and may generate a Request for Service (RQS). Bits must be enabled using *SRE.
7	Not Used	128	(Reserved for future use)

Dimensions



Unit = mm





Certificate Of Compliance

We

GOOD WILL INSTRUMENT CO., LTD.

declare that the CE marking mentioned product

satisfies all the technical relations application to the product within the scope of council:

Directive: EMC; LVD; WEEE; RoHS

The product is in conformity with the following standards or other normative documents:

◎ **EMC**	
EN 61326-1	Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use -- EMC requirements
Conducted & Radiated Emission EN 55011 / EN 55032	Electrical Fast Transients EN 61000-4-4
Current Harmonics EN 61000-3-2 / EN 61000-3-12	Surge Immunity EN 61000-4-5
Voltage Fluctuations EN 61000-3-3 / EN 61000-3-11	Conducted Susceptibility EN 61000-4-6
Electrostatic Discharge EN 61000-4-2	Power Frequency Magnetic Field EN 61000-4-8
Radiated Immunity EN 61000-4-3	Voltage Dip/ Interruption EN 61000-4-11 / EN 61000-4-34
◎ Safety	
EN 61010-1 :	Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use - Part 1: General requirements

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Power measurement

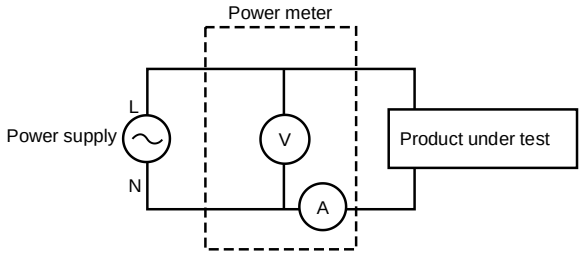
Method

- Direct read method: Directly read the measurement value measured from power measuring instrument.
- The average power method: Record the actual power value within a settable period of time and then take the average. A settable period of time isn't less than 10 min. The maximum measurement interval is 1 s.
- Energy accumulation method: Measure the energy within a settable period of time and then divide it by the time to get the power. A settable period of time isn't less than 10 min. The cumulative energy must be greater than the resolution by 200 times.

Measurement for small current

Voltage measurement mode measured from power supply side (Connect to ammeter internally). The current measurement is accurate. The voltage measurement on load could be larger than the actual one due to partial pressure of multi-measurement ammeter.

Connection

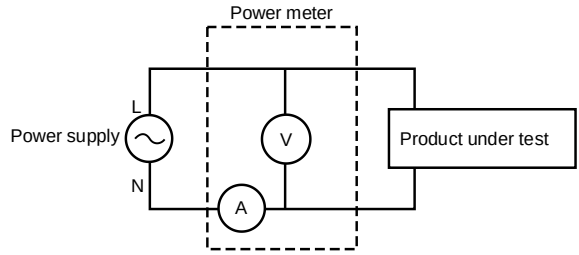


Power loss = (Input current[A])^2 × 505 mΩ

Measurement for large current

Voltage measurement mode measured from load side (Connect to ammeter externally).
The voltage measurement is accurate. The current measurement on load could be larger than the actual one due to leakage current of multi-measurement voltage.

Connection



Power loss = (Input voltage[V])²/4 MΩ

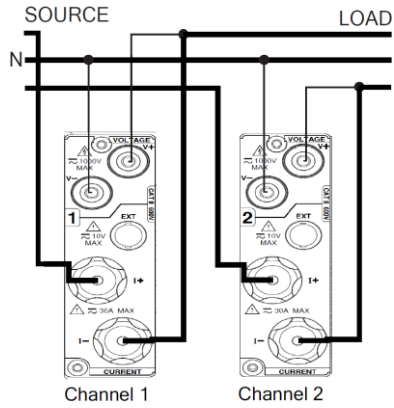
Measurement Function

	Wiring mode		Single-phase, three-wire 1P3W	Three-phase, three-wire 3P3W	Three-voltage, three-current measurement 3V3A	Three-phase, four-wire 3P4W
Σ functions	UΣ [V]		(U1 + U2) / 2		(U1 + U2 + U3) / 3	
	IΣ [A]		(I1 + I2) / 2		(I1 + I2 + I3) / 3	
	PΣ [W]		P1 + P2			P1 + P2 + P3
	SΣ [VA]		S1 + S2	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$(S1 + S2)	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$(S1 + S2 + S3)	S1 + S2 + S3
	QΣ [var]		Q1 + Q2			Q1 + Q2 + Q3
	WPΣ [Wh]	WPΣ	WP1 + WP2			WP1 + WP2 + WP3
		WP+Σ	WP+1 + WP+2			WP+1 + WP+2 + WP+3
		WP−Σ	WP−1 + WP−2			WP−1 + WP−2 + WP−3
	qΣ [Ah]	qΣ	q1 + q2			q1 + q2 + q3
		q+Σ	q+1 + q+2			q+1 + q+2 + q+3
		q−Σ	q−1 + q−2			q−1 + q−2 + q−3
	λΣ		$\frac{P\Sigma}{S\Sigma}$			
	ΦΣ [°]		$\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{P\Sigma}{S\Sigma}\right)$			

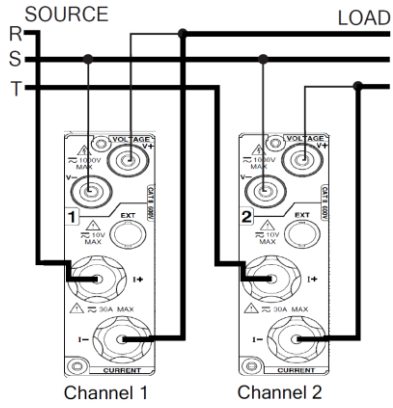
Wiring diagram

There are four wiring modes available for GPM-8340. Please refer to the wiring diagrams below for selecting a suitable wiring mode and wiring correctly.

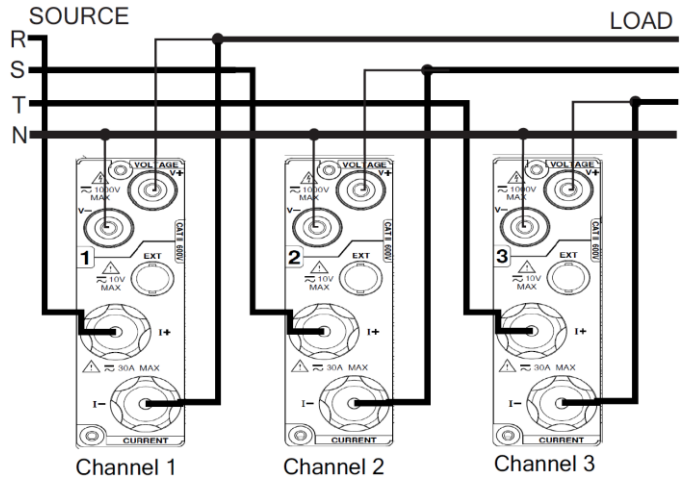
Wiring IP3W



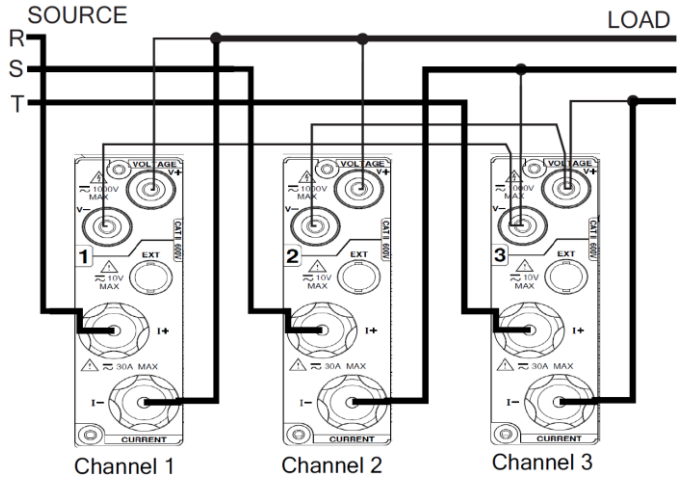
Wiring 3P3W



Wiring 3P4W



Wiring 3V3A


SOURCE
LOAD
R
S
T
1
2
3
EXT
I+
I−
CURRENT
Channel 1
Channel 2
Channel 3